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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
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TO-DAY:
TEN PAGES,
WITH FINANCIAL REVIEW AND QUOTATION SUPPLEMENT.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

FOREIGN.—Gen. Roberts has been assigned to the chief comamnd in South Africa, with Gen. Kitchener as his chief of staff. Gen. Roberts's son, who was wounded in the battle of Tugela River, is dead. A meeting of Boer sympathizers in Dublin, called to protest against the proposal to confer a degree on Mr. Chamberlain by Trinity College, was broken up by the police, who were called out in force. Troops were also held in readiness to repress disorder. Two offers to raise regiments in the United States for service in South Africa, have been received by the Canadian Minister of Militia. The northern part of Cape Colony is in a state of virtual rebellion on account of Buller's reverse; the natives also are losing faith in the British. Señor Silvela denies the report that there is to be an alliance between Spain and Russia. A cyclone yesterday devastated the island of Mozambique. Berlin is to have underground railways. The German residents of Puerto Cabello have sent a protest to the Government, complaining of the inactivity of Capt. Ehrlich at the time of the bombardment.—Pages 1 and 6.

Page 1.

Lieut. Thomas M. Brumby, Dewey's former Flag Lieutenant, died of typhoid fever at Washington.

Henry Andre, making his first appearance as a prestidigitateur at Proctor's Pleasure Palace, shot off a finger.

Senator Platt had a talk yesterday with Speaker Nixon and Chairman Odell regarding the make-up of the Assembly committees.

Quay's friends in Washington are uneasy on account of a rumor current there that Gov. Stone will call a meeting of the Pennsylvania Legislature to elect a Senator.

Page 2.

The congregation of the Church of the Messiah applauded yesterday the sermon of Dr. Minot J. Savage in defense of Great Britain.

The war in South Africa was indirectly the cause of a war of words yesterday in Plymouth Church, between Deacon S. V. White and Thomas O. Hague.

The Merchants' Association's General Committee, appointed at President McKinley's suggestion to consider revision of customs laws, will meet on Wednesday to act upon the report of its Executive Committee.

Page 3.

An official statement was made public showing the financial condition of the Russian Empire.

Three lawsuits have grown out of the will of Frederick C. Schaefer, the brewer, who died in 1897.

Jacob A. Riis, in a lecture on "The Battle with the Slums," urged young men to be reformers, and praised the work of Gov. Roosevelt.

Page 7.

As a result of the cut in the allowance made by the city to the New York Free Circulating Library the library and all its branches will be closed on Sunday, and other retrenchments will be made.

Page 10.

Miss Florence Crosby has sued Benjamin P. Cheney, husband of the actress, Julia Arthur, for damages in $50,000 for exclusion from the Broadway Theatre on Nov. 18.

The Rev. Dr. George T. Purves of Princeton University has accepted the call to become pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. The formal election by the congregation will occur Dec. 20.

The Rev. Dr. William Justin Harsha resigned the pastorate of the Second Collegiate Reformed Church, owing to reports about his financial troubles, ill-health, and opposition in his congregation.

Adjt. Gen. Avery D. Andrews has sent in his resignation, and Gov. Roosevelt has accepted it, to take effect Dec. 31. Gen. Andrews says that his retirement is solely for business reasons.

Arrivals at Hotels and Out of Town Buyers.—Page 2.
Losses by Fire.—Page 2.
Marine Intelligence and Foreign Mails.—Page 4.
Railroads.—Page 2.
Real Estate.—Pages 2.
Court Calendars—Pages 8 and 9.
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RETURNS TO HIS FIRST LOVE.

Minister Who Tried Suicide When Engaged to Two Women Will Marry His First Choice.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 17.—After becoming engaged to one girl, falling in love with another, renouncing his first attachment, and attempting to commit suicide as the easiest way to solve the snarl in which cupid had involved his affections, the Rev. George Allen of Milton has essayed another venture in the direction of matrimony.

A special meeting of the Session of the Presbyterian Church at Milton, of which he is pastor, was called on Friday evening, when his engagement was announced to Miss Minnie Gedney, niece of Dr. Gedney, a leading Ulster County physician, residing at Milton.

It was to Miss Gedney that it was reported Mr. Allen was engaged before he made an attempt to kill himself at the home of his cousin, Mrs. Henry Hustis, in Cold Spring in November of last year. He stood before a mirror and fired six bullets from a .22 calibre revolver into his head. Four of the bullets were extracted, and owing to a good constitution he recovered. The only explanation made at that time for the act was that Mr. Allen was temporarily out of his mind because of an attachment which he had come to regard as unsuitable.

For about a year previous to the incident referred to his health had not been good, and the Summer previous he had spent with his father in Paisley, Scotland. On the steamship, returning from Scotland, he met Miss Nokes, a pretty trained nurse, connected with a New York hospital. The two became engaged before leaving the steamship at New York. When Mr. Allen thought the subject over calmly he felt that he had made a mistake, but how to rectify it and do justice to Miss Nokes and meet the demands of his own conscience he could not decide. For three weeks prior to the attempt he made on his life he was out of his mind, and was cared for by friends at Milton.

When Miss Nokes learned the real state of Mr. Allen's mind she released him from his engagement.

During all his troubles the members of Mr. Allen's congregation remained faithful to him. The announcement of his engagement to Miss Gedney brought to him the hearty congratulations of every member of his church, with best wishes for the happiness of his bride-elect and himself.

DOCTORS TORTURE A PRIEST.

Use an Electric Battery in Satisfying a Personal Grudge.

Special to The New York Times.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 17.—Sensational developments are promised in the case of the robbery of the Rev. Father Stanton, the Catholic priest at Clinton, a week ago. The two robbers remained in the house two hours, and by threatening to shoot him kept Father Stanton from giving an alarm. For two hours they tortured the priest with an electric battery they brought with them. The battery was applied to his feet and neck.

It is said that the two men went to the house a second time, but were frightened away. Since then three miners have remained with Father Stanton each night.

During the past few days the town has become greatly excited over the suspicion that the two men are prominent physicians. It is said that they were intoxicated, and did not really intend to commit the robbery, but were gratifying their personal animosity.

Members of the congregation have employed detectives to locate the guilty persons.

LIEUT. T. M. BRUMBY DEAD

Well-Known Naval Officer Succumbs to Fever.

WAS DEWEY'S RIGHT-HAND MAN

Rendered Valuable Services at Manila —The Interment Will Be Made in Georgia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Lieut. Thomas M. Brumby, Flag Lieutenant to Admiral Dewey during the Manila campaign, who has been ill with typhoid fever for several weeks, died at Garfield Hospital shortly after 6 o'clock this evening.

His death, while not unexpected, was a great shock to Admiral Dewey. The relations of the two men for several years past had been very intimate, and a strong friendship had grown up between them. Lieut. Brumby went out to the Asiatic station with the Admiral, and had been there with him until they both returned to the United States several months ago. In his capacity as Flag Lieutenant to the Admiral, Lieut. Brumby was thrown with his chief practically all the time, and acted as his personal representative in many matters of detail delegated to him by the commanding officer.

He was regarded by Admiral Dewey as a bright, energetic, and capable assistant, while his devotion to the Admiral was marvelous. The burden of his thought during the latter days of his illness, when his mind was racked with delirium, seemed to be regarding his work for the Admiral.

The Lieutenant's last illness, dated from about Nov. 27, the first symptom being nothing more than a cold, which, however, failed to yield to treatment and soon afterward he went to the Garfield Hospital, where he died. Admiral Dewey was unremitting in his attentions to him until his condition became precarious and visitors were not allowed to see him.

Some days ago Mrs. W. I. Heyward of Marietta, Ga., a sister, was summoned, and Thursday she was joined by her husband, both remaining with the Lieutenant until he died. His aged mother is still living in Marietta, Ga. Lieut. Brumby was unmarried.

Nothing definite has been decided concerning the funeral, except that the body will be taken to Georgia for interment, leaving here to-morrow night for Atlanta. It is entirely improbable that Admiral Dewey will accompany the remains, but will designate his secretary, Lieut. H. H. Caldwell, to perform that duty.

In his report of the battle of Manila Admiral Dewey recommended that Brumby be advanced some numbers on the list of Lieutenants. His recommendation was adopted by the Navy Department, and the name was sent to the Senate, but together with a number of other promotions made by the department was not acted upon.

The promotion recommended placed him about thirteenth on the list of Lieutenants, and had it been confirmed he would in less than a year from now have reached the grade of Lieutenant Commander. The Lieutenant's death is the third of those who were closely associated with Dewey at the battle of Manila, who have died since that time, namely, Capt. Gridley, Commander Wood, and Lieut. Brumby.

Lieut. Brumby was presented with a sword by the Legislature of Georgia on the 26th of October. He remained in Georgia some days after that, and returned to Washington about the middle of November.

Lieut. Brumby's father was Col. Arnoldus V. Brumby, who graduated in 1835 from the West Point Military Academy. He served in the Florida war of 1836 against the Seminole Indians. In 1851 he established the Georgia Military Institute at Marietta, and when the civil war began was placed in command of the Fourteenth Georgia Infantry, but ill-health forced him to resign after a few months' service. It was in his father's institute, afterward burned to the ground by Gen. Sherman in his march to the sea, that Lieut. Brumby was born in 1855. The family moved to Athens in 1863 and to Atlanta about 1868.

Young Brumby entered the Annapolis Naval Academy on Sept. 29, 1873, and was graduated June 18, 1879. He was assigned to the Tennessee, on which he served for two years. He was promoted Ensign on Nov. 26, 1880, and the next year was assigned to the receiving ship Franklin. As Ensign he served also on the Jamestown, 1882, the Gedney 1882-5, and the Vandalia, 1885-7. He was promoted Junior Lieutenant April 21, 1887, and was made Lieutenant Aug. 24, 1892. Meanwhile he had served on the Vandalia, the receiving ship Vermont, and the schoolship St. Mary's. In 1896 he was again assigned to the Vermont, and then 1897 was sent to the Naval Observatory and War College.

When Admiral Dewey, then Commodore Dewey, was assigned to the command of the Asiatic Squadron, he chose Thomas M. Brumby, who was at that time stationed in Washington, to be his flag officer. In 1898 Brumby was placed on duty on the Olympia. At Hongkong and in the Philippines he became known as "Dewey's right hand man." President McKinley, in one of his speeches, said that while a Northerner first raised the flag over Santiago it was a Southerner, Brumby, who set the Stars and Stripes floating over Manila.

A grandson and two nephews of the late Col. Brumby are line officers of the navy, and other members of the family served as officers in the volunteer army during the war with Spain.

MARIETTA, Ga., Dec. 17.—Mrs. Ann Eliza Brumby, the aged mother of Lieut. Brumby, received the news of her son's death very calmly. The long illness of the Lieutenant had prepared Mrs. Brumby for the shock, and she displayed little emotion. She admitted that she had given up hope of his recovery several days ago.

The Brumby burying ground is in Atlanta, and while Mrs. Brumby would like to have the remains of her son brought home she said to-night she would offer no objection should the Washington officials desire to inter the body there.

ACTORS USE BALL CARTRIDGES.

Members of the "Three Musketeers" Company Are Wounded by Their Comrades on the Stage.

Special to The New York Times.

PHOENIX, Arizona, Dec. 17.—A performance by the "Three Musketeers" Company at the Patton Grand here late last night came to an abrupt ending. The Opera House was packed when some unexpected shooting in the fourth act caused a stampede.

In accordance with the lines of the play, one member of the company in the rear of the stage, and concealed from the audience, commenced shooting his pistol with frequency. Seven or eight actors on the stage replied, and they were all shooting with marvelous rapidity. Paul Gilmore and David Halbert, members of the company, fell to the floor during the shooting, but that was a part of their acting, and not until Gilmore exclaimed, "For God's sake, stop shooting; these are ball cartridges!" did the firing cease.

Gilmore and Halbert were both seriously wounded, but they will not die. In the meantime the audience yelled "Murder!" and called to the police for protection. Women were screaming when, to cap the climax, the lights went out, and the crowd jammed itself at the doors in a mass packed too tightly to get outside.

The company's supply of blank cartridges had given out, and shortly before the performance a small boy went to a store to purchase a supply. The clerk sold him ball cartridges, thinking they were blank. The cartridges were a peculiar kind and have not been in use for some years. The lead balls were hidden behind a thick wad, and it would require more than a hurried examination to reveal the true nature of the cartridges. During the shooting at least thirty of these leaden missles whizzed before the footlights and in various corners of the Opera House.

The Holidays bring joy and cheer; so does "OLD SARATOGA," the celebrated whiskey made by Rosskam, Gerstley & Co., sold by Acker, Merrall & Condit.—Adv.

AGUINALDO CONTINUES FLIGHT.

Is Making for Cabugaon, Cagayan Province — Gen. Young's Forces Divided—McCalla Takes Two Towns.

MANILA, Dec. 17.—The following dispatch, dated Dec. 15, has been received from a correspondent at Laoag, Province of North Ilocos:

"Natives at Manitong, Province of North Ilocos, report that Aguinaldo, in disguise, and accompanied by several of his Generals, left that place last Saturday with 500 men, going in the direction of Solsona, from which point he intended to proceed to Cabugaon, Province of Cagayan.

"An insurgent Major, claiming to be in command of 100 Filipinos who have been guarding twenty-three American prisoners at Cabugaon, surrendered. He wrote his Captain to deliver the prisoners to Gen. Young.

"Gen. Young's command is now divided into six or seven parties, which are operating in the mountains about Laoag. Several parties are hunting for Gen. Tino.

"Major Swigert, with a detachment of the Third Cavalry, had an engagement with 120 insurgents near Dingras. Two Americans were killed and two wounded. Several Filipinos were killed.

"Capt. McCalla of the navy has occupied Claveria and Pantelona. The Filipinos surrendered 1,000 rifles."

CONVENTION FIGHT ECHOES.

Chicagoans Declare that Dr. Jamison's Absentmindedness Gave the Decision to Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Chicagoans here are still busy explaining why they did not get the Republican Convention. The Chicago delegation came here expecting that the convention would be thrown at their heads, and they have not yet recovered from the shock they received when it went to Philadelphia. The French cry, "We are betrayed," has been raised, and Chicago is looking for a victim.

Dr. T. N. Jamison, the Illinois member of the National Committee, is the likeliest candidate, and the indications are that he will have to spend a great deal of time explaining to his fellow-citizens why Chicago did not get the convention. There is also some growling at Senator Hanna, and it is asserted that Philadelphia would not have secured the necessary votes if word had not been passed around that Hanna favored Philadelphia. The explanation that Philadelphia won because a majority of the committee preferred it as a site for the convention of 1900 is not accepted by Chicagoans, and they refuse to entertain it for a moment.

The charge against Jamison is that he forgot to vote. On the first ballot Chicago was in the lead. On the second Chairman Hanna announced that somebody had failed to vote. R. C. Kerens had attempted to change his vote to Philadelphia, but the Chairman had ruled that this could not be done. After Chairman Hanna discovered that there was a missing ballot, he passed around his hat, asking the committeemen to deposit their ballots as their names were called. This gave Kerens a chance to vote for Philadelphia, and Philadelphia won by a single vote.

This is the story the Chicago men tell when they are explaining how it happened, and they assert that had the forgotten vote been cast, Kerens not being allowed to vote for Philadelphia, Chicago would have had a majority. And they allege that the forgetful committeeman was their own representative, Dr. Jamison.

Dr. Jamison says he did vote, and that it was another committeeman who forgot. It is alleged, however, that he admitted to several committeemen that his was the forgotten vote. His friends say that if Jamison did not vote for Chicago, it was because he was absentminded, and that he did not mean to let Philadelphia have the convention. It is doubtful, however, if his absentmindedness will be received as an excuse in Chicago, in the state of mind in which Chicago people now are.

THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Cincinnati Will Make an Effort to Have It Held There.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 17.—There will be a strong effort made to have the next Democratic National Convention held in Cincinnati. The building erected for the International Saengerfest last June is retained in expectation of having this convention here. It was decided to make an effort for the Republican National Convention, but it was said that the Republican Committeemen would not consider any Ohio city when it was conceded that an Ohio man would be renominated.

The Saengerfest hall seats 14,800 and cost over $90,000. With a suitable building already constructed, it is claimed that Cincinnati will offer every inducement that can be offered by any city. It is understood that John R. McLean, the Ohio member of the Democratic National Committee, will do everything in his power for his native city, and other members of the committee are known to be favorable to this city.

THE TEXAS AT HAVANA.

The Disinterment of the Maine Dead Begins To-day.

HAVANA, Dec. 17.—The United States battleship Texas, Capt. Sigsbee commanding, has arrived here, and Capt. Greene, Commandant of the naval station, has conferred with Capt. Sigsbee with regard to the removal from Colon Cemetery of the bodies of the victims of the Maine disaster. The present intention is to remove the remains with as little ceremony as possible.

The work of disinterment will begin tomorrow morning. Each coffin will be inclosed in a metal casket and be surrounded by a disinfecting compound. The caskets will be removed during the night to the naval wharf, where they will be under guard until all is ready for removal to the battleship, which, it is expected, will take place Wednesday night or Thursday at daybreak. The Texas will then leave at once. Father Chidwick will identify the coffins as they are taken from the ground, having a chart showing the exact location of each.

ARMOUR & CO. AIDS SQUIRE & CO.

Chicago House Comes to the Rescue of the Boston Firm.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—The financial situation in so far as it relates to the great packing house of John P. Squire & Co., which has failed for $3,000,000, has been greatly helped to-day by the action of Armour & Co. of Chicago, who, it is stated, have come to the assistance of the stranded company.

Just what has been done is not known, but it is understood that enough money has been guaranteed to make the company go along without much further trouble. Whether Armour intends absorbing the plant cannot be ascertained, the firm refusing to discuss the matter.

CHRISTMAS AND THE JEWS.

Dr. Hirsch Says His People Should Not Make It a Day of Rejoicing.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—In Sinai Temple today the Rev. Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, the most prominent Jewish clergyman in Chicago, denounced the celebration of Christmas by the Jews as a day of rejoicing.

He said every true Jew, remembering history and knowing that the day is one of persecution to his people in Europe, should observe the day not in gladness, but in sorrow. This Christmas in particular, Dr. Hirsch said, was one that should not be observed with cries of "Peace on Earth, Good Will Toward Men" when nations were at war.

He declared Christmas was a day dreaded by the Jews of many European countries, as they feared for their lives.

Through Sleeper to Cleveland via Pennsylvania Railroad
Leaves New York (West 23d Street Station) 7:55 P. M. daily. Connects for Akron.—Adv.

BIG FIRE ON FIRST AVENUE.

Tenement Dwellers Routed Early This Morning by Fierce Blaze in Factory Building.

Fire started in some sudden manner at 12:40 o'clock this morning in the big factory building 655 and 657 First Avenue, between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Streets. The flames spread with such rapidity that the firemen, fearing the destruction of many of the tenements which crowd upon the factory on all sides, hurriedly sent out additional alarms. Within fifteen minutes of the time when the flames were first seen four alarms had been sent in.

The building was occupied by a wire works, a cigar factory, a machine shop, and other business firms. It was apparent that there was no hope of saving this building, and every effort was devoted to the tenements.

Very soon after the arrival of the first engine the avenue was blocked with half-clothed men and women, who tumbled from the tenements with wild cries.

The flames shot from the cellar of the building, through an elevator shaft, and burst through the roof to light up the neighborhood for blocks around. Sheets of flame burst from windows, and showers of sparks fell upon the gathering crowds and the frightened tenement dwellers.

The basement was occupied by a livery stable owned by Michael Kiley of 154 East Forty-second Street. There were fifty horses in the place. All were destroyed, despite the efforts on the part of police, firemen, and citizens to save them.

The ground floor was occupied by a bottling establishment owned by an Italian, whose name could not be learned. The second floor was occupied by A. McGurk, manufacturer of mattresses. The third floor was occupied by Challan, Heienex & Co., manufacturers of wire and wire supplies. The fifth and sixth floors were occupied by Emil Ney, cigar manufacturer.

It seemed several times as if the five-story brick cigar factory owned by Maurice Jacoby, with an entrance in Thirty-eighth Street and extending to the rear of the burning building, would catch fire. This was prevented by the hard work of the firemen.

Chief Croker was in command of the firemen, while Capt. Delaney had charge of the reserves which were sent out from the East Thirty-fifth Street Police Station.

Roundsman Quinn and a squad of men were sent into the tenement house, at 653 First Avenue, to rouse the tenants. They got everybody out apparently without much trouble. On the third floor they found Mrs. Landsberg's three children, two, three, and five years old, unconscious from smoke. The little ones were carried down stairs and were revived after a little work.

Chaplain Smith of the Fire Department was on the ground during the fire.

It was impossible to get an estimate of the loss. A watchman familiar with the contents of the several floors, thought it would take $60,000 to replace the property destroyed. The fire was well under control at 2:30 o'clock this morning.

QUAY'S FRIENDS UNEASY.

Rumored in Washington that Gov. Stone Will Call a Meeting of the Legislature to Elect a Senator.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—There is some disquietude among the friends of Matthew Stanley Quay to-night in consequence of the persistency of the report that Gov. Stone, who appointed him to be Senator, is to convene the Legislature of Pennsylvania in extra session to endeavor to elect a Senator. Members of the Senate Committee on Elections, having the Quay case in charge, are at a loss to know where this report could have originated. Quay's opponents, who are also trying to trace it, suspect that it indicates a settled conviction on the Quay side, after repeated polls of the Senate, that he cannot be seated and that it would be better to make a second effort to pull him through the Legislature.

It is not generally believed by either the Quay men or their opponents that Gov. Stone will do any such weak and hasty thing. It would, say all the Pennsylvanians who have talked about the report, at once show that he doubted his right to appoint after the Legislature had refused to elect. It would also plunge the Legislature into another contest, which would be hopeless for Quay, but would afford Gov. Stone the chance which some of his friends say he covets, of being voted for and elected Senator himself. This, it is asserted by Pennsylvania politicians, would be the end of Stone, for it is not believed that he could poll as large a vote as Quay.

A Senator not on the Elections Committee, but who has been polled as intending to vote for Quay, said to-night that he did not think it likely that Quay could win his fight unless opinion changed very decidedly in the Senate. It was true, he said, that Quay is personally liked in the Senate, but members were doubtful of the wisdom of disregarding the precedent set in the Corbett case, although for his part he considered the precedent wrong. Having adopted it, and forbidden Governors to appoint after Legislatures had refused to elect, it would look very much like encouragement to other Governors to send Senators here from the offices of Governors instead of through the joint assemblies of the States.

The case will go over until after the holiday recess, beginning Dec. 20.

WANTED A MILITARY FUNERAL.

Ohio Man Accused of Double Murder Desired by Will to be Buried in the Atlantic Ocean.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEFONTAINE, Ohio, Dec. 17.—On May 22, when Ernest Austin, now on trial on the charge of murdering his mother and brother, was lying at the home of a neighbor suffering from self-inflicted wounds, he thought he was going to die, and, summoning Attorney Willis, he made and signed a will, which was duly witnessed by two neighbors.

These men were made executors for the second clause of the will, which provided that in case of his death, he should have a military funeral, be buried in the Atlantic Ocean, and have a salute fired over the place where the body was sunk.

In the first part of the will he made arrangements for the payment of all of the expenses and other bills he might have outstanding. In the third and last section he bequeathed the balance of his estate, which consisted of a fine farm and all the stock on it, which he came into possession of by the death of his murdered mother and brother, to the lodge of United American Mechanics, at Mingo, of which he was a member. This will has just been made public through the progress of the trial. It is believed that the Austin case will be given to the jury this week.

MARCONI SYSTEM IMPROVED.

Discovery of a Receiver 2,000 Times More Sensitive than His.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Dec. 17.—Researches by Prof. Reginald A. Fessenden and his assistant, Prof. Kintner, in the electrical laboratory of the Western University of Pennsylvania have resulted in the production of a receiver for wireless telegraphy that is 2,000 times more sensitive than the "coherer" of the Marconi system.

In speaking of the discovery to-day Prof. Fessenden said: "Although we have improved the receiver so that it is 2,000 times as sensitive as the original one we realize that we have not yet begun to see the limit. Marconi in his brilliant experiments has demonstrated that messages can be sent over ninety miles. As our receiver is much more sensitive it is clear that the messages can be sent by our method very much further, though just what the limit is I would not like to say. It should be possible to send messages at least across the Atlantic with poles less than 200 feet high. The ultimate distance must be determined by actual experiment."

Twenty-one Inches
is the length of the line printed by the No. 9 Yost typewriter. Unequaled for statistical work. United Typewriter & Supplies Co., 316 Broadway. —Adv.

FIXING ASSEMBLY SLATE

Senator Platt Confers with Speaker Nixon and Mr. Odell.

THE COMMITTEES AGREED ON

Allds to be Majority Leader—Cities Chairmanship for Kelsey—Mr. Payn's Chances.

Senator T. C. Platt, leader of the Republican State organization, had a long talk yesterday morning with S Frederick Nixon of Chautauqua, who will again be Speaker of the Assembly, and B. B. Odell, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, who represents Mr. Platt while the latter is in Washington. The make-up of the Assembly committees formed the subject of discussion. Several times during the past few weeks Mr. Platt has talked with his lieutenants about this matter, which has given him much trouble to settle with satisfaction to all persons concerned.

It was learned after yesterday's conference that while the committees were practically agreed on, some changes may be found necessary before the official announcement is made on the floor of the Assembly Chamber. Assemblyman Jotham P. Allds of Chenango County will again be Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, which carries with it the leadership of the majority on the floor. There has been no opposition to the selection of Allds for a second term in this place, and Speaker Nixon is anxious to have him as his chief lieutenant in the contests which are anticipated during the session.

The Chairmanship of the Cities Committee, which has bothered the leaders more than anything else, according to the present programme will go to Assemblyman Otto Kelsey of Livingston County. George W. Aldridge, ex-State Superintendent of Public Works, is in the city for the purpose of looking after the interests of Assemblyman Weston E. Lewis of Monroe County. Mr. Aldridge would like to see Mr. Lewis at the head of the Cities Committee, but it is understood that he may be assigned to the Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment in case it is finally determined not to give this post to Assemblyman Abram C. De Graw of Brooklyn, who was Chairman of the committee at the last session. Mr. De Graw himself announced a week or two ago that he would not get his old committee again, but since then pressure has been brought to bear to have him returned.

Assemblymen James G. Graham of Orange County and Willian A. Tripp of Dutchess County are both mentioned in connection with the Chairmanship of the Insurance Committee. If Mr. Graham does not get the place it is expected that the Chairmanship of the Judiciary Committee will go to Assemblyman Louis Bedell of Orange County, which is the home of Mr. Odell, who is anxious to have his own Assemblymen get desirable appointments. Assemblyman Thomas M. Costello of Oswego County will probably be found at the head of the Committee on Labor and Industries, while Assemblyman Robert J. Fish of Madison County is slated for head of the Railroads Committee.

Two other Chairmanships which are regarded as settled are those of Public Health and Privileges and Elections. Assemblyman Nelson H. Henry and Assemblyman Edward H. Fallows, both of this county, are said to be the selections for these places. Mr. Fallows could have had the Cities Chairmanship had he wished it, but he declined to accept it after consulting with some of his friends.

It was announced at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night that Gov. Roosevelt would be in the city at the end of the week for a final talk with Senator Platt on the legislative programme and the matter of appointments which will be at the disposal of the Governor during the coming year. The principal one of these will be the superintendency of the Insurance Department, now held by Louis F. Payn. Mr. Payn saw Senator Platt yesterday before leaving the city. He wants to retain his place, and has said that he would like the Governor if he attempted to name another man, relying on his friends in the Senate to vote against the confirmation of anybody else. This promises to be the feature of the session.

Mr. Payn's friends have been saying that he made a great mistake in making a public declaration of antagonism to the Governor in his recent interviews printed in the local newspapers. Mr. Payn has been told this by those who for years have been his political allies. His friends in the organization, in discussing the matter, say that he has placed the Governor in a position, by his open defiance, where he will be forced to name some one else for his place. The Governor's friends here assert that he will name a man for Mr. Payn's place, regardless of the effect it might have on the next campaign.

Senator Platt returned to Washington on an afternoon train.

SECOND STAGE CAREER ENDED.

After Losing an Eye as an Actor, Andre Turned Prestidigitateur and Shot Off a Finger.

Henry Andre, thirty-five years old, of 107 East Twenty-third Street, professionally known as "Zanzic," a prestidigitateur, shot himself in the hand last night while performing at Proctor's Pleasure Palace. It was his first appearance on the vaudeville stage.

In one of his tricks he used several rings borrowed from persons in the audience. The rings were apparently rammed into the barrel of an antiquated pistol. This was to be discharged at a beer bottle on a table, and from this bottle a white guinea pig was to be drawn forth with the rings on a blue ribbon about its neck.

The pistol used in the act had to be a very large one, and it was only yesterday morning that "Zanzic," after several weeks' search, found what he wanted in a second-hand shop on Third Avenue. So long had the weapon been in stock that it never occurred to him that it might be loaded. He only intended to use a percussion cap to produce a report when the pistol was fired.

When Zanzic pulled the trigger last night there was a flash and a report which would have been creditable to a small cannon. Then the act ended abruptly. The performer bowed and smiled and quickly retired to the wings. The next moment the curtain went down. Two-thirds of the audience applauded, but the remaining third, failing to see the point, insisted on some sort of an explanation. Finally another performer stepped before the curtain and said that an accident had happened, and that the "professor" was seriously hurt, having shot off one finger. After a brief intermission a troup of acrobats appeared on the stage, and the performance went on.

In the meantime there was much excitement back of the curtain. Roundsman Sennett of the East Fifty-first Street Police Station heard the commotion from where he was standing, in the Fifty-eighth Street door of the theatre, and, finding out what had happened, sent to Flower Hospital for an ambulance. The surgeon, on his arrival, found that "Zanzic" had shot his left index finger off at the second joint. He was taken to the hospital, where an amputation was performed. If the man escapes lockjaw and blood poisoning he probably will recover in three or four weeks. He can hardly return to the stage as a legerdemain artist, as his hand is likely to be crippled.

Two years ago the same man was endeavoring to make his living as an actor. He was the villain in a one-act melodrama wherein the heroine, in self-defense, was supposed to fire at him with a revolver. He got too close to her one night and the powder burned his left eye out, necessitating his retirement from the dramatic field.

Genuine Holiday Pleasure
Trip to Chicago on the "Pennsylvania Limited" over the Pennsylvania Railroad. More comfortable than home.—Adv.

FRANCE AND CHINA MAY FIGHT.

Dispute Over Boundary of French Concession Has Led to a Skirmish —Trouble Is Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Washington, Dec. 17.—Hongkong mail advices state another Franco-Chinese war is imminent over the delimitation of French "leased" territory at Kuang Chcu Bay, on the Tonkin border. This dispute is of several months' standing, the French having demanded thrice the amount of territory which China is willing to concede under France's original demand for an open port there under French domination.

Marshal Su, China's most famous General and the victor in the battle of Liang Shan in the last Franco-Chinese war, was sent to Kuang Chou Bay with 30,000 well-drilled troops. He bore special orders from the Empress Dowager to uphold the Chinese cause in the settlement of the dispute with a firm hand, and to fight if necessary without any further orders from Peking. Marshal Su arrived last month at Kuang Chou Wan, on Kuang Chou Bay, and a skirmish between the Chinese and French troops followed upon his refusal to longer temporize over the boundary negotiations. A half-dozen Frenchmen and sixty Chinese were wounded, according to French reports.

Marshal Su has a reserve force of 6,000 regulars at Tse Khan, and is preparing for a big fight. The French have a much smaller force, and to strengthen them have assembled the warships Descartes, Pascal, Bengali, Surprise, Lion, and Dentrecasteaux.

NO SPANISH-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.

Senor Silvela Says Spain Will Not Give Up African Possessions.

MADRID, Dec. 17.—Señor Silvela, the Premier, replying to a question on the subject in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, said the report of an alliance between Spain and Russia, based upon the cession of Ceuta, the Spanish seaport town in Morocco, opposite Gibraltar, was without foundation.

"Neither now nor in the future," he declared, "will Spain on any account cede her African possessions."

The Spanish Government has formally recognized Gen. Cipriano Castro as President of the Republic of Venezuela.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER'S GIFT.

The Tuskegee Industrial Institute Is to Receive $10,000.

Booker T. Washington has received a letter from John D. Rockefeller, who offers $10,000 to the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute, at Tuskegee, Ala. Half of this amount is to be used in meeting last year's deficit caused by the erection of necessary buildings and other improvements.

The remaining $5,000 is to be used toward the present year's current expenses.

CLAIM THEY WERE MISLED.

Norwalk People Subscribed for Books Without Knowing It.

Special to The New York Times.

NORWALK, Conn., Dec. 17.—The representative of a Chicago firm that was getting records of family ancestors for a history of Fairfield County two years ago is now in Norwalk and vicinity delivering the books at $15 each. Many people are greatly surprised when the book is delivered to them, saying they had no knowledge of ordering it. They are told that they did, and are shown their signatures. If the book is then refused the agent leaves it at the door and says their attorney will enforce payment.

Those who refuse to receive the book say the signatures were procured by subterfuge, as they were asked to sign after they had given a family record, and were told by the agent that the signature was desired to show that the record was genuine. It now transpires that they were signing an order for a $15 book.

MAY LOSE THEIR LIVES.

Mother and Daughter Burned as the Result of an Explosion in a Cellar.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Dec. 17.—Three persons were burned here late this afternoon by the explosion of gases in a cellar. The injured are Mrs. William Chamberlain of East Third Street, her daughter Lottie, fifteen years of age, and Joseph Stevens, a man employed by Mr. Chamberlain.

Mrs. Chamberlain had occasion to go into the basement of her home, and found that a barrel of varnish was leaking and that considerable of the stuff had run out upon the floor. She examined the barrel and found one of the hoops had broken. She obtained another barrel, and she and Stevens proceeded to transfer the varnish in the broken barrel to the good one. This was accomplished, and they then started to clean up the cellar floor.

While they were doing this Miss Chamberlain stood close by. It was becoming dark, and Mrs. Chamberlain struck a match, intending to light a lamp. The striking of the match was accompanied by a rush of flame and an explosion. The flame enveloped Mrs. Chamberlain and her daughter, and to a less extent Stevens.

Mrs. Chamberlain's clothing ignited, as did that of her daughter. They ran up stairs and, grabbing rugs and bed clothing, wrapped themselves in them and rolled about the floor. This put out the flames, but both were so badly burned that there is little hope of their recovery.

Stevens was a little distance off when the explosion took place, and escaped with a scorched face and singed hair.

BLUE LAWS FOR MT. VERNON.

Clothiers Arrested for Selling on Sunday—Two Prisoners Escape.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Dec. 17.—The police of this city to-day began the enforcement of the law forbidding any dealer to sell goods on a Sunday. The Christian Endeavor Societies have been stirring up trouble here for some time and have caused the saloon keepers much trouble.

Only two arrests were made to-day, as the storekeepers had warning and would not sell to policemen whom they knew. Morris Greenwald and Jacob Sedermann, both clothiers, sold articles to policemen and were arrested and gave bail. They will have hearings to-morrow before Judge Schatz.

Patrolman Masterson had trouble. He made two arrests and both prisoners escaped. One of the prisoners was a woman. The policeman entered her place and made a purchase. As he put the parcel into his pocket he informed the woman that she was under arrest. She stormed and fussed, but put on her things and prepared to accompany the officer.

He started for the door with the woman behind at a distance of a few feet. He stepped through the door first, and as he did so it was slammed behind him. The key was quickly turned and he was on one side and the woman on the other. He waited for some time, but could not get in to take the woman into custody again.

A little later he arrested a man for selling him an article of wearing apparel, and the prisoner said he would have to get his hat and overcoat. He went up stairs for them and did not return, and a search later showed he had gotten away. Both will be arrested this morning when they open their stores.

Leaves New Jersey Fair Association.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 17.—John Guild Muirhead, Secretary of the Inter-State Fair Association since its establishment, has tendered his resignation, to take effect in January. No one has yet been elected to succeed him. Mr. Muirhead intends going into business.

The Otto Huber Brewery, Manhattan
Office, Metropole Hotel. Telephone 2,092 38th St. —Adv.

GEN. ROBERTS WILL COMMAND IN AFRICA

His Chief of Staff to be Gen. Lord Kitchener.

**RESERVES CALLED

the heroic measures now decided upon savor rather of weakness than of strength.

Rumor has it that the question of expense has really been at the bottom of the half-hearted measures hitherto adopted, and it is not unlikely that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and other members of the Cabinet will resign.

QUEEN TO REMAIN AT WINDSOR.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Court Newsmen have issued the following announcement:

"The arrangements made for the Queen's departure from Windsor have been postponed until after Christmas, as, owing to the present state of affairs in South Africa, the Queen is unwilling to be at a great distance from London."

Not for years before has the Queen decided to spend Christmas away from Osborne. Her decision to remain at Windsor, in touch with the Cabinet, is a measure of the gravity of the crisis and of the anxiety her Majesty feels for the welfare of the country.

She is, nevertheless, in fair health. Saturday morning she took her usual drive, and just before dinner that evening she received Lord Wolseley, who, with Major Gen. Sir Henry Peter Ewart, Crown Equerry to the Queen, dined at Windsor.

The Queen's graceful act in presenting a flag to the American hospital ship Maine is highly appreciated by her own people, as well as the Americans in London, and the morning papers express the hope that the incident means something more than a pretty ceremony.

REBELLION IN CAPE COLONY.

Whole Northern Part of the Country with the Boers—Natives in Basutoland Uneasy.

STERKSTROOM, Cape Colony, Dec. 16.—As a result of the British reverses, the whole country to the northward is virtually in a state of rebellion.

The natives there, as well as those in Basutoland, are said to be much disturbed and to be losing heart regarding the strength of the British.

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 14.—Secret meetings of Boer sympathizers continue to be held in various parts of Cape Colony, and the attitude of the Dutch farmers is truculent.

DURBAN, Dec. 16.—The Natal Government Gazette announces that Gen. Buller has appointed a commission to inquire into the losses of the people of the colony resulting from the Boer invasion.

GEN. ROBERTS'S SON DEAD.

Only Child of the New Commander in Chief Succumbs to Wounds.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—Lieut. the Hon. F. H. S. Roberts, son of Baron Roberts of Kandahar and Waterford, who was wounded in the engagement at Tugela River, is dead. Such was his display of gallantry on Friday in an attempt to rescue the guns that he was recommended for the Victoria Cross.

The young officer who has died from his wounds was the only surviving male child of the famous General. The man who would have probably inherited the title, Col. J. Sherston, a nephew of Lord Roberts, and at one time his aide de camp, was killed at the battle of Dundee. Lieut. Roberts was regarded as one of the most promising young officers in the British Army.

He was born at Simla Jan. 8, 1872, and, like his father, was destined for the army from childhood. On both sides he came of fighting stock, his mother being a daughter of Capt. John Bews of the old Seventy-third Regiment, now known as the Black Watch. Lieut Roberts was educated at Eton, and afterward at the Royal Military College at Sandhurst. He passed the examination for the army with honors, and eight years ago received his commission in the King's Royal Rifles. He obtained his first "step" four years later.

In spite of his youth, he had seen active service in four campaigns, and his gallant conduct on the field of battle had won for him two "mentions" in dispatches to the War Office. He was in the Isazai, Waziristan, and Chitral relief expeditions, and in the Nile expedition of 187-8. He had arrived in South Africa only a few weeks before he was wounded.

BERLIN COMMENT CONTINUES.

Belief Generally Expressed that Great Britain's Standing as a Great Power Is Gone.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—A distinguished member of the Diplomatic Corps, in the course of a discussion to-day regarding Gen. Buller's reverse, said: "It means morally far more for Great Britain than the mere loss of the battle. Her prestige after the defeats of last week has fallen enormously on the Continent, and it will be many years before she will again venture to assume a tone toward a great power such as she took in the Fashoda affair.

Most of the Berlin papers, as well as those throughout the country, comment upon Gen. Buller's defeat in a serious and dignified tone, although with a considerable undercurrent of satisfaction at Great Britain's humiliation. It is admitted that Great Britain is now fighting to save her South African possessions. The general belief is that Sir Redvers Buller acted prematurely and under pressure from the home Government. The official papers take a rather gloomy view, as if apprehensive of awkward complications.

The Kreuz Zeitung says: "Great Britain's decadence is now apparent to the whole world."

The Vorwaerts hopes the war will result in the establishment of the United States of Africa on a republican basis, but it is also mentioned that such an outcome would not affect Great Britain's position as a great power.

The Vossische Zeitung thinks it would be hopeless for Great Britain to match herself against a great power.

The military papers severely criticise British tactics.

RUSSIAN PRESS PLEASED.

Leading Journals Express Gratification Over Buller's Defeat.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 18.—The Novoe Vremya, which does not conceal its pleasure at Gen. Buller's defeat, says:

"The whole campaign must now be recommenced, but under altogether altered conditions of opinion in England."

The Svjet says: "The Almighty is manifestly bestowing His blessing on the Boer arms. God is punishing an arrogant and rapacious people, who have oppressed and persecuted other races in order to enrich themselves."

IRISH MEETING BROKEN UP.

Dublin Police Called Out and Troops Kept in Readiness to Subdue Boer Sympathizers.

DUBLIN, Dec. 17.—The announcement that a pro-Boer meeting would be convened to-day as a protest against the proposal of Trinity College to confer a degree upon Joseph Chamberlain led to exciting scenes. A large force of police was called out, and the troops were held in readiness.

Maud Gonne, the so-called "Irish Joan of Arc," and James Connolly, the Irish Republican, drove in a wagonette to the place appointed for the meeting, which was attended by a large crowd. Mr. Connolly tried to speak, but was prevented by the police. The wagonette then made a tour of the streets, the crowd rapidly increasing, cheering for the Boers, singing "God Save Ireland" and "We'll Hang Joe Chamberlain on a Sour Apple Tree," and using disgusting expressions against the Queen, the empire, and the army.

While passing Dublin Castle, the occupants of the wagonette waved the Transvaal flag defiantly, whereupon the police stopped the vehicle and seized the flag.

The wagonette, attended by a large body of police, who often cleared the streets, then drove to the roms of the Irish Transvaal Committee, where Michael Davitt, William Redmond, and J. O'Brien were waiting. A meeting of about sixty persons was held, Messrs. Davitt, Redmond, and O'Brien speaking in violent condemnation of the war and of Mr. Chamberlain, and declaring that the latter's visit to Ireland at such a moment was proof of his callous nature. The speakers urged that, should an opportunity occur, Dublinites ought to show

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Tiffany & Co.,
Union Square.

Open Evenings until Christmas.

their detestation of the Colonial Secretary in unmistakable fashion.

Mr. Davitt said: "All Irishmen rejoice in the triumphs of the Boers. No power in Europe would now fear Great Britain, except, perhaps, the Prince of Monaco." Mr. Redmond said: "Mr. Chamberlain deserves not doctors, but executioners."

Ultimately a resolution, proposed by Mr. Davitt, was carried, denouncing the war, and calling upon the powers, particularly the United States, to take steps to insure the independence of the Boer Republic.

While Maud Gonne was speaking, somebody shouted a reference to the Phoenix Park murders. The Chairman and Dr. Davitt warmly protested, however, that no violence should be shown.

The meeting closed amid tremendous cheers evoked by a rumor that Ladysmith had fallen. Maud Gonne and Mr. Connolly drove off with the intention of holding open-air meeting, but the police arrested Mr. Connolly.

IRISHMEN DENOUNCED ENGLAND.

Sympathy with the Boers Expressed at Two Meetings.

The United Irish-American Societies met last night in Fernando's Hall, Third Avenue and Fiftieth Street. The larger part of the evening was devoted to a discussion of the South African war. Michael J. Jennings presided. Many speeches were made and England was denounced with all the force that the orators could command.

The delegates then unanimously adopted a resolution in which England was denounced as the "hereditary enemy of representative government," and it was declared that "her war is one of lust for territory and utterly without justification, and the Boers deserve and merit the support of all free men and particularly of all Americans." The Chairman was instructed to appoint a committee to engage either the Grand Central Palace or Madison Square Garden for a mass meeting to denounce England.

While this meeting was in progress a similar one was being held by the Irish National Club, at 320 West Fifty-ninth Street. Edward O'Flaherty was Chairman of this meeting, and made a speech in favor of the Boers. After several more speeches denouncing England had been made the following telegram was sent to Representative William Sulzer:

"Irish National Club congratulates you on Boer resolution. Patriotic work of this kind will knock the bottom out of the Anglo-American lunacy craze and save our Republic for the accomplishment of her mission."

VOLUNTEERS FROM UNITED STATES.

Two Offers to Raise Regiments Here Sent to Canadian Minister.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 17.—Two offers to raise regiments in the United States for service in South Africa have been received by Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia. One offer is from New York State and the other from Idaho. The names of the parties making the offers are withheld, but they are both Canadians, the former being at one time a member of the old Grand Trunk Rifle Brigade, but is now a prominent manufacturer in the United States.

A telegram was also received this afternoon by the Minister from Charles George Douglas Roberts, author and poet, now in New York, offering his services if a Canadian contingent is sent.

Farewell Banquet for Maine Fund.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The farewell banquet at Carlton Hotel last evening in aid of the fund for the American hospital ship Maine realized £2,000 ($10,000). Among those present were the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Marquis of Lorne, United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate, Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, Lady Randolph Churchill, Mrs. Arthur Paget, Count Deyn, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, and Baron de Stael, the Russian Ambassador Baron de Staal, the Russian Ambassador; Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, British Ambassador to Spain; Prince Domidoff, Princess von Hatzfeldt, the members of the Maine Committee, and the doctors. After the banquet a concert was given by American artistes.

Died from Reading War News.

TORONTO, Ontario, Dec. 17.—Edmund Morris, General Inspector of the Ontario Bank, and widely known in banking circles, died suddenly of heart failure this afternoon. His son is an officer in Gen. Buller's army in South Africa, and Mr. Morris was attacked shortly after reading the latest war bulletins posted at the newspaper offices.

GEN. ROBERTS'S CAREER.

Sir Frederick Sleigh Roberts, First Baron Roberts of Kandahar and Waterford, Victoria Cross, Knight of the Order of St. Patrick, Grand Commander of the Bath, and the holder of many other orders and decorations, is known to Tommy Atkins—as readers of Kipling are aware—just as "Bobs." And, as a matter of fact, this sobriquet he considers as high an honor as any of the others, for it means that he has endeared himself to his men, that they trust him, and are proud to serve under him.

Gen Roberts was born at Cawnpore, India, Sept. 30, 1832. He was a younger son of Gen. Sir Abraham Roberts, and was destined for the army almost from his birth. He was educated at Eton, then at the Royal Military College at Sandhurst, and afterward at Addiscombe, the training school of the East India Company. He was only nineteen years old when he entered the Bengal Artillery as a Lieutenant, and went to Hindustan to serve the company. In those days he was associated with such men as Outram, Havelock, Nicholson, and the Lawrences, and worked under them, unknown to fame, until the Indian mutiny. Then he received enough experience of hard fighting to serve the average soldier for a lifetime. He was at first one of Nicholson's staff officers, at the head of the Punjab movable column. Then he went to Delhi, on the artillery staff, and afterward was with Sir Colin Campbell at the relief of Lucknow.

When the relieving army got close to the rebel lines outside Lucknow, Sir Colin, wishing to let Outram know of his progress, wanted a flag raised on the mess house. Within plain view of the mutineers Lieut. Roberts climbed to the top of the building, and, amid a rain of shot, raised the flag on the turret nearest to the foe. It was shot away, and he replaced it. Again it was shot away, and he raised it again. But it was not for this deed that Roberts won his Victoria Cross. That was done at Khodagunge Jan. 2, 1858. He saw in the distance two sepoys going away with a standard. Putting spurs to his horse, he overtook them. They turned and presented their muskets at him, and one of the men pulled the trigger. It snapped, missing fire, and the sepoy was cut down by Roberts's sword. The other mutineer rode away, and the young Lieutenant brought the standard back to camp. The same day he rescued a wounded comrade under almost similar circumstances.

In the years that followed the mutiny Roberts saw almost continual service. He was at Umbeyla, in the frontier campaign, in 1863; in 1867 he had charge of the embarkation of the force for the Abyssinian campaign. In 1871 and 1872 he was the senior staff officer in the Lushai campaign, and from 1875 to 1878 he was Quartermaster General. All his promotions were "for merit."

It was toward the end of 1878 that the great opportunity of Gen. Roberts's career came to him. The Ameer of Afghanistan rebelled against the authority of Great Britain, and Roberts was sent at the head of the army to subdue him. He carried the enemy's stronghold at Peiwar Kotal with a splendid rush at odds of almost ten to 1. The next year the news of Sir Louis Cavagnari's murder in Kabul horrified all England, and Roberts was called upon to lead another avenging force. With 6,000 men he cut his way straight through the hostile land, and in thirty days placed the British flag above the citadel of Kabul, after routing the Afghan Army, which outnumbered the British by twelve to one. Then, after reinforcements had been sent to him he began one of the most famous marches in history—over towering mountain ranges and through hostile territory, straight from Kabul to Kandahar—300 miles in twenty days. At the end of the march he crushed Ayoob Khan, and the whole empire rang with the praises of the man who a few months before had been almost unknown.

Since then Roberts has advanced, slowly and always "for merit," to the position of Commander in Chief of the forces in Ireland. He was put in command in Madras, then in command of the army in Burmah, and then was made Commander in Chief of the British Army in India. In the last-named capacity he did work the value of which only soldiers can appreciate properly. He fortified the northern frontier of Hindustan with a chain of fortresses from end to end; he made both the British and native troops far more effective than ever before; he obtained better rations for the men, and he secured better equipments.

It is for this quiet work of organization that Roberts is known to the rank and file as "Bobs," and it is doubtless because of his ability in this direction he has been selected to drag victory out of defeat in South Africa.

Lord Kitchener's Record.

The exploit which gave Lord Kitchener his peerage is of recent date, and the details of the story of the campaign against the Soudanese dervishes of last year are still familiar. When the war with the Boers broke out he is said to have urgently requested the War Office to allow him to take part in it, but he was not successful.

Horatio Herbert Kitchener, first Baron Kitchener of Khartoum, was born in 1850. He is the eldest son of the late Lieut. Col. H. H. Kitchener, and was educated at the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich. He entered the Royal Engineers in 1871, and first obtained notice for his management of the Egyptian Cavalry in the campaigns of the early eighties. In 1890 he was appointed Sirdar of the Egyptian Army.

EXTENT OF BOERS' PREPARATIONS.

M. de Long, the manager of the dynamite factory at Modderfontein, in the Transvaal, has just returned to France, and has been interviewed by the representatives of several of the Paris journals. He says that the British Government can have had no idea of the vast extent of the preparations that the Boers have been quietly making for years, with the realization that another struggle with the full force of Great Britain was inevitable. Even should the Boers be driven out of Natal, he points out, no British Army could ever hope to enter the Transvaal and survive.

Since the war began, he says, heavy artillery that had been carefully stored away has been brought forth. He asserts that the forts at Pretoria and Johannesburg are as strong as any fortresses in the world, and have, within the last month, been rendered absolutely impregnable, while Edelberg alone could hold its own with 25 men against 10,000 assailants, particularly in the rainy season, which has just begun, causing unfordable streams suddenly to spring into existence.

M. de Long states that there are about 6,000 well-trained German volunteers in the Boer Army, who have not yet been allowed to go to the front. He adds that the Governments of the Boer Republics are showing a great economy of strength, and have not yet used a third of their military resources.

AGAIN PLEADS FOR BOERS.

At the patriotic service which was held yesterday afternoon by the Rev. Madison C. Peters, Chaplin of the Ninth Regiment, in the armory in West Fourteenth Street, Gen. James R. O'Beirne, the unrecognized representative of the Transvaal Republic in the United States, delivered a long address on the moral courage of the Christian soldier.

He said that at the crucial moment in battle the wise commander always relies on the man of moral courage, who, satisfied that he is doing his duty, will hold his ground and await the order to charge.

Gen. O'Beirne took the opportunity to call the attention of his hearers to the rude and quaint heroes who are to-day, he said, fighting the flower of a great power so successfully. Although they are not trained soldiers, Gen. O'Beirne said, the Boers are possessed of the same moral courage that inspired the Revolutionary Fathers who likewise vanquished the same mighty force, and by so doing established this Republic.

BRITISH OFFICERS HERE.

Major J. Fowle of the Twenty-first Lancers of the British Army, with Private W. H. Rowlatt, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Etruria en route for New Orleans. The Major said that he came to supervise the shipment of 900 mules from New Orleans to Cape Town. Both the Major and the private who accompanied him were with Kitchener in the battle of Omdurman, their squadron losing 1 officer and 1 private and 30 wounded.

Private Rowlatt, describing the use of the lance, said that in the battle of Omdurman he had killed some ten men. He had himself been wounded by having his arm nearly severed by a scimitar.

Regarding the present war the Major declined to talk. Another officer abroad, who did not wish to have his name used, said that one of the difficulties encountered by the British was the poor condition of their horses after the long voyage in transports. One of the mistakes made had been the tardiness in throwing troops into Cape Colony, but the Government had followed the course which has been so disastrous because it was feared that the sending of large forces of troops before hostilities began would disturb conditions in Cape Colony.

WAR IN PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

The war of shot and shell in South Africa was indirectly the cause of a lively war of words yesterday morning in Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. The verbal belligerents were Deacon S. V. White and Thomas O. Hague, the unsuccessful Democratic candidate for the Assembly in the First District of Brooklyn in the recent election.

Mr. Hague lately came to the conclusion that Plymouth Church should take some action expressing its disapproval of the South African war, and urging friendly mediation in the trouble. Inspired with this thought Mr. Hague prepared a resolution to be cabled by Plymouth Church to the City Temple Church of London, the City Queen's Church of Wolverhampton, and the leading Congregational Church of Liverpool. The resolution was as follows:

"Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, tenders fraternal feelings of deep sympathy with the bereaved families of England, and will co-operate in any movement of Congregational Church action to end the war immediately by friendly mediation."

Armed with this resolution, Mr. Hague went to church yesterday morning, it being his intention to introduce it for adoption. In the parlor of the church he met Deacon White, and to him he read the resolution. Mr. White heard him with every indication of disapproval.

"This is not a proper time to present anything like this," he said, when Mr. Hague had concluded. "You ought to give notice before introducing such a resolution."

"Well, I'm going to present it now," Mr. Hague replied somewhat defiantly.

"You won't get a Corporal's guard to vote for it if you do," said Mr. White. "It would be impossible to get it through. It is not a proper resolution, anyhow."

"I don't see why not," returned Mr. Hague, warming up. "Plymouth Church took similar action in the Venezuelan dispute."

"That was carried unanimously," retorted Mr. White. "It was the proper thing to do. Plymouth called upon the churches in Great Britain to affiliate with her in preventing hostilities. It would be impossible to get any one in Plymouth to stand for anything that would seem like censure. The men who stood as a bulwark in the interests of this country a little over a year ago are the same men who are guiding Great Britain in her present troubles."

Here Mr. Hague interjected something about Germany, but Mr. White would not let him finish.

"Germany has nothing to do with it," he said. "Salisbury was Premier in the time of our trouble, and he is Premier now. In our difficulty with Spain, Great Britain was the nation which, more than any other, prevented other powers from forming an alliance against us."

At this stage of the dispute the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, the pastor, entered the parlor. Mr. Hague turned to him with the resolution. Dr. Hillis looked it through and then said very seriously:

"I do not think that this is a proper thing to present to Plymouth Church at this time. I trust that you will not undertake to do so."

Mr. Hague, very much nettled, apparently, turned again to Mr. White. "This church," he said, warmly, "is run by a lot of little lawyers and others, and I'm going to get out."

"You can't go too soon for me," returned Mr. White, with equal warmth.

Mr. Hague then started to leave the parlor. Turning, he sent back this parting shot:

"This church is run by a clique of lawyers who want to do all the talking. They are dominated by a spirit of bloodthirstiness, and lack the spirit of Christ."

Then Mr. Hague left the church and returned to the Hotel St. George, where he lives, without introducing the resolution.

There were a number of members of the church present in the parlor while the dispute was going on, and it excited a great deal of comment in and out of the church during the day. Mr. Hague was still somewhat ruffled over the affair when seen last evening.

"The proposition," he said, referring to the resolution, "was spurned with contumely and reproach, and in language out of keeping with Christian charity and forbearance. Thus blessed are the peacemakers by the powers that be of Plymouth Church."

Mr. Hague said he did not intend to leave the church.

DR. SAVAGE DEFENDS BRITISH.

The Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage, preaching in the Church of the Messiah yesterday, defended Great Britain's course in South Africa. He said in part:

"There is not a spot on earth to-day where Great Britain's foot is placed that would not be unspeakably worse to-morrow if that foot were lifted and taken away. Not one step has Great Britain taken around the world that has not meant the uplifting of humanity, finer and higher religion, education, industrial advance, opportunity for liberty, just as fast as the people were fit for it, and unspeakable blessing to all involved. Where, then, should our sympathies be? At first blush, whatever the problem that may arise, should they not be with Great Britain?"

Dr. Savage then briefly reviewed the case of the Boers. He said the Boers have no exclusive right to the gold mines in their country, despite the fact that they were there first. "If a people be in possession of a certain country, are their rights unlimited?" he asked. "Never. The concession would be monstrous, and it has never been admitted since the beginning of human sanity. I believe that at every point the British have been right.

"I believe that a disaster to Great Britain would be the greatest calamity that could be conceived next to the destruction of our own Republic. She is fighting against Russia and China for what? English advantages? No, the advantage of civilization, for open ports, liberty, to keep the Czar from absorbing China—the England of the East—for the sake of the world.

"I believe if worst came to worst and there was a war between Russia and Great Britain in the East for the two world ideals which they represent, I believe America would owe it as the highest duty to God to place every ship, every gun, every dollar she possesses at the back of and beside Great Britain."

This remark caused a remarkable demonstration. The members of the congregation almost unanimously applauded the sentiment.

"God grant that there may be no meddling on the part of France or Russia until Great Britain settles the problem which she has on her hands," he continued. "But did I wield the power of thousands and such meddling came I would say, 'Hands off!' to any power on the globe. Let us remember that for world purposes there is no such thing as England and America—England and America are one at heart, one in religion, one in interest, one in ideals, one in hopes, and we must be one in either defeat or victory."

NEWS OF THE RAILROADS.

THE SEABOARD CONSOLIDATION.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—In an interview to-day John Skelton Williams, President of the Seaboard Air Line, gave a résumé of the opposition of Thomas F. Ryan to the consolidation into the Greater Seaboard Company of the various Southern railways. Among other things, Mr. Williams said:

"It may be proper at this time, in view of certain allegations which have been published by Mr. Ryan's attorneys recently, to state exactly what his interest is in the Seaboard system. He owns less than 20 per cent. of the capital stock of one of the eighteen roads in the system, and this road is less than eighty miles long, out of a total mileage in the system of more than 2,500 miles. This road does not control directly or indirectly any other road in the system, with the exception of a small lumber line in North Carolina, about thirty miles long. He has a few shares here and there, in some of the other roads, but the total value of his holdings of the shares in the other roads is less than $5,000.

"Taking all the securities which he holds in the entire Seaboard system at their market value, it would represent less than 3 per cent. of the actual value of the Seaboard system, based on the present market value of its securities, or scarcely 1 per cent. of the value of the three systems which it now proposes to consolidate into the Greater Seaboard."

President Williams stated that he believed that consolidation would be an accomplished fact within a few weeks, and that all matters tending toward that end were being rapidly disposed of.

CASH GIRLS AND THEIR WORK.

Delegates of the Central Federated Union complained yesterday that cash girls in department and dry goods stores were being overworked during the holiday season, and that they often were kept at their work until 10 o'clock at night. A delegate suggested that a committee be sent to remonstrate with the proprietors of those stores; another delegate advised that the girls be organized into a union, and a third advised that the Factory Inspectors' attention be called to the matter.

Delegate Barondess said he was sure that the Factory Inspectors would not do anything in the matter, as they were controlled by the Republican machine. As to organizing the children, Delegate Barondess said such a question was absurd. He was in favor of taking up the cause of the girls, and of appointing committees to call on the merchants and ask them to lighten their work.

Delegate Timothy Healy of the eccentric firemen said that some time ago he had organized a secret union of dry goods salesmen, but that the employers discovered the fact and took measures against the leaders.

The meeting appointed a committee to visit dry goods merchants and ask them to lighten the work of the cash girls.

A communication was received from the Lithographers' Protective and Benevolent Association, which wanted a certain firm that manufactured children's building blocks boycotted.

"I move that every delegate who buys those blocks for Christmas presents for his children be fined $10," said Delegate Greef of the cigarmakers.

"And I amend that a committee be appointed to visit the house of every delegate to see whether he has bought any boycotted blocks," said another delegate.

A committee was appointed to investigate the matter.

Delegate Cowen of the amalgamated engineers said that recently eighty men had been brought over in the steamer St. Louis in the guise of Russian sailors. These people, however, said Delegate Cowen, were machinists, and they were put to work in the Cramps' shipyards in Philadelphia in the places of strikers.

C. A. A. I. L. Industrial Conference.

The Church Association for the Advancement of the Interests of Labor has issued a call for an industrial conference, to be held in Washington, D. C., on February 18, 19, and 20, to discuss matters of interest to workingmen. All trades unions have been invited to send delegates.

William H. Carpenter Dead.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—William H. Carpenter, author, poet, and editor, died at his home in this city to-day, aged eighty-six years. He was born in England, but came to this city nearly seventy years ago. Mr. Carpenter's literary career covered a period of over sixty years. Besides publishing a number of volumes of prose and poetry, Mr. Carpenter contributed largely to various magazines.

THE "SOHMER" LEADS THE LIST OF THE HIGHEST GRADE PIANOS.
SOHMER PIANOS
Sohmer Building, Fifth Ave., cor. 22nd St.
Only Salesroom in greater New York.

C. C. SHAYNE,
Manufacturing Fur Merchant,
124-126 WEST 42D STREET,
BETWEEN BROADWAY & 6TH AV.
Store open evenings until Christmas.

ALARM FOR STEAMBOAT FIRE.

Police, Firemen, Hospitals, and Bronx Residents Victims of a Hastily Formed Opinion.

A stranger in town who might have wandered into 300 Mulberry Street just after dark last night would never have believed he was in the famous Police Headquarters of the metropolis. The few men in uniform and their listless manner were more in keeping with some small station.

If he were fortunate enough to wait a moment, however, he would have witnessed a remarkable metamorphosis. Suddenly the telephone bell began to ring. Not the ordinary, every-day ring indicating that some Sergeant wanted to tell that "John Smith, thirty years old, homeless," had been found by the wayside full of the liquid that intoxicates and had been gathered in. It was not that kind of a ring But rather a buzz and a series of burrs that suggested accidental crossing of telephone wires with a trolley feeder. A policeman ran to the 'phone and taking the ear trumpet, heard this:

"Hello! Hello! Police Headquarters?" in a voice that betrayed great excitement.

"Yes, what's the matter?"

"This is Queens! Queens Borough! Borough of Queens!" and the man in Queens was so excited by this time that the other policemen at the Headquarters' end of the 'phone could hear his voice as it gurgled and spurged out of that part of the trumpet which was not covered by the operator's fairly large ear.

"Seventy-sixth Precinct, Queens!"

"Yes, but what is wrong?" asked the operator losing patience.

"Steamboat on fire. Hundreds people drowning. In the Sound off Oak Point. Send reserves from—," but the operator waited no more. Quickly he reported to his superior officer the purport of the message. As quickly as the electric fluid could flash the news over the wires Capt. Wiegand, in the Morrisania Station, and Sergt. Reilly, in the Alexander Avenue Station, received a command to get all their reserves to the scene instanter. Reporters sent the news to their respective papers, and soon newspapermen by the dozen were flying uptown.

At Headquarters everything was activity. Hospitals were called up and told to hold themselves in readiness for the scores of victims that were coming to them, and at the Morgue preparations were made to receive the bodies which were promised forthwith.

The Harlem Hospital and the Fordham Hospital at once sent their available ambulances to the foot of East One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street, or Oak Point, near where the steamboat was supposed to be burning.

In the Morrisania and Alexander Avenue Stations the policemen had just come in after their tour to stay for several hours on reserve. It had been raining, and they were soaked to the skin. But the danger they believed waiting for hundreds of fellow-creatures appealed to them, and to a man they piled into the patrol wagons talking only of what method of rescue they would undertake when they reached the Sound shore.

"It's the worst time of the year," said one. "Most of the boats are tied up for the Winter, and it's too darned far and the water's too cold to swim for it." In this all agreed. But somehow they expected in some way to do something, and knowing that "New York expects every policeman to do his duty," they went forward.

Some small boy stood near the Alexander Avenue Station as he saw the policemen pile out and into the patrol wagon. With the small boy's ready wit he caught enough to tell him what was wrong, and in his shrill treble he ran up One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street calling the news to other small boys who likewise ran. It was only a few minutes until the clanging of the patrol wagons and the rushing of ambulances added to the alarm started by the frightened small boy, and through East One Hundred and Thirty-eighth and parallel streets there rushed a multitude to the scene of the accident.

The patrol wagons from the two stations came together in the Southern Boulevard. Sure enough there was the fire. Tongues of flame leaped skyward, and volumes of dense black smoke were plainly visible.

"She's close in shore," said the driver of the Morrisania wagon. "Maybe we'll be able to do something, anyhow."

"Listen, there's somebody calling for help!" said another policeman.

By this time the fire engines from the nearest firehouses were added to the procession. All turned into One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street, and made good progress until after the New York and New Haven Railroad tracks were crossed. Beyond that progress was slow and dangerous. The streets in that part of the city are all laid out, wide and regular—on the map. In reality they are mere lanes, which are nothing but series after series of wallows and chuck holes.

After half an hour's plunging the patrol wagons got as far as they could, and back of them were stalled the engines—all several hundred feet from the shore. The policemen tumbled out and through the clinging mud and mire made their way to the shore. The firemen laid hose after much hard work.

No steamboat, not even a rowboat, was on fire. No lives were imperiled at all. But on the edge of the water they found an old and long-since abandoned boathouse fast disappearing in the flames.

OLD ARMY MULE EXECUTED.

WILLETS POINT, L. I., Dec. 17.—Through an order of the War Department Jack, the old army mule, known to every visitor at the army post here for some years, was executed yesterday.

Jack was about thirty-five years old, and had a good record. For many years he was used in the service, and was finally turned over to the engineers who had charge of the work of removing the rocks in the Hell Gate Channel. For three years Jack worked underground, drawing in and out the cars of stone and powder.

When Hell Gate was blown up he was turned over to the post here, and it was almost a year before anybody could drive him. Jack could not get used to the light, and many a private who thought he knew how to conquer him came to grief after a short trial. At last the mule became accustomed to daylight and performed his labor faithfully until three years ago, when age showed itself and he had to be retired. The Government finally got tired of feeding Jack, after waiting three years for him to die a natural death.

Jack was yesterday placed in charge of some privates, who formed in line and marched slowly to the beach. Once there Private Mason spoke a few encouraging words, and then led the mule to a pile of wood. Placing a rifle to the animal's head Mason pulled the trigger, and the career of the mule was ended. The body fell on the wood. A match was applied, and wood and Jack burned together.

REVISION OF CUSTOMS LAWS.

Merchants' Association's Committee to Meet—Appraiser's Ruling Disputed.

The general committee appointed by the Merchants' Association of this city at the suggestion of President McKinley to consider a revision of the United States customs laws, will meet Wednesday afternoon at the rooms of the association to act upon the report of the Executive Committee. This report has been sent to all members of the general committee, and so far approving letters have been received from John Pitcairn, President of the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company; John N. Carpender, President of the Norfolk and New Brunswick Hosiery Company; Thomas B. Meehan of Thomas Meehan & Sons, Germantown; W. S. Frye, President of the New England Tobacco Growers' Association; Edward P. Mason, President of the Mason & Hamil Company of Boston; John H. Hall, Treasurer and General Manager of the Colts Patent Firearms Manufacturing Company of Hartford, and others.

The meeting, originally set for this afternoon, is postponed to give place to a hearing of the committee at the Treasury Department at Washington on its protest against a recent ruling of Appraiser Wakeman, which adds a duty of 2 cents per square yard on a large number of cotton fabrics. In this protest the committee was joined by a number of importers of this and other cities, and by a number of domestic dealers, who have made large contracts for future delivery under the old interpretation of the schedule.

The Executive Committee of the association has also addressed a letter to Appraiser Wakeman asking that he name representatives from among the domestic manufacturers and importers to attend an informal conference with the Appraisers of the Ports of Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore, called by him to discuss the classification of cotton fabrics, and to assure a uniform appraisement of such goods at all ports. No date has yet been set for this conference.

AT THE HOTELS.

ALBEMARLE—R. M. Gardner, Liverpool; Gen. Roy Stone, Washington; C. Wood, Albany.

BUCKINGHAM—Thomas S. Gates, Philadelphia; William Wheten, Cedars, Quebec.

FIFTH AVENUE—M. A. Soto, Paris; J. J. Barber, Syracuse.

GRAND UNION—The Rev. Eugene Sheehey, Ireland; A. Martini, Amsterdam, Holland.

HOFFMAN—Charles S. Good, London; George T. Coffey, London; W. E. Mellen, London; F. R. Meades, London; Dr. McClure, London; S. L. Maduro, Panama; Fernaud Rabellez, Paris; Judge Samuel H. Beardsley, Utica; Judge Andrew Hamilton, Albany; the Rev. Dr. Thomas E. Skinner, Raleigh.

HOLLAND—Sir Henry Lynch Bloss, Ireland; R. F. Haworth, England; A. Lawson, Scotland; S. Clay, England; Major Fowle, Twenty-first Lancers, England.

IMPERIAL—Gibson Oliver, Albany; E. Summerfield, Lawrence, Kan.; B. W. Rogers, Denver; R. Percy Barnes, Montreal.

MURRAY HILL—Talcott H. Russell, New Haven; Lieut. Francis H. Pope, United States Army, West Point, R. E. Kingsford, Toronto.

MANHATTAN—Winthrop Ames, Boston; O. J. Bailey, Peoria, Ill.; Dr. A. E. Abrams, Hartford; R. Thorn Phillips, Baltimore; W. B. Atwood, Boston; Dr. A. B. Kibbe, Seattle.

NETHERLAND—W. Carrier Weidersheim, Philadelphia; De Courcy May, Scranton; F. A. Payne, Boston.

PLAZA—Robert McCormick, Chicago; C. H. Babcock, Rochester.

SAVOY—Henry B. Steele, Chicago; A. E. Wells, Boston; Mme. Sembrich.

STURTEVANT—Capt. F. L. Pope, Buffalo.

WALDORF—Judge Lynde Harrison, New Haven; Ellis Ames Ballard, Philadelphia; L. Blanchet, Paris; J. M. C. Capper, London; T. Andreseur, Maracaibo; G. N. Dennett, Honolulu; Mme. Nordica.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Representatives of Out-of-Town Firms Now in the City.

Brafman, J., & Sons, Baltimore, Md.; J. Brafman, woolens; Hoffman House.
Schlesinger & Mayer, Chicago, Ill.; B. Mayer, cloaks and suits; 877 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Oppenheimer & Steiner, Baltimore, Md.; H. Oppenheimer, woolens; Hoffman House.
Strouse & Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; I. Strouse, piece goods; 733 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Heiman, M., & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. Schiller, millinery; 602 Broadway; Hotel Cadillac.
Burnham-Hanna-Munger Company, Kansas City, Mo.; H. L. Root, hosiery and gloves; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Laughlin, W. H., Lexington, Va.; notions; Hotel Marlborough.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. Porteous, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; A. Leith, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Rosenfield, Kropff & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. A. Rosenfield, trimmings; Hoffman House.
Wertheimer, M., Cleveland, Ohio; clothing; Hoffman House.
Barnard-Putnam-Sumner Company, Worcester, Mass.; F. B. Waite, black goods; 52 Franklin Street; Park Avenue Hotel.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; W. S. Parker, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street; Park Avenue hotel
Levy, H., Louisville, Ky.; clothing; Hotel Albert.
Plant, J., & Son, Danbury, Conn.; H. D. Plant, millinery; Hotel Marlborough.
Rieke, C. F., & Sons, Paducah, Ky.; L. M. Rieke, dry goods and notions; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Marlborough.
Williams & McAnulty, Scranton, Penn.; L. J. Williams, carpets; Westminster Hotel.
Jordan, Marsh & Co., Boston, Mass.; B. H. Tobin, furniture; A. Holman, dry goods; 8 Greene Street; Hotel Manhattan.
Murray, Blanchard, Young & Co., Providence, R. I.

"Standard of Highest Merit."

FISCHER PIANOS.

Attention is called to the large assortment of Fischer Pianos now on exhibition at our warerooms. Cased in rare and choice woods and artistically designed.

Also several styles expressly designed for the Holiday season.

Especial attention is called to our new small Grands.

Open evenings from Dec. 18th to 23d inclusive.

FISCHER PIANO WAREROOMS
33 Union Square—West,
Between 16th and 17th Streets, New York

Five cents

stops a cough in a minute

The best $5 doctor in practice cannot do more for a cough.

Dean's mentholated drops are a quick, certain relief; and for scientific reasons they are also the most practical curative.

The throat tickle feeds the continuous cough. From continuous coughing the bronchial tubes may become ulcerated. That is the danger to be avoided.

The wisest preventive is Dean's cough drops—the simplest, yet surest. It is a vigorous and pure mentholation which centers its power upon the tickling spot and stops it. Though powerful it is extremely pleasant.

DEAN'S

IS THE NAME.

Ask your druggist for DEAN'S. They are widely distributed. All wholesalers and retailers sell them.

To Women

As a physical need, when recommended, we offer for the use of women

Hunter Baltimore Rye

The Purest Type of the Purest Whiskey

Because it is the

Purest

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Stimulant.

Endorsed by Leading Physicians.

A. B. HART & FRANK MORA, Representatives
3 S. William St., New York, N. Y.

Mantels, Tiles, Open Fireplaces
HOUSEHOLD ART GOODS.

We offer an elegant and varied assortment of

Useful Holiday Gifts

at manufacturers' prices.

ANDIRONS, FENDERS, FIRE SETS | Of all styles combined with Onyx, Gold, Silver, and Iron.

Brass and Gilt Tables with Onyx tops, French Folding or Rich Standing Screens. Brass Wood Holders. In fact everything for the Chimney piece.

WM. H. JACKSON & CO.,
Broadway, Corner 17th St.

CHRISTMAS Gift glassware, attractive even beyond that for which our store is justly famous, at prices which add to the attraction.

C. DORFLINGER & SONS,
915 BROADWAY,
near 21st Street,
NEW YORK.

RUSSIA'S FINANCIAL STATUS.

Official Statement Made on Behalf of the Empire to Offset False Assertions Current.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—M. Routkowsky, the agent of the Ministry of Finances of Russia, in Washington, in a communication which has received the approval of the Russian Ambassador, complains of the attempts which he says were made in Europe recently to create in this country the impression that the relations between the Governments of Japan and Russia were strained. "Immediately after these statements has been authoritatively denied by the Russian Ambassador and the Japanese Minister here," says M. Routkowsky, "other sensational rumors were started, presumably at Berlin, and directed against the credit of the Russian Empire. These were followed by libels directed against the eminent statesmen to whose care was intrusted that credit, and an appeal made to Japan, in an article on Russian finances, to attack that country before her trans-Siberian railroad could be completed."

M. Routkowsky adds that in view of the fact that all of these false rumors and misstatements, if not exposed, might leave among capitalists and financiers in this country an erroneous impression, he has decided to give to the press some figures on the subject. These figures show that during the twelve years from 1887 to 1898 the ordinary revenues of the Russian Government steadily increased from 820,000,000 rubles in 1887 to 1,584,000,000 rubles in 1898, and that during the whole of that time, with the exception of two years (1887 and 1891) the expenses were considerably less than the receipts, the surplus for the twelve years amounting to 790,000,000 rubles. For the same twelve years the extraordinary revenues and expenses of the Government make a total of the former of 1,126,000,000, and of the latter of 2,075,000,000 rubles. The items in the extraordinary revenues are shown to have been: Loans, 941,000,000 rubles; reimbursement of debts to the Government of private railroads, 111,000,000 rubles; all other, 74,000,000 rubles.

The items of the extraordinary expenses during the same period were: Purchases of high-rate bonds and payment of various debts, 1,035,000,000 rubles; construction of new State railroads, including trans-Siberian road, 653,000,000 rubles; relief of the distressed population during famine of 1891, 161,000,000 rubles; increase of capital of Imperial State Bank, 43,000,000 rubles; warships, 90,000,000 rubles; all other expenses, 93,000,000 rubles. In January, 1887, the national debt was 4,357,000,000 rubles, and Dec. 31, 1898, it was 6,109,000,000 rubles. This increase, it is stated, was due partly to the refunding of high rate loans in bonds at a low rate, but principally to the purchase of many railroads by the Government, which are earning large returns on the money invested.

The deposits of the people in the savings banks on Jan. 1, 1887, are shown to have amounted to 44,000,000 rubles, while on June 1, 1899, they had increased to 567,000,000 rubles.

THE BATTLE WITH THE SLUMS.

Jacob A. Riis Tells Young Men to be Reformers and Praises the Work of Gov. Roosevelt.

Jacob A. Riis delivered an illustrated lecture yesterday afternoon to a large audience of young men at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association upon the topic, "The Battle with the Slums." Verbally and by stereopticon views Mr. Riis pointed out the characteristics of the slums in this city as they were before reform touched them, as they are now, and as it is hoped to make them. He made frequent references to Gov. Roosevelt, and gave him much credit for results that had been accomplished. He contrasted old tenements with modern ones, and congested quarters of the city with those where parks and playgrounds have been provided.

Mr. Riis took an optimistic view of present conditions, saying that when schools, playgrounds, parks, swimming baths, and gymnasiums were built for the youth of the east side it was safe to say that the millennium was near. "Our century has been described as the century of great inventions," he said. "I would not characterize it as such, but as the century in which the public conscience awoke."

In speaking of the difficulties met with in obtaining parks for congested portions of the city, principally through the failure of officials to keep their promises, he said: "But in Albany to-day there is a man who was elected on a pledge, and he is keeping the pledge." The loud applause which greeted this allusion to the Governor pleased Mr. Riis, and he said: "You're all right. Anybody that claps like that for 'Teddy' is all right. I was talking with the Governor the other day about his early days in politics and he said to me, 'I wanted to be one of the kind that counts.'

"Don't be afraid of being called cranks," said Mr. Riis, in admonishing his hearers to be reformers. "The world is simply aching for a man that will do the right without flinching. It is good to be a hero or a great General, but what the world is pining for just now is men that have the courage to do right. And what is more, believe in man. That is one of the secrets of Roosevelt's success. People say he is too confiding, but he is not. He looks for the good in men, and he brings it out. It was so with the corrupt police force we had. He saw the good in the men, and it came out."

He made other references to Gov. Roosevelt, displaying his picture, and quoted him as saying: "It is better to be faithful than famous."

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Thomas L. Moore Elected Commander of the Association.

The Spanish War Veterans' Association of this city held its first annual election of officers at the headquarters, 2,994 Third Avenue, Saturday night. The officers chosen are: Commander—Thomas L. Moore; Vice Commander—Joseph B. McTeigue; Adjutant —James P. Kennedy; Quartermaster—L. W. Peters; Surgeon—Dr. R. P. Froelich; Chaplain—A. Harlow; Officer of the Day—Frank Schaller; Officer of the Guard—T. F. Dooley; Sergeant Major—C. M. Atwood; Quartermaster Sergeant—J. F. Bissinger.

In order that the headquarters might be as centrally located as possible, it was voted that until a suitable house can be secured the headquarters be removed to lodge rooms in the Harlem Lyceum, at One Hundred and Seventh Street and Third Avenue. The first meeting of the veterans at the new headquarters will take place on Jan. 6, when the officers will be formally installed, and the new ritual of the organization put in practice.

IN THE STATE PENITENTIARIES.

The Number of Prisoners Is Steadily on the Decrease.

ALBANY, Dec. 17.—According to the annual statistical reports filed with the State Prison Commission the total number of prisoners confined in the prisons, penitentiaries, reformatories, houses of refuge, and county jails of the State is steadily on the decrease, and especially is this fact noticeable in the penitentiaries.

Where, in 1895, there were 4,608 prisoners confined in our penitentiaries and 2,824 in 1897, the population in these institutions during the past year ended Oct. 1, shows a record of 2,221, a decrease of over 600. In every penitentiary, except in New York County, there is a decrease, and this exception shows but a slight increase of 36 over last year's population.

SHOT HIS PROTECTOR.

Detective Employed to Guard a Young Man Is Killed by His Charge.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 17.—There was a sensational murder to-day at the residence of E. Alexander Ferguson, on Dayton Street. Dudley Ferguson, son of E. A. Ferguson, has been afflicted with melancholy on account of failing to pass an examination recently for admission to the bar.

The family employed Gus Meehan, a well-known detective, to "shadow" young Ferguson, more for the protection of the young man than anything else. When the detective appeared to-day young Ferguson shot him, and Meehan soon died. Dudley Ferguson was arrested. E. A. Ferguson is one of the most prominent attorneys here. He is the author of the act under which the Cincinnati Southern Railway was built, and he has been the counsel and Trustee of that road. He was also a promoter of other enterprises.

Four Vessels for the Morgan Line.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Dec. 17.—A contract for the construction of four new freight and passenger vessels for the Morgan Line has been awarded to the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company. The total cost is to be $2,400,000.

CARDINAL GIBBONS EXPLAINS.

Praised John Boyle O'Reilly Without Knowledge of His Career—English Catholics May Welcome Him.

An end has apparently been put to the discord among English Catholics in their attitude toward Cardinal Gibbons, who has been asked by Cardinal Vaughan to deliver the sermon at the dedication next year of the new cathedral at Westminster, by the Baltimore prelate's explanatory letter published in the last issue of The London Tablet.

The trouble arose over a eulogistic introduction written nine years ago by Cardinal Gibbons to "The Life and Writings of John Boyle O'Reilly." W. E. H. Lecky, the English historian, in a recently published book, severely criticised the Cardinal for this introduction, declaring that O'Reilly, being a sworn Fenian, entered a regiment of Hussars, assumed the uniform of the Queen, and took the oath of allegiance for the express purpose of betraying his trust and seducing the soldiers of his regiment."

This criticism of the Cardinal was approved by an English Catholic, who, writing anonymously to The London Times, declared that under such circumstances the Baltimore prelate could not be welcomed by English Catholics if he accepted Cardinal Vaughan's invitation.

In his letter to The Tablet Cardinal Gibbons says:

"I feel it due to myself and the interests of truth to declare that till I read Mr. Lecky's criticism I did not know that Mr. O'Reilly had ever been a Fenian, or a British soldier, or that he had tried to seduce other soldiers from their allegiance. In fact, up to this moment I have never read a line of the biography for which I wrote the introduction."

The Cardinal declares that he know Mr. O'Reilly "only as a quiet, unobtrusive gentleman of conservative views, whose ardent temperament was mellowed by time and experience; as an exemplary husband and father, as a devoted Christian, who valiantly defended Catholic principles," and as a man who, by his literary talents, enjoyed the good-will and society of such writers as Holmes, Whittier, and Lowell.

In explanation of his having written the introduction to Mr. O'Reilly's memoirs without having been familiar with his career, the Cardinal says: "Without presuming to hold up such a course as an example to others, I must confess that this was not the first time I had communicated a preface to a book without even having seen the work itself, relying on the integrity and the judgment of the author. And I would not be surprised if Mr. Lecky himself, in his large experience, has heard of busy writers who have done likewise."

Commenting editorially on Cardinal Gibbons's letter, The Tablet says:

"The Cardinal's explanation is simble and ample. He was not aware that Mr. O'Reilly had ever been a Fenian, and knew nothing of the details of the charge upon which he was condemned in an English court of justice. And surely, if that had been otherwise, time might have been allowed to bring forgiveness for an offense committed so long ago, and so nobly atoned for."

Referring to the intimation that the Cardinal would be received coldly, The Tablet says: "Let him come and try; we will answer for his welcome."

SUITS OVER SCHAEFER ESTATE.

Albert Schaefer Seeks to Enforce Payment of a Compromise Sum.

No fewer than three lawsuits have grown out of the will of Frederick C. Schaefer, who was a member of the F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Company, and who died May 20, 1897, leaving an estate whose exact value has yet to be determined, but which is estimated to amount to nearly $1,500,000. This was originally bequeathed, in equal parts, to his three sons, Edward C., George G., and Albert Schaefer, and two of his three daughters, Mrs. George H. Chatillon and Mrs. Josephine N. Elcke. The other daughter is Baroness Rose K. von Burtenbach, who resides in Germany. She received only a small legacy under the will, moneys and property equivalent to her share in the estate, including a dower of about $25,000, having been paid to her during her father's lifetime. By a codicil to his will, made shortly before he died, however, Mr. Schaefer left only the income from a fifth of the estate to Albert Schaefer, the principal, on his death, to go to his children, if he had any, and in the contrary event, to revert to the residuary estate. Edward C. Schaefer, George G. Schaefer, and George H. Chatillon were named as executors.

Albert Schaefer, who is a bachelor, and in delicate health, filed, when the will was presented for probate, a petition alleging undue influence. Subsequently a compromise was reached, and he agreed to make no objection to the probate in consideration of the payment of a sum of $35,000. He alleges that he has received no part of this sum, and a suit is pending in the Supreme Court to enforce a settlement It probably will be reached next month.

Mr. Schaefer has also brought suit in the Surrogates' Court for a compulsory accounting by the executors. This action has been brought under the article of the code which provides that after the expiration of eighteen months any creditor or legatee under a will can compel an executor to render an accounting. This case may come up this week.

The third suit is a purely formal one, brought in the Supreme Court by Edward C. and George G. Schaefer against their fellow-executor, George H. Chatillon, to secure the judgment of this court as to the disposition of Frederick C. Schaefer's stock in a real estate concern, and which is said to be very valuable. Albert Schaefer is equally interested in securing this judgment. This matter is also expected to come up before the end of the year.

In the two other suits Addison Gardner is attorney for Albert Schaefer. The executors are represented by Ashbel P. Fitch. George G. Schaefer, when questioned yesterday refused to discuss the proceedings in any way. "We have decided to say nothing about the matter," he said.

New Steamship El Cid Here.

The steamship El Cid, the last to be completed of the four new Morgan liners built at the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company's yards to replace the vessels sold to the Government during the war, reached this city yesterday fresh from the hands of her builders. She is exactly like the new El Sud, El Norte, and El Rio already in commission. El Cid was named after its predecessor which became the Niotheroy in the Brazilian Navy and is now the Buffalo of the United States Navy.

Miss Zerega Resting Easily.

Walter Eastman, the cab driver who ran over and seriously injured on Saturday Miss Florence Zerega at Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, was charged with reckless driving in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, but was remanded until to-morrow morning. Miss Zerega, who is stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel as a guest of her brother, Frederick Zerega, was resting easily last night. Unless unexpected complications set in, she will recover.

New French Liner in Port.

The French Line steamer L'Aquitaine, formerly the Normannia of the Hamburg-American Line, and for a time an auxiliary Spanish naval vessel, arrived yesterday, looking very much like a new craft, after an extensive overhauling. She is commanded by Capt. Poirot, formerly of the steamship La Champagne. The trip was a somewhat tempestuous one, and nearly every one aboard was seasick, even some of the sailors.

$20,000 Fire on Wooster Street.

The seven-story business building at 179 Wooster Street was damaged by fire yesterday afternoon to the extent of $5,000. The Boston Waist Company, which occupies the third and four floors, lost $10,000, and the Improved Sponging and Refinishing Company, which occupied the second floor, rear, lost $5,000, making a total loss of $20,000. The cause of the fire is not known.

William Schaus
ART GALLERY
Open Evenings
Until Christmas.
204 Fifth Avenue (Madison Square)

OUR HOLIDAY OFFERING

Everything Pretty and Useful.

Handkerchiefs,
Wool and Down Comfortables,
Real Lace Bed Spreads,
Tapestry Table Covers,
Portieres and Panels,
and a great variety of Silk Squares for Fancy Work.

McGibbon & Co.
Broadway and Nineteenth Street.

W. & J. Sloane

Prior to the taking of their Annual Inventory and to make room for their new stock, are now offering this season's patterns of

SMITH'S WILTON VELVET CARPETINGS

at unusually low prices.

The best inexpensive Carpet made.

Broadway & 19th Street.

An Article of Underwear

to which is pinned no little slip of complicated directions for washing; which needs no special soap; no particular treatment; which may be soaked with the white goods, and put through the wringer with them; dried any way and dampened down for to-morrow morning.

Impossible? Oh, no! Try it and see.

KOTEDSILK
TRADE MARK - REGISTERED

ON EVERY GARMENT.

KOTEDSILK UNDERWEAR CO., MILLBURY, MASS
76 Leonard St., N. Y. City, and All Leading Stores.

KILLED A MAN WITH A STONE.

Three Generations of a Family on Trial for a Murder.

SCRANTON, Penn., Dec. 17.—A murder trial in which three generations of a family were defendants ended to-day with a verdict of manslaughter against Thomas Gallagher, aged twenty-one years, the youngest of the four defendants, and acquittal for his brother, Joseph Gallagher; his mother, Ann Gallagher, and his grandmother, Bridget Dempsey.

The murder for which they were tried was the killing of James Quinn, in Carbondale Township, Aug. 13 last, during a quarrel between the Quinns and the Gallaghers, which began in a dispute between boys. The witnesses were all positive that the fatal wound was caused by a stone thrown by Thomas Gallagher.

Speedway Moving Pictures.

There was a gathering of riders and drivers at the Harlem Music Hall yesterday, who came there upon the invitation of Messrs. Hurtig & Seamon, to view a series of motograph pictures of the Speedway. The pictures were taken Sunday morning last, when the Speedway was crowded with well-known horsemen. Among the first pictures shown was that of a lively brush between Mrs. Gill, driving Jack, and Alexander Newberger driving Smilax. The pictures will be shown this evening.

Freight Wreck on the Jersey Central.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Dec. 17.—A heavily loaded coal train ran head-on into a freight train at Doughty's Crossing of the Central Railroad of New Jersey this morning. Both engines were wrecked, and six coal cars and five freight cars were piled in a heap. The tracks were torn up, and traffic on the east-bound tracks was delayed for eight hours. Both engineers and firemen jumped and escaped injury.

Fire and Loss of Life in Duluth.

DULUTH, Dec. 17.—Fire this morning destroyed the factory of the Duluth Boot and Shoe Company. One of the firemen, H. McVitte, was killed by falling walls, and John Twaddle and Capt. John Welsh were injured seriously. Loss on stock and building, $130,000; insurance, $90,000.

Policeman's Wife a Suicide.

Mrs. Mary E. Bonjour, thirty-three years of age, wife of Policeman Daniel Bonjour of the Seventy-fourth Precinct, killed herself yesterday by drinking carbolic acid, at her home, at 478 Third Street, Astoria. Mrs. Bonjour leaves three children. No reason is known for her act.

Western Minister Called to London.

DETROIT, Dec. 17.—The Rev. Dr. J. T. Sunderland, formerly pastor of Unitarian churches in Ann Arbor, Mich., and Oakland, Cal., has accepted a call to the Highgate Unitarian church, London, England, the church of which the late Rev. Dr. Speare was pastor.

Hanna Did Not Lease Hobart House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The announcement that Senator Hanna has leased the late Vice-President Hobart's house in this city is stated to have been erroneous.

PIANOS.

HARDMAN PIANO

"The Only Piano that Improves with Use."

See the new Hardman Baby Grand

HARDMAN, PECK & CO.,
136 & 138 Fifth Ave., New York.
ANDERSON & CO.,
470 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN

THE OPERA PIANO.

New and elegant designs, also several slightly used WRITE FOR BARGAIN LIST.
Warerooms, Broadway, Cor. 47th St.
OPEN EVENINGS.

DOLL'S HIGH GRADE GRAND AND UPRIGHT Pianos; new Pianos to rent; second-hand Pianos at low prices. JACOB DOLL, Mfr., 144 5th Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Companions.

COMPANION, &c.—By a lady as companion and attendant to an invalid or aged person: references exchanged. Companion, 708 Columbus Av.

Cooks.

COOK.—By young girl as first-class cook; best city reference. 804 6th Av.

Nurses.

INFANT'S NURSE.—By reliable young Protestant; North of Ireland; experienced; take entire charge, bring up on bottle; best city reference. Hetherington, 631 Columbus Av.

Seamstresses.

SEAMSTRESS.—By a thoroughly competent seamstress by day; does all kinds of family sewing, curtains, cushions; also repairing dresses, finishing, and alterations. Seamstress, 773 Amsterdam Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Butlers.

BUTLER.—By a first-class butler; understands his duties thoroughly; specialty receptions, dinner parties; keeping silver as new; personal city references. 218 W. 32d St.; Vandercam's bell.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN.—Swede, age 29; understands the care of fine horses, harness, and carriages; strictly sober and trustworthy; excellent references from last and former employers. C. A. Anderson, 244 East 35th St.

COACHMAN—LAUNDRESS or COOK.—As coachman in city or country; wife good laundress or plain cook; excellent reference; late employer can be seen. A. H., 270 West 23d St.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

WANTED—A French maid; must be competent seamstress; best city references required. Apply 12 to 2 P. M., 718 Madison Av.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 111 Broadway:

By John N. Golding, foreclosure sale, Chase Mellen, referee, St. Ann's Avenue, east side, 300 feet south of One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street, 75 by 100, vacant. Due on judgment, $1,717; subject to other mortgages for $7,825.

By John N. Golding, foreclosure sale, Chase Mellen, referee, Brook Avenue, west side, 151 feet south of One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Street, 79 by 80, vacant. Due on judgment, $1,750; subject to another mortgage for $6,000.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, Sampson H. Weinhandler, referee, 168 Pearl Street, southeast corner of Pine Street, 20.7 by 47.2, five-story brick building. Due on judgment, $12,431; subject to another mortgage for $35,000.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale; Frank W. Thomas, referee, 127 West Sixty-third Street, north side, 239.7 feet west of Columbus Avenue, 18.9 by 100.5, four-story brick dwelling. Due on judgment, $15,958.

By Peter F. Meyer & Co., foreclosure sale, John M. Stoddard, referee, Frederick Street, east side, 100 feet north of One Hundred and Eighty-seventh Street, 50 by 87.6, vacant. Due on judgment, $2,938.

REAL ESTATE.

THE LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.

Furnishes careful appraisements of real estate at regular rates. Apply to Bureau of Investment, 37 Liberty St.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

GEO. R. READ. W. J. VAN PELT.
Geo. R. Read,
REAL ESTATE.
751 5TH AVE. at 58th St.
1 Madison Avenue, cor. 23d St
HEAD OFFICE 60 CEDAR ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

THE MONTICELLO,

75th Street and West End Avenue. One 8-room Apartment for rent. Electric lights, elevator, steam heat, and all modern improvements. Building thoroughly fireproof.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

TWO MEN, HAVING $20,000 EACH TO INvest, desire third man with like amount of cash to join them in a general export business to the Far East. Must be willing and capable to travel in the interests of the business in Asia, as may be required. One of the parties interested has an established business in New York, with exceptional Eastern connections and excellent facilities, and wishes to extend scope of business to embrace wider territory. This will require active participation and capital of third party. Highest references as to standing, responsibility, and capability will be required, as well as furnished. Address CHINA, Times.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FRANCIS E. CLARK, D. D., PRES. UNITED Societies of Christian Endeavor, will address young people in Calvary Baptist Church, West 57th St., near 6th Av., this evening, at 8 o'clock. Ira D. Sankey will sing.

INSTRUCTION—DANCING.

T. GEORGE DODWORTH,
12 and 14 East 49th Street.
CLASSES AND PRIVATE LESSONS.
Commencing Saturday, Oct. 21st.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 1,689.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—MARY L. R. FANCHER, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Mary L. R. Fancher, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated December 11th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, December 27th, 1899, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 16, 1899.

NO. 1,696.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—ERNEST C. HINCK, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ernest C. Hinck, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 12th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, December 27th, 1899, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 16, 1899.

NO. 758.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—MORRIS LIVINGSTON, bankrupt

Notice is hereby given that Morris Livingston, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 14th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, January 3d, 1900, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 16, 1899.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL RITTER, bankrupt.—In bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Samuel Ritter of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1899, the said Samuel Ritter was duly adjudicated bankrupt; and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, 120 Broadway, New York City, on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1899, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
December 15th, 1899.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 1,688.—JOHN SCHLACHTER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that John Schlachter, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 11th, 1899, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. Addison Brown, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, December 27th, 1899, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.; and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

GEORGE C. HOLT, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 16, 1899.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the Exchange Place Real Estate Company, a domestic Stock Corporation, has filed in this office on this eleventh day of December, 1899, papers for a voluntary dissolution of such corporation, under Section 37 of the Stock Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine. J. B. H. MONGIN,
Deputy Secretary of State.

Seal of Secretary of State and 10-cent U. S. revenue stamp, duly cancelled, affixed.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —I, Edo E. Mercelis, Receiver of the CROSBY ELECTRIC COMPANY, do hereby give notice that under and pursuant to an order of this court made and entered herein the 28th day of November, 1899, I will present my account to Francis B. Delehanty, Esq., the Referee appointed by said order to take and state my account, at the office of said Referee, No. 220 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on December 27th, 1899, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. EDO E. MERCELIS, Receiver.
CHAS. N. MORGAN & SON, Attorneys for Receiver, 27 William Street, New York City.

EXCURSIONS.

WASHINGTON. Pleasant Three-Day Trip, by Royal Blue Line, Thurs., Dec. 28. Hotel and Traveling Expenses included.
$12. ..... According to Hotel **$14.50**
THOS. COOK & SON,
261 and 1225 Broadway, N. Y.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY in the City of New York, plaintiff, against JOHN T. FARLEY, Emma Johnson, Frances Kirby, Edward Dougherty, Jane McMenomy, Samuel Brown, Augustin H. Goelet, Simon Felst, Benjamin W. Tuckley, Louis Wein, Watson H. Bowne, Warren Ferris, Louis Cosby, defendants.—Summons.—New York is the county in which the plaintiff desires the trial of this action.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, August 9th, 1899.
DUER, STRONG & WHITEHEAD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Office and Post Office address, No. 50 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants Emma Johnson, Frances Kirby, Edward Dougherty, and Jane McMenomy:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Francis M. Scott, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York; dated the 24th day of October, 1899, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in said county.—Dated New York, October 27, 1899.
DUER, STRONG & WHITEHEAD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
c30-1aw6wM&d11

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—THE FUCHS & LANG MANUFACTURING COMPANY against JAMES J. KEOUGH.—Summons with Notice.—Plaintiff desires trial to be had in New York County.

To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, June 16, 1899.
J. E. LUDDEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the defendant, James J. Keough:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Francis M. Scott, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 4th day of November, 1899, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 4th day of November, 1899.
Dated New York, November 4th, 1899.
J. E. LUDDEN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, No. 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
n6-1aw7wM

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—CHARLES A. JACKSON, plaintiff, against THOMAS T. READ, defendant.

To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, November 6th, 1899.
JOHN HETHERINGTON,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and Post Office Address, 16 and 18 Exchange Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendant, Thomas T. Read: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. W. Bourke Cockran, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 1st day of December, 1899, and filed with the summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in said county.—Dated December 9th, 1899.
JOHN HETHERINGTON,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
16 and 18 Exchange Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.
d11-1awbwM

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BEACH, ELIZABETH.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH BEACH late of Evanston, Illinois, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at Room 40, No. 51 Chambers Street, in Manhattan Borough of the City of New York, on or before the twelfth day of January next.—Dated New York, June 10, 1899.
MARINE BAGOT TOWNSEND WANDELL, Executors. THOMAS W. BUTTS, Attorney for Executors, 51 Chambers St., N. Y.
jy10-1awtuthM

CUMING, JAMES R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES R. CUMING, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Richard W. Freedman, No. 2 Wall Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 20th day of January next.—Dated New York, the first day of July, 1899. LETITIA CUMING, ALMON GOODWIN, HENRY THOMPSON, Executrix and Executors. RICHARD W. FREEDMAN, Attorney for Executors, No. 2 Wall St., Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City. jy3-1aw6mM

FRY, SIMON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON FRY, late of the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Messrs. Horwitz & Samuels, their attorneys, No. 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of July next.—Dated New York, the 12th day of December, 1899. MARY FRY, Executrix. ISAAC FRY, Executor. HORWITZ & SAMUELS, Attorneys for Executors, 346 Broadway.

HEARN, EDWIN R.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWIN R. HEARN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of King & Jessup, their attorneys, No. 30 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 16th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1899. FRANCIS T. HEARN and WILLIAM H. HEARN, Executors. KING & JESSUP, Attorneys for Executors, 30 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Honorable Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SAMUEL JACOBY, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Attorney of Executors, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on or before

Open Every Evening this Week except Saturday.

Christmas Bounty—And the Wanamaker Store

THE problem for us is: how to get enough beautiful, useful, practical things to supply your demands.

Delivery service is expanded to meet all requirements. Everything sold thus far is sent home,—or packed and ready, if you named a later day for delivery.

Our staff that watches foreign invoices is hurrying in the belated cases; we are even selling such of next spring's goods as are fit for giving.

It is an orderly, well-managed hurry now to have Christmas things ready for Christmas—for, while we have sold to date vastly more than ever before, there are thousands more of you coming to us, depending on this store bountiful. Express time now on everything—not a scramble, but the rapid controlled movement such as sends trains along safely at sixty-five miles an hour.

Half a thousand more helpers than last year—days made longer by hitching on the evening hours, which are the store's glistening times. More electricity, more steam, another elevator to carry boxes in and parcels out.

We are being heartily thanked for giving New York a needed extra store; we have to thank Our Public for the endorsement that is both recompense and goad to still-better storekeeping.

The Holiday Tableaux in the Rotunda are very real—for we see things largely in the light of our own feelings. You will cap this year of 1899 with a Christmas fitting and worthwhile. Our help, our haste, our carefulness, and, withal, our welcome to visitor—sightseer and purchaser.

London Paintings: half-hour exhibits at 10:30, 11:30, 3, 4:30, 8 and 9 o'clock—more pictures than ever at each showing.

The wonderful Madonna can be seen continuously.

THINGS TO GIVE TO MEN

Jules Monard Gold Watches, $125, $130.
Wanamaker Special Gold Watches, made for us in Geneva, $50.
Other watches, starting at $1.75 for some in nickel cases, up to $150 for those of fine gold.
Diamond Rings—same prices as before the African war. But only while present stocks last. Diamond Pins.
Smoking Jackets, Lounging Robes, Bath Robes. We brought many from London.
Suspenders—the mountings will last a life-time. New elastic is cheap.
Smoking Tables. The finest have both the help of many conveniences and music-box. Finest Meerschaum Pipes are $16—cheaper than they used to be.
Slippers—the practical, comfortable sorts.
Traveling Outfits. Furnished bags that hold every creature comfort.
Pocket-Books that are strong enough to withstand swelling.
Books—every fit book is here and such reference books as widen a man and save headaches and worry.
Fur Gloves—finest are $20.

A New Upright Piano Why not? A bijou instrument, 4 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft. 9 in. long, 2 ft. deep—yet it holds the full 7 1-3 octave Royal action. Snugly built—ideal for boudoir and small rooms. Cased in mahogany or oak. And the price is $175.

By the way, do you know all about this piano store? Fifth floor.

Silk Waists A new lot—fresh and crisp taffeta silk waists in the best shades—some black. Corded all over. The price is $5, though you'd not think $6.50 exorbitant. Second floor.

Parlor Cabinets and Tables The holiday spirit pervades this large field of fine furniture. There have been great preparations here. Furniture of elegance, brought from wherever superiority of product is known, fill almost endless aisles—and plentiful stocks in reserve from which to draw. There's a showing here today of parlor and curio cabinets and fine vernis-martin tables—goods of particular excellence. Over 100 styles—and at least half of these priced a third to a half less than regularly. Some hints of savings follow:

Vernis-martin Curio Cabinets at $12 that sell regularly at $24, at $13 instead of $27, at $17 instead of $34, at $20 instead of $48. And some of mahogany at $28 that sell regularly today at $56. A few at $50 that were $140.
Vernis-martin Parlor Tables at $9, though regularly $18, at $12 instead of $24, and so on.
Vernis-martin Screens at $16, $40 and $44 that are regularly just double.
Then there's a miscellaneous group—Work Tables, Desks and Cabinets of various sorts at $14 to $130—prices that represent reductions of a third at least, up to a full half.
All new, perfect goods, fresh from the maker—some that have no duplicates in this collection. Fourth floor.

Dress Goods for Gifts Merry Christmas all around—the mill-men have lived to see wholesale prices twenty per cent. above the calamity level. Everybody is busy, and to keep little lots from under foot, they sold the goods to us—so did some of the importing houses. A loss, but it's on such a wee fraction of their business that it doesn't hurt.

Dress patterns—fine for gifts—are selling anywhere to-day cheaper than we can replace the goods in many cases.

Liberal lengths, neatly banded—
At $2—Of Fancy Mixed Suiting.
At $2.40—Of Half Wool Covert Cloths.
At $2.50—Of Striped Homespun Cheviot.
At $2.65—Of All-wool Vigoreaux.
At $2.45—Of English Striped Suiting.
At $2.65—Of Silk-and-wool Fancy Velour Stripes.
At $3—Of Fancy Silk-and-wool Suiting.
At $3—Of Camel's-hair Cheviot.
At $3.30—Of Self-colored Figured Worsteds.
At $3.75—Of Ladies' Cloth.
At $4.50—Of Cheviot Covert Cloth.
At $4.50—Of Silk-and-wool Crepe Brilliant.
At $4.50—Of Camel's-hair Plaids.
At $5—Of two-toned Cheviots.
At $6—Of Matelasse Cheviot.
At $6—Of Imported Mixed Poplins.
At $7.50—Of Whipcord Covert Cloths.

And lengths of Black Dress Goods, neatly banded, starting at $2.25 a pattern and ending at $6.

Pretty Cottons—
50c a pattern for pretty Calicoes.
$1 a pattern for pretty Seersuckers.
$1 a pattern for printed Cashmerettes.
$1.25 a pattern for Printed Percales.

Dress patterns of wool goods with proper garniture, attractively packed in fancy boxes, $2.50, $2.75, $3, $3.25, $3.50, $4 and $5.50.
Rotunda and Fourth avenue.

Women's Neckwear Surely there was the gift-making thought in the mind of the buyer who chose these attractive stocks. The collection seems brighter, cheerier, prettier than ever before. More extensive, too—you'll find variety enough. Newest, best styles throughout, and not a piece in the store that's dear.

Some fancy bows, wholly new in style, at 50c each.
Jabots, in pretty boxes, 25c and $1.
Ruffs, in many styles, at 95c and $1.50.
Ostrich Boas, rich, elegant, at $12, and upward, according to length.
Broadway and Tenth street.

Wanamaker Calendars It's the renaissance time of the calendar. The advertising calendar is not all-sufficient—there are rooms where the dately reminder of the storekeeper, coal seller and medicine man are not "the thing," well-appointed offices where advertising calendars are not admitted. How do we know? Well, for several years our calendar business has strengthened—we have elegant calendars made to our order, to sell. Fifty thousand people have taken our catalogues of calendars for 1900. Not a catalogue left—and the calendars are "selling like hot cakes."

Thirty-eight styles, some with pictures after Humphreys, Brundage, Grivaz and Moran, **10c to 35c**—as much beauty as has cost 25c to $1.25 heretofore.

These at 10c each. By mail, 12c.
No. 32. Outing—6-piece fan; women's heads; 6x11 in.
No. 33. Merry Childhood—6-piece fan; children's heads; 6x11 in.
15c each. By mail, 17c.
No. 21. Rose Queen—4 slats, drop; roses, by C. Klein; 6½x16 in.
No. 22. Pansy Time—4 slats, drop; pansies, by C. Klein; 6½x16 in.
No. 27. True Hearts—4 slats in the shape of a heart, drop; designs of landscapes and flowers; 5½x26 in.
No. 30. The Children's Week—7-piece fan, children's heads; 8½x15 in.
No 31. The Seasons—7-piece fan, handsome landscapes; 8¼x15 in.
20c each. By mail, 25c.
No. 9. Heartsease—4 leaves, turn over; pansies, by C. Klein; 8½x11½ in.
No. 10. Floral Reverie—4 leaves; 8½x11½
No. 13. Pastoral—4 leaves; turn over; landscapes, from water-color designs; 7½x13 in.
25c each. By mail, 30c.
No. 8. Summer Roses—4 leaves, turn over; roses, by C. Klein, 8½x11½ in.
No. 11. Children of the Year—4 leaves, turn over; children's heads, by Frances Brundage; tied with silk loops: 8½x11½.
Both book stores.
And special counters on Second and Fifth floors.

Furs Pardon this little list—we must give diversified news today—three million people thinking of Christmas.

Sealskin Coats, London-dyed skins, $150.
Persian Lamb Coats, collar and revers of chinchilla, $125.
Collarettes of natural lynx; high storm collar with animal heads, $20.
Scarfs of blended Baum marten, with cluster tails, $25.
Collarettes of stone marten, high storm collar, $40. Second floor, Broadway.

Headwear for Little Folks Tam O'Shanters made of camel's hair—quite the vogue, $1, $1.25.

Double-band Golf Caps, cloth and cheviot, 65c and 85c.

Polo Hats of chinchilla, plush and cloth, 85c to $2.50.

Derbys and Telescopes, $1,50, $2.

Toques for baby, 35c. And for older children at 25c to $1.25.
Second floor, Tenth street.

Blankets The purchasing of blankets here is attended always with these advantages: The sizes and weights are *accurately* given—no guesswork or exaggeration; the prices are favorable to the consumer—our large buying brings us price concessions the benefit of which we're willing you should share,

Now, here are blankets at $3.50 a pair. They weigh 5 lbs. and measure 72x84 in.; filling of long staple wool on cotton warp. A good value.
At $4 a pair—A trifle smaller, 70x82, but the same weight, and all wool.
At $5 a pair—Extra large—78x86—7 lbs.; these have wool filling on spool cotton warp.
Exceptionally good qualities, too, at $6 and $8 a pair.
Some of those fine French blankets are still here; one of these is equal in weight to an ordinary pair. They're shown in various pretty colorings. $10 each.

Slumber Robes Those of Italian silk are in greatest favor. Some Roman stripes at $1.50 each, and at $2.50. Rich, delicately colored robes, Italian silk with Jacquard patterns, are $5. At the same price, handsome wool blankets—used frequently for house and dressing gowns. Third floor.

Eiderdown Sacques More to sell at 35c each. To be offered at half-past ten this morning. Only one to a purchaser. Their predecessors were all gone in an hour or two. These will go as quickly. Be prompt if you would own one. The material is the same quality as that used in the dollar garments. All good, solid colors.
Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Hats from Paris and Here

A baker's dozen of very elegant Fur-Trimmed Hats have just come to us from Paris. Rebeaux, Virot, Pouyanne and Lewis send them. We thought you'd appreciate this latest touch of French fashion.

Our own trimmers have done wonders this week—made up half a hundred sweet little Evening Hats which we shall sell today at $5 to $7.

The day's millinery news is decidedly interesting. Yes, and important.
Second Floor, Broadway.

The Wanamaker Store.

Women's Handkerchiefs==Half Price

Seems strange that anybody should feel overstocked with handkerchiefs. With 3,000 sorts we are nearly meeting your demands. But, of course, there is the Wanamaker guarantee of "all-linen." Other sellers let you guess. Well, we have an importer's clear-up lot—mostly 50c and 75c Handkerchiefs—hemstitched and embroidered—to sell at **Eighteen (18c) Cents.**
Broadway.

Silks Why not add enough silk for waist—no matter what else you give. To help you to buy quickly we've cut waist-lengths from quite two hundred pretty silks and packed them in neat gift boxes. $2 and more.

The silks are in light and dark colorings and black. We've thought it out—how many gifts there are to buy, and all that—so you'll find lots of silks at **half price** among these gift-lots. But good silk in every case.
Rotunda.

Down Comfortables There's comfort in the very thought of these—the knowledge that they're thoroughly good. *We* know that, and you have our assurance. Down Comfortables are made here. The down is pure—odorless. Some that are covered with sateen are $3.75. And there are luxuriant silk ones at $10, $15, $16 and up to $150.

Comfortables filled with cotton are $1 to $3. Third floor.

Knit Petticoats There's one kind at 65c. It's all cotton, in pink, pale blue, red or navy blue. Those of wool in light or dark solid colors, with wide borders—some of silk, in contrasting colors—$1 to $1.75. Suitably boxed for giving, if you wish.
Second Floor, Tenth street.

THINGS TO GIVE TO WOMEN

Watches. Suit your taste, her fancy and your purse. $5 to $120.
Diamonds—which are next surest to government bonds.
Silver Table Ware. Silver Toilet Ware.
Furs. We got more fine furs for this season than ever before. Already we are searching for more.
Wraps of cloth, silk; and velour is proper again.
A Piano—the Angelus is a piano player; the Angelus Library keeps you supplied with music.
Silk for dress or waist.
Art China, Bronzes, Marble Figures, Bric-a-Brac.
Pictures—meritorious ones, whether you spend little or much.
Kid Gloves. A Paris store asked to share the product of our Grenoble producer.
Handkerchiefs. There are only three stores in America where linen is always all-flax.
Books. Subscription to Periodicals.
Desks Music Cabinets Pretty Chairs.

Elegant Lamps Reduced French china bases in artistic shapes, decorated with roses, orchids and the like—and different. The metal trimmings are in Renaissance effects, finished like Etruscan gold. We are simply selling, for him, the remainder of his winter production—and here are only a few—

$12 instead of $20 $25 instead of $50
$20 instead of $35 $50 instead of $100
$100 instead of $150.
Basement.

New Pocket Books From Vienna—just reached us in time for today's selling—the oddest, handsomest pocket-books any woman ever owned. Leather—hard to tell what sorts, those Viennese workers manipulate it so queerly. But some of the pieces are embossed with shadowy figures, touched with a queer coppery glint; others have silver mountings—l'Art Nouveau. $2 to $14.
Main floor, Tenth street.

Silk Petticoats These are in all the new shades, and black. Made attractively. Accordion plaited. Petticoats that sell regularly at $7. These, without a single fault, at $5.
Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Christmas Candies An excellent quality of glace fruits, $1.50 for 5-lb. box, and a 5-lb. box of fine mixed candies for $1.

Various chocolate specialties; nougat, eclair, marshmallows and caramels—at 20c a pound.

THINGS TO GIVE TO BOYS

Mechanical Toys Typewriters Skates Sleds Rubber Boots
Musical Instruments Outfits for Games Pocket Knives Silver Pencils Bicycles
Printing Presses Canes, 50c to $5 Cameras Sweaters Scarf Pins, $1.50 up to $50.
Fountain Pens, $2.50 up Military Brushes Smoking Materials of Chocolate Silk Mufflers
Watches—$5 to $125—solid gold ones at $22.50.
Books—healthy, live stories that teach facts of importance amusingly, or cultivate a taste for good reading.
Gloves A Big Overcoat.
Things to play store with—even the building to carry on the business in.
Barns Stables Soldier Equipment.

THINGS TO GIVE TO GIRLS

Dolls—the finest are dressed like real ladies. But any doll gives pleasure.
Doll Outfits Doll Houses and Furniture Games Music Boxes
Books—The Elsie Books; Loyal Hearts and True. The list might fill this page.
Watches—$5 to $50.
Toilet Pieces—something to start their bureau sets.
Furs. We had trouble in getting girlish fur garments, so had them made to our notion.
Belts and Belt Clasps Artists' Materials Umbrellas, 50c to $5 Stationery Music Rolls
Renaissance Lace Collars, $4.50 Pocket-Books, plain or mounted Card Cases Opera Glasses
Perfumery Work Boxes Jewelry Fancy Neckwear Silk Petticoats, $5.

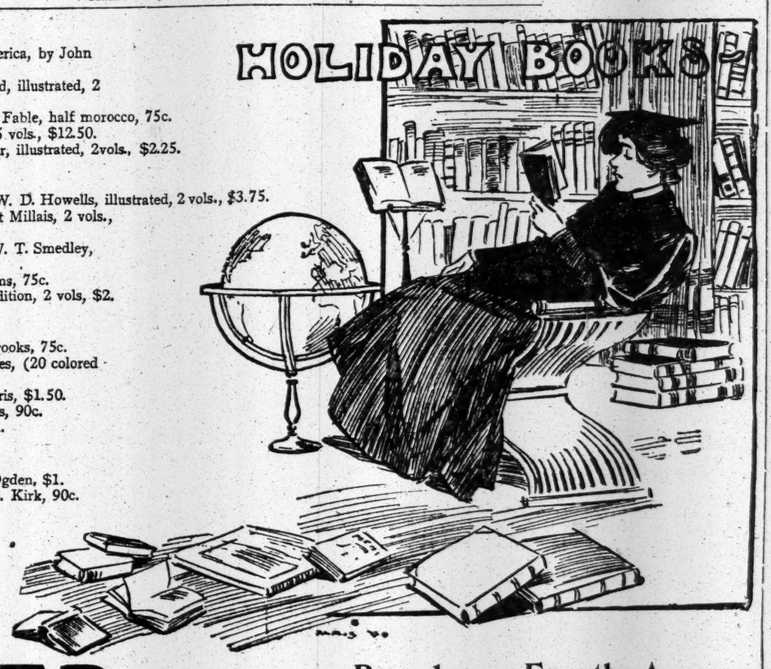
Five Books for Men—
Dutch and Quaker Colonies in America, by John Fiske, 2 vols., $3.
Saracinesca, by F. Marion Crawford, illustrated, 2 vols., $3.75.
Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase and Fable, half morocco, 75c.
Allibone's Dictionary of Authors, 5 vols., $12.50.
Constantinople, by W. T. Grosvenor, illustrated, 2vols., $2.25.

Five Books for Women—
Their Silver Wedding Journey, by W. D. Howells, illustrated, 2 vols., $3.75.
Life and Letters of Sir John Everett Millais, 2 vols., $7.50.
Life and Character, Drawings by W. T. Smedley, $3.50.
Our Poets, Their Portraits and Poems, 75c.
Last Days of Pompeii, illustrated edition, 2 vols, $2.

Five Books for Boys—
On Wood Cove Island, by E. S. Brooks, 75c.
Natural History, by Alfred H. Miles, (20 colored plates), 90c.
Plantation Pageants, by J. C. Harris, $1.50.
In Blue and White, by E. S. Brooks, 90c.
No Surrender, by G. A. Henty, $1.

Five Books for Girls—
Loyal Hearts and True, by Ruth Ogden, $1.
Dorothy and Her Friends, by E. O. Kirk, 90c.
Maid of the First Century, by F. Madison, 75c.
A Pretty Tory, by J. G. Lincoln, $1.10.
Told Under the Cherry Tree, by Grace Le Baron, 75c.

Book Stores—Both sides of Ninth Street.



Formerly
A. T. Stewart & Co.,

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue,
Ninth and Tenth Streets.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M.		P. M.	
Sun rises	7:20	Sun sets	4:34
Moon rises	6:23		

High Water This Day.

A. M.		A. M.		A. M.	
S. Hook	8:12	Gov. Isl'd	8:44	H. Gate	10:40
P. M.		P. M.		P. M.	
S. Hook	8:44	Gov. Isl'd	9:19	H. Gate	11:15

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (MONDAY,) DEC. 18.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Algiers, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Seneca, Tampico	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
TUESDAY, DEC. 19.		
El Norte, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Harald, Inagua, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Iroquois, Charleston		3:00 P. M.
Lampasas, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Tallsman, Barbados, &c	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Valetta, La Plata	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
WEDNESDAY, DEC. 20.		
Allianca, Colon	9:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
	*10:30 A. M.	
Southwark, Southampton and Antwerp	9:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
	*10:30 A. M.	
Tjomo, Grenada, &c	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
U. S. transport —, San Juan, &c	10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Wordsworth, Pernambuco, &c	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Yucatan, Havana, Progreso, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
THURSDAY, DEC. 21.		
Comal, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
L'Aquitaine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Prins Willem II., Port au Prince, &c	10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Santiago, Nassau, &c	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
	*1:30 P. M.	
State of Nebraska, Glasgow		1:00 P. M.
FRIDAY, DEC. 22.		
Algonquin, Charleston		3:00 P. M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick		3:00 P. M.
Silvia, Newfoundland	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
SATURDAY, DEC. 23.		
Altai, Jamaica, &c	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
	*10:30 A. M.	
Buffalo, Hull		
Ethiopia, Glasgow	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Etruria, Queenstown and Liverpool	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Fontabelle, St. Thomas, &c	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
	*10:00 A. M.	
Havana, Havana	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Island, Christiana, &c	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Louisiana, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Manitou, London		
Nueces, Key West and Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Olinda, Nuevitas	1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Patricia, Hamburg		8:30 A. M.
Philadelphia, San Juan, &c	11:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
	*11:30 A. M.	
Statendam, Rotterdam	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
SUNDAY DEC. 24.		
Seminole, Charleston, &c		10:00 A. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China, Japan, and Philippine Islands, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. $22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamship City of London. Mails for China, Japan, and the Philippine Islands, via Seattle, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. $22, inclusive, for dispatch per steamship Idzumi Maru. (registered mail must be directed "via Seattle.") Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) New Zealand, Hawaii, Fiji and Samoan Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after Dec. $9 and up to Dec. $23, inclusive, or on day of arrival of steamship Campania, due at New York Dec. 23, for dispatch per steamship Mariposa. Mails for Japan, China, and the Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to Dec. $24, inclusive, for dispatch per steamship Algoa, (letters must be directed "per Algoa.")

‡Registered mail closes at 6 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (MONDAY,) DEC. 18.

Argyle, Gibraltar, Dec. 3.
Charing Cross, Gibraltar, Nov. 23.
Chicago City, Swansea, Dec. 3.
Condor, St. Lucia, Dec. 11.
Ethiopia, Glasgow, Dec. 7.
Louisiana, New Orleans, Dec. 13.
Madiana, St. Thomas, Dec. 13.
Maskelyne, St. Lucia, Dec. 10.
Peninsular, Lisbon, Dec. 2.
Ras Elba, Gibraltar, Nov. 29.

TUESDAY, DEC. 19.

Altai, Port Limon, Dec. 12.
El Paso, New Orleans, Dec. 14.
Fuerst Bismarck, Naples, Dec. 8.
Kaiser Willem der Grosse, Bremen, Dec. 12.
Manitou, London, Dec. 9.
Neustria, Azores, Dec. 9.
Picqua, Gibraltar, Dec. 5.
Westernland, Antwerp, Dec. 9.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 20.

Advance, Colon, Dec. 13.
Algonquin, Jacksonville, Dec. 17.
Georgic, Liverpool, Dec. 10.
Planet Mercury, Moville, Dec. 6.
Teutonic, Liverpool, Dec. 13.

THURSDAY, DEC. 21.

Alsatia, Gibraltar, Dec. 7.
Columbia, Hamburg, Dec. 13.

FRIDAY, DEC. 22.

Chateau Lafite, Havre, Dec. 10.
El Mar, New Orleans, Dec. 10.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg, Dec. 11.

SATURDAY, DEC. 23.

Campania, Liverpool, Dec. 16.
Jersey City, Swansea, Dec. 9.
Ontario, Hull, Dec. 11.
Pocassett, Liverpool, Dec. 11.
St. Paul, Southampton, Dec. 16.

Arrived.

SS Philadelphia, Chambers, Porto Cabello, &c., Dec. 6, with mdse. and passengers to Boulton, Bliss & Dallett. Arrived at the Bar at 8:10 A. M.

SS Tryg, (Nor.,) Danielsen, Havana Dec. 10, in ballast to Bennett, Walsh & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11:30 P. M. 16th.

SS Christiania, (Ger.,) Schrotter, Swinemunde Oct. 14 via Belfast Dec. 2, with mdse. to the Hamburg American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 5:30 A. M.

SS Patricia, (Ger.,) Bauer, Hamburg, &c., Dec. 4, with mdse. and passengers to Hamburg American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 6 A. M.

SS Liv, (Nor.,) Rasmussen, Havre, &c., Nov. 17, with mdse. to Barber & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 8 A. M.

SS Abbazia, (Aust.,) Thianich, Trieste, &c., Nov. 12, with mdse. to Hirzel, Feltman & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 11 A. M.

SS L'Aquitaine, (Fr.,) Perrot, Havre Dec. 9, with mdse. and passengers to Compagnie Generale Transatlantique. Arrived at the Bar at 11:45 A. M.

SS Vedra, (Br.,) Ward, Shields Dec. 2, in ballast to Columbia Oil Co. Arrived at the Bar at 1 P. M.

SS Oscar II., (Nor.,) Olsen, Vera Cruz Nov. 29 and Progreso Dec. 9, with hemp to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 3 P. M.

SS Statendam, (Dutch,) Boujer, Rotterdam Dec. 7, with mdse. and passengers to the Holland-America Line. South of Fire Island at 6:15 P. M.

SS Rio Grande, Avery, Brunswick, Ga., Dec. 14, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co.

SS El Rio, Mason, New Orleans Dec. 13, with mdse. to J. T. Van Sickle.

SS Old Dominion, Tapley, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

SS El Cid, (new,) Quick, Newport News, to J. T. Van Sickle.

SS Jefferson, Hulphers, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

WIND—Sandy Hook, N. J., Dec. 17, 9:30 P. M., north, light, thick fog.

Sailed.

SS Asia, (Ger.,) for Savannah.
SS Alexandria, (Dan.,) for Christiania, &c.
SS Algiers, for New Orleans.
SS Ravensdale, (Br.,) for Progreso.
SS Hudson, for New Orleans.
SS Daggry, (Nor.,) for Progreso.
SS Manhattan, (Br.,) for London.
SS Kathadin, for Newport News.

By Cable.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—SS Campania, (Br.,) Capt. Wyatt, (from Liverpool,) sld. from Queenstown for New York at 10:55 A. M. to-day.

SS Snowflake, (Br.,) Capt. Howard, sld. from London for New York yesterday.

Three Children Burned to Death.

NICHOLASVILLE, Ky., Dec. 17.—Three small children of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Reynolds, aged one, three, and six years, respectively, were burned to death to-day. They had been locked up in the house while Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds were on a visit to a neighbor. The parents returned in time to see the house collapse.

Bowling Tournament Games To-day.

Columbia League—Belvidere, Audubon, Orrel.
American National—Monarch, Arlington, South Paw.
Harlem League—Phoenix, Belvidere, Audubon.
National League—Morningside, Imperial, Empire.
Royal Arcanum League—Americus, Lenox, Defendum.
Junior Order United American Mechanics—George Washington, State Board, Nathan Hale.
Brooklyn Interclub—Brooklyn Bicycle Club vs. Carleton, Knickerbocker vs. Crescent, Lincoln vs. Columbian, Aurora Grata vs. Hanover.
Brooklyn Arlington National—Arlington, Corinthian, Chauncey.
Brooklyn Royal Arcanum—De Long, Welcome, Alert.
Brooklyn Royal Arcanum Sub-Tournament—Fort Greene, Nassau, Gilbert.

Entries for Brighton Beach Stakes.

Entries for the Foxhall and Produce Stakes of the Brighton Beach Racing Association will close Dec. 30. The Foxhall Stakes of $15,000 will be run in 1901 for foals of 1899, then two years old. The association will add any amount necessary above the entry fees to make up the gross value of the stake. The Produce Stakes, also $15,000, will be run in 1902 for the produce of mares covered in 1899. The race will be run in two divisions, the first for colts and geldings only, and the second for fillies, the value of each division to be proportioned to the sex of the eligible foals. In each division $1,500 will go to second and $750 to third place.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS. STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

The Wanamaker Store

A Christmas Present

That is a Present

YOU will doubtless give a number of presents to a number of different people this Christmas. Is there one person above twelve years old among them who would not be gratified at getting in the Christmas stocking a great big set of beautiful books, full of delightful story-reading, that would last and be a source of pleasure and profit for a lifetime?

You can make just such a present, and that by drawing on your Santa Claus money for only one single dollar, paying the rest in small monthly sums after the holidays.

If you wish your set delivered before Christmas, order NOW. We thought we had sets enough to last over Christmas, but they are going very rapidly. We promise prompt delivery on all accepted orders received during next three days. If you delay longer than that you risk having to wait for your set.

That Coupon

in the opposite corner of the page will bring you full information about the half price and terms of payment, together with sample pages of the History. It should be clipped off (cutting along the dotted line) and sent in at once. If you want the books for Christmas, however, you'd better use the coupon in the lower corner instead, sending in a dollar with it. That will save time.

Its Tremendous Scope

Many homes possess good histories of England, of Germany, of France; most comfortably-well-off families have a good history of the United States, but how many own reliable histories of Hawaii, of the Japanese, or of the Philippine Islanders? These and all other nations and races are justly measured in Ridpath's great "History of the World." And, what is more, you form a clearer and better conception of each nation by thus viewing all the nations arranged in their true relattons to each other.

Cut This Corner off, if you wish further particulars before ordering and fill in the blank and mail it to-day.

John Wanamaker, N. Y.

You may send me specimen pages of Ridpath's History of the World and full particulars of the Wanamaker History Club

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

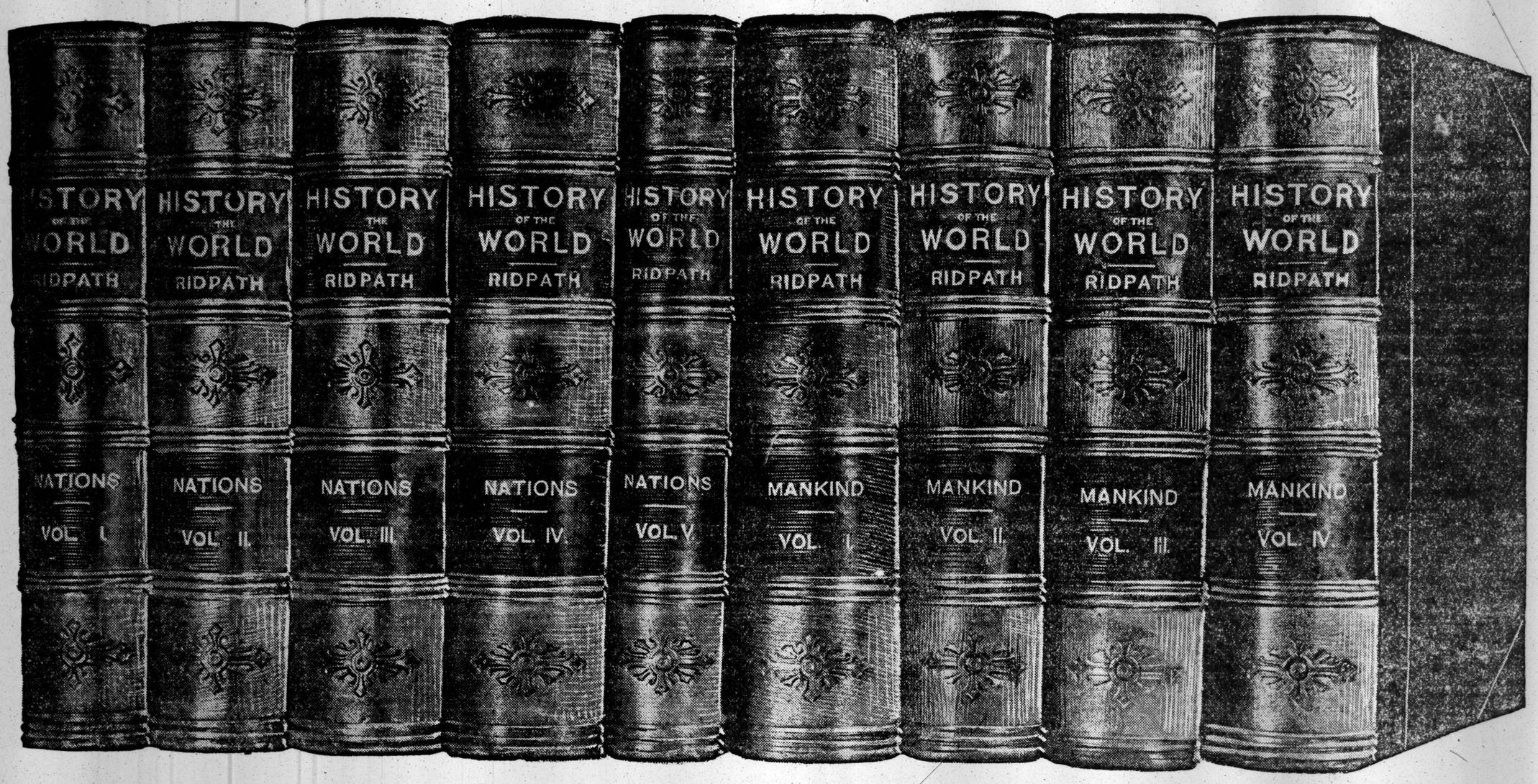
T 18

CUT HERE

This Coupon Enables You to Save $31.

The three-cornered coupon, up above, is the "information coupon." If you sign it and send it in you will receive full information about the History and about the half price and long-time-for-payment arrangement. You will receive also a sample-page book which contains a few of the colored plates, charts, etc., and shows the style of type, quality of paper, etc., used in the volumes.

The Real Books are 11 Inches Tall. The Set Weighs 62 Pounds



$1 Before Christmas---$2 Monthly Afterward

The Coupon just underneath this space is the "Order Coupon." Use it if you want prompt delivery of the books—delivery before Christmas. Cut it off along the dotted line and fill it out with your name and address. Then send it in together with a dollar. It will receive prompt attention.

Cut This Coupon off fill in blank, MAIL TO-DAY. T 18

CUT HERE

DATE .....

JOHN WANAMAKER, N. Y.:
Enclosed is $1 club fee. Send me one set Ridpath's History of the World in 9 volumes, half Russia binding. I agree to pay to your order $34 additional (instead of regular price $66) in monthly payments of $2 from date. It is agreed that title to books shall not pass to me until total amount is paid.

NAME .....

BUSINESS ADDRESS .....

HOME ADDRESS .....

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HOW IT WOULD WORK.

The friends of Mr. BRYAN submit to the American people a Philippine policy which deserves a candid examination. Mr. BRYAN might be wrong about silver, but right about the Philippines. In large transactions the safe way is to hear both sides, to consider the matter as a whole and try to determine which is the wiser way. The Bryan policy with the Philippine Islands has been formulated by Representative WILLIAMS of Mississippi in the resolutions which he offered in the House on Thursday. We here reprint the preamble and resolutions entire:

Whereas, The hope has been held out that the Filipinos now waging war against the forces of the United States in the Island of Luzon would lay down their arms if authoritatively assured that it was the intention of the Government and the people of the United States ultimately to grant to the people of that island their independence and the absolute control of their domestic affairs; and

Whereas, Such is the intention of the Government and of the American people, who do not believe in wars of conquest and forcible aggression against other peoples, and have frequently declared their horror thereof; therefore

Resolved, That it has always been our intent and purpose to recognize the unalienable rights of the Filipinos to self-government and national independence, and in pursuance thereof we shall make formal recognition of these rights and withdraw our land and sea forces upon the establishment of peace and the inauguration of a Constitutional Government or Governments by the people of the islands or any of them, provided the said Government agrees, or the said Governments agree, to refund the $20,000,000 which was paid by us to the Queen of Spain; to give us in fee simple, with right of sovereignty vested in us, a place suitable for a naval station and other places fitted for coaling stations, and to grant the American people in perpetuity the right of free access to all of their parts for goods, merchandise, and persons bent on peaceful or missionary pursuits.

We pledge ourselves to treat as an unfriendly manifestation toward the United States any foreign interference or aggression for the period of ten years from and after the establishment of such a Government, provided that the Government and people of said islands shall surrender into our keeping during that period the entire question of their foreign relations, and shall pay the expenses to which we may be put for such troops as shall at the request of said Government be kept on Philippine territory, and of such ships and civil forces as may be kept in the Philippine or adjacent waters for the purposes of the protection herein promised.

Is this a well-considered plan for attaining the ends we seek to attain in the Philippines? Those ends are the advancement of the native population in education, in material prosperity, and in respect for law; the faithful discharge of all the obligations, domestic and exterior, to which we have fallen heir in the Philippines; and, in justice to ourselves, the use of the opportunities opened to us by the possession of these islands to promote our foreign trade and the prosperity of our merchants, our manufacturers, and our people. If at some future time it should prove that we could confer independence upon them without too great a risk to themselves or too serious a sacrifice of our own interests, that would be the final aim of our Government. It must always be kept in view.

How shall we best accomplish these ends? All the authorities who have any qualification to speak upon the present condition and capacities of the Filipinos warn us that it will take years of patient training to make them capable of self-government; that we must inculcate the love of civil order and teach the art of government by small beginnings, proceeding to larger responsibilities gradually until under our care the race has been morally and politically regenerated. That is what the Philippine Commission tells us, that is what we learn from our officers there, and from Americans who have gone among them and studied them close at hand.

But the Williams resolution contemplates an immediate recognition of the right of independence and the withdrawal of our land and sea forces "upon the establishment of peace and the inauguration of a Constitutional Government or Governments by the people of the islands or any of them." There are further conditions that they shall agree to repay to us the $20,000,000 which we paid to Spain and give us a naval station, coaling stations, and port rights, but these are all unimportant in comparison with that momentous declaration that we "shall make formal recognition of these rights (self-government and national independence) and withdraw our land and sea forces."

If this resolution should become the law of the land and Gen. OTIS should be instructed by the President to carry it into effect AGUINALDO and his scattered bands would come hurrying back to Manila immediately upon the receipt of the news that we were going to let them have their way. They could set up a "Constitutional Government" in twenty-four hours. We should then be called upon to withdraw our land and sea forces. It would be imperative to withdraw them all at once—that is, the safety of our men would require that our full display of force be maintained to the end, and that the city be covered by the guns of the fleet until the last transport was ready to sail away. It is puerile to talk about keeping American troops there at the request and expense of the Filipinos. We can trust nothing to the vindictive and treacherous native character. When the last American soldier has been withdrawn the reckoning of the fighting Tagalos with the natives who have been friendly to us would begin. The life and property of foreign residents would be entirely at their mercy and nothing that we know of their temper and disposition would lead us to expect any gentler fate than pillage and murder for the unfortunate foreigners whom we had basely and inhumanly abandoned to their uncovenanted mercies. We have already pointed out the extent of the responsibilities we should have to assume to other powers for their murdered and despoiled subjects.

To be mulcted in money damages, however, is a minor humiliation compared to the loss of National self-respect and the insults which other nations would heap upon us as a cowardly and faithless people. They would feel a just contempt for the political judgment of a country that deemed the Filipinos capable of self-government, but a sterner feeling would possess their minds when they reflected upon our dishonorable throwing off of responsibilities assumed in the face of the whole world. We hold our heads pretty high now. We should sink to a condition lower than that of China if we fled from our unperformed obligations in the Philippines. After that exhibition of poltroonery the meanest nation would feel free to insult and snub us.

If Mr. WILLIAMS's plan is meant for anything it is intended to make the Filipinos contented and happy. Its sure effect would be to plunge them into a state of disorder and bloodshed which would be terminated only by the strong hand of some power that would waste not a moment in discussing the consent of the governed with AGUINALDO.

This is not merely Mr. WILLIAMS's plan; it is the plan of the Democratic opposition, of the Bryanites. It is reported that they will make their campaign next Summer on this issue. The plan will not bear examination. It is sufficient for its rejection to say that it will not accomplish its purpose of making the Filipinos free, happy, and contented. Beyond that, it is cowardly, faithless, and bloody. As a party policy it reeks of the fatal incapacity of the Bryan Democracy.

LENDING GOLD.

The conditions that enable the United States markets to send gold to England in the present crisis were very clearly set forth in our financial columns yesterday by our special contributor "A. K. F." Practically the process is one of lending for the sake of the higher return that the needs of England justify. The fact that it is going on at a time when ordinarily the current would be in the opposite direction shows how widely it differs from any process to which the condition of the country has hitherto accustomed us, how far it is a question of lending instead of paying.

The causes that have led up to the present situation are, of course, numerous and somewhat complex, but among the most obvious and important is the very great prosperity in all lines of production, manufacture, and trade that has prevailed in this country in increasing degree for the last four years. In considerable part this has been due to the coincidence of large crops here and short crops in the other grain producing countries, giving us the unusual combination of heavy supply and good prices. But other causes have been at work, and their influence has been great. One of these has been the natural reaction from a long and trying period of relative stagnation and enforced economy. Another has been the remarkable advance in the practice of organization, the concentration of capital and energy with the corresponding increase of product and reduction of cost, permitting us to take advantage of the new opportunities. Still another has been the stimulus given to the enterprise of our people by the events that have completely changed our position among the nations of the world and our outlook upon the future. And very effectual indeed has been the victory for sound money in 1896, when the mind of the people was cleared of delusions, and the adoption of the world's standard of value was insured. If we wish to understand the tremendous influence of this fact we have only to ask ourselves what would be the chance of our lending gold abroad if we were in doubt as to whether the Treasury would maintain gold payments at home.

Not long ago, when gold was drawn from this country to England, it was to pay for purchases made there or elsewhere or to pay for American securities sent home. This latter operation was in effect only the collection of debts owed by Americans abroad. Securities, whether stocks or bonds held abroad, were necessarily evidences of money borrowed to carry on American enterprises. It would not be safe to say that all these have returned and that we have paid all our foreign debts. But it is safe to say that we have gone so far in this direction that no serious drain of gold need be at any time feared for any such purpose. The securities now remaining in foreign hands are for the most part those that the holders either cannot sell or do not wish to sell. They are either the evidence of very bad or of very good bargains, and of course the latter are the more important. Nor does the change in our relations with foreign capital and with London, which is the seat of its operations, stop here. The present lending of gold from a stock larger and more available than any other in the world indicates that for the time being New York and not London is the financial centre and capital. Undoubtedly conditions will change, and the former course will be resumed in greater or less degree. But it is clear that the old state of things will not be permanent if it should be restored. The very great resources of the United States, the productive capacity that is directed to developing and using those resources, the steady growth of our population, and the advance in general intelligence and well-being are now free to work their natural effect. Unsound currency and the hampering influence of protection are either removed or in the course of removal. It was long ago predicted by the acute mind of Mr. GLADSTONE that when the United States came to the consciousness of their own strength and snapped the bonds with which they had foolishly bound themselves, they would seize the sceptre of commercial and financial supremacy from the hands of the mother country. That is precisely what is happening.

THE CURRENCY DEBATE.

Never was there a more curious episode in our political history than the debate, or imitation of debate, that has gone on in the House of Representatives the past week. The Democrats protested, as was their duty from the conventional point of view of the opposition, that the Currency bill was being "jammed through" without sufficient chance for discussion, but they have shown little desire to avail themselves of the chance that they had, and were evidently relieved when the thing was over with.

At the close a request for unanimous consent to introduce an amendment providing for free silver was opposed by a Democrat. But the attitude of some of the Republicans was not more consistent, and many of them were obliged to listen with such patience as they could command to citations from their past speeches against the gold standard. The only comfort they could gather in this disagreeable predicament lay in the fact that the most conspicuous examples of contradictory utterances were drawn from the speeches of President MCKINLEY while in Congress. It is not to be denied that if the Currency bill had not been made a caucus measure it would have been doubtful if it could have secured the normal Republican vote.

It is easy enough to twit politicians with inconsistency, and a good deal of twitting was done on both sides during the week. But it is only the stupid and the weak that never learn, and it is an enormous advantage for the country that the Republicans have learned that it is to their party's interest to change their attitude on the currency. That means that public opinion has been educated to the level of demanding the gold standard. After all it is really better that the politicians should be forced to follow the advance of public opinion than that the public should be guided blindly by even intelligent political leaders. What we gain is more solidly gained and will not easily be lost.

THE DEPLORABLE REVERSES OF THE BRITISH.

Let no American imagine for an instant that this Nation or the cause of civilization will be the gainer by the disasters to the British forces in South Africa.

The injury of England is of concern to us all. Our interests, moral, political, and material, would suffer by her defeat at the hands of the Boers. The two nations sustain relations to each other which forbid that we should be indifferent to the calamities that befall her. Bound together by ties of peculiar sanctity and firmness, ties closer than those that unite any other nations on earth, these two peoples of the English speech have an influence in the world's affairs that would be lamentably impaired by the abasement of either. They have a work to do which neither might be able to perform alone, and which the world can ill afford that they should leave undone.

England stood by us. Let us stand by her. We had the great help of her moral support. Let us give her our sympathy and good wishes. The envious and watchful knew that she was our friend. Let all the world know now that we are hers.

THE NAVY IN LAND WARFARE.

The presence of an unusual factor in the defense of Natal has aroused much important discussion among British naval officers and strategists at home. The unusual factor is the navy—the introduction of naval officers, seamen, and naval armaments in warfare carried on several hundred miles inland. And the question as to how far the naval strength may thus be legitimately employed has revived in the course of argument that much disputed question as to the actual status of the Marine Corps. Both these questions have a certain importance to Americans.

The consensus of opinion among British naval authorities seems to be that the employment of a portion of the navy's personnel and great guns in the interior of South Africa has established a dangerous precedent. Great emphasis is laid on the fact that a flagship and two formidable cruisers have been practically made useless for the time being. Moreover, it is demonstrated that while the death of a soldier means the loss of a single fighting unit, the death of a sailor on land amounts to the death of two. The latter must be replaced by a fresh military unit on shore and by another sailor on board ship. It is the same way with the armaments. The destruction of a naval gun on shore practically places out of use two engines of war.

The British naval officers do not deny that their arm is always at the service of the War Office wherever and whenever exigencies of the military situation demand it, and they affirm with much emphasis that no pedantic regard for the separate functions of each arm will ever cause the navy to hesitate. Still, they would impress upon the War Office that every endeavor should be used to make the necessity of employing naval resources by the military as remote as possible. Sir JOHN COLOMB seeks to provide for all future contingencies by having the Marine Corps so organized that it would be able to assist land operations with naval guns whenever the military situation required.

There is no doubt that a precedent has been formed. The employment of British bluejackets in the siege of Sevastopol only remotely resembles the present case. But whether the precedent be dangerous or not depends upon the future action of the military authorities. Broadly speaking, we believe that the possibility of receiving aid from the navy to any great degree or at any great distance inland should never be taken into account by military strategists. As we understand it, the employment of a naval brigade at Ladysmith is the result of an emergency. The Boers had succeeded in planting siege guns within range of the place. The War Office had not provided for this contingency. The situation was only saved by expressing to the front Capt. LAMBTON with heavy naval artillery and men trained to operate it.

When Gen. SHAFTER's expedition landed in Cuba and it was discovered that the heavy siege guns had been left behind no attempt was made to demonstrate the fact that the great guns might be removed from the ships to take their places. It was not known how soon every gun aboard ship might be required to fight a foe on its natural element. The Spaniards, to be sure, used some of their naval guns in defending Santiago, but they perceptibly weakened their naval strength by so doing. The point should be emphasized. Campaigns inland should be planned as though there were no navy in existence. The British Admiralty will doubtless make representations to this effect to the War Office.

The plan suggested by Sir JOHN COLOMB, if carried out, would mean the absolute reorganization of the Marine Corps in a way that would utterly destroy its present functions and usefulness and be at variance with the traditions of this "ever faithful" auxiliary arm. Many things bind the Royal Marines to the Marine Corps of the United States. Both have been maligned; neither has ever been known to falter in the performance of its peculiar and trying duties; both have the same motto, and the cap of the British marine and that of the American bear nearly the same emblem. It is to be hoped that the solution of the difficult question will not include the consideration of any plan which shall destroy the status of the Royal Marine. It is plainly and simply the duty of the War Office to prevent the recurrence of the exigencies that demanded the use of the naval arm at Ladysmith.

ADJUTANT GENERAL ANDREWS.

The retirement of Adjt. Gen. ANDREWS is a cause for sincere regret to all who have an interest in the militia service of the State.

He brought to the office he has held for the past year peculiar qualities of great value. He had had the training and experience of a regular army officer in a variety of branches. Not only by his education at the Military Academy and his service in the artillery, but by his experience at headquarters at Washington and as Quartermaster and Acting Inspector General in the time of the Spanish war, combined with his service in the National Guard of the State, he was thoroughly fitted for the task assigned to him. He had the additional advantage of the intimate and sympathetic friendship of the Governor, with whom he had served in the Police Board of this city.

There is no question that the tribute of praise so unstintedly given to him by Gov. ROOSEVELT is richly deserved. He found the National Guard extremely disturbed and confused by the experience of the Spanish war, and he leaves it in an excellent state of efficiency in all regards. It is hardly necessary to say that in this work he has had in view solely the good of the service, and that neither personal nor political considerations have been allowed to weigh with him. He resigns because his private affairs claim his attention, and he is quite justified in the belief that he is entitled to be relieved at least for the present from further duty.

NUGGETS.

A Utilitarian.

"What kind of a man is Bloggs?"

"He's the kind of man who would fill the candy bags on a Christmas tree with cough drops."—Chicago Record.

Disagreeable.

Westerner—Doesn't the New England climate agree with you?

Easterner—No, it doesn't even agree with the weather predictions.—Somerville (Mass.) Journal.

The Way He Does It.

"Who is that man who spends all his days digging away in the library and all his nights writing for dear life?"

"He? He's one of the busiest people alive. He writes those long, chatty chapters signed 'The Lounger.'"—Washington Star.

Finesse.

"Mamma, what did you tell the conductor to let us off at Schiller Street for? That's a block further than we wanted to go, and we'll have to walk back!"

"You didn't think, child, that I would try to pronounce 'Goethe' before a car full of people, did you?"—Chicago Tribune.

THE OLD AND THE NEW.

From The Chicago News.

He galloped away on his fiery steed,
And his armor shone as he tripled his speed;
On through the villa at breakneck tear,
Away to the heath of his ladye fayre;
Arriving within he rattled his steel
And swung his blade when he went to kneel;
He pleaded his love in that spacious hall—
The old-fashioned love that was best of all.

He spins away on his chainless wheel,
An armorless knight on a steed of steel;
Onward he flies! 'Tis a moonless night,
A brakeless wheel and an oilless light,
A thoughtless youth—he reaches the door
And kneels to her on a rugless floor.
He gives his mustache a faultless curl,
And pleads his love to a heartless girl.

AFFAIRS IN PUERTO RICO

People Anxiously Await News of Congressional Action.

ALL BUSINESS IS PARALYZED

Anomalous Position of the Island Makes It Unsafe for Investors—Census Taking Is in Progress.

PONCE, Puerto Rico, Dec. 11.—Now that Congress is in session Puerto Rico feels more than ever the high cable rates she is compelled to pay. The newspapers are able to furnish only meagre cablegrams, and many persons strongly advocate an appropriation from some source by which the Government for a few thousand dollars a year would supply free to the newspapers several thousand words of general news each day.

Intense interest is felt here in regard to the action of Congress respecting Puerto Rico, and everybody is looking forward eagerly to the arrival of the New York papers containing the President's message, of which scarcely fifty words have as yet been published here.

The Military Government is preparing for an elaborate system of direct internal taxation to replace the revenue now derived from the tariff, which everybody expects Congress will promptly remove. Taxes are placed upon horses and carriages and personalty of every kind, but licenses are not affected. All men over twenty-one years of age living in Puerto Rico and owning property of any kind or conducting a business of any sort are taxed $1 per year for school purposes.

Business in Puerto Rico remains absolutely paralyzed. Nobody will invest a cent or undertake any enterprise until the island has some standing. In addition to this, the local elections, which have been in progress for over a month past, have annihilated what little business was left.

An order has recently been issued from headquarters establishing a Board of Insurance and Surety Commissioners, whose duty it is to examine all companies doing an insurance business in Puerto Rico, and to enforce the fulfillment by them of certain requirements.

The $200,000 which the President some time ago gave to the island from the Emergency Fund, together with other funds on hand, make $690,000 which will be spent between now and July 1 next upon the roads of Puerto Rico. Nearly all the contracts have been let, and the work is being pushed rapidly.

The recent failure of the firm of Felici Costa & Co. was a severe blow to many friends of the firm, which had been in business thirty-five years, and had unlimited credit. The flood following the cyclone destroyed about $200,000 worth of coffee and sugar in their warehouses, in waiting for a market. The liabilities are about $400,000, and the assets about $500,000, consisting largely of non-negotiable paper of planters and others, upon which it is impossible to realize now, as the planters were all ruined by the hurricane. The United States Provisional Court appointed Henry Fritze Commissioner and Hermelo Armstrong receiver for the firm, which, it is rumored, will shortly reorganize and recommence business.

The work of taking the census, by no means a small task, is rapidly progressing, and the districts from which complete returns have been sent show a decided increase. Basing calculations upon the last census, which gave the population as 894,000, it is estimated that the present census will show over 1,000,000 inhabitants upon this small, but fertile, island.

PUERTO RICO'S NEW SCHOOLS.

American Teachers, Textbooks, and Methods Are Being Introduced—Politics Hinder Progress.

SAN JUAN, Puerto Rico, Dec. 12.—Since the American occupation great strides have been made in the public school system of Puerto Rico. Under the Spanish rule the system was scarcely worthy of the name. There was not a public school building in the entire island, the school sessions being held mostly in the houses of the teachers, no text books were to be found, and what little school furniture there was was of the crudest form.

The first move toward the reorganization upon American methods was made by the appointment, in January, 1899, of Gen. Eaton as Inspector of Schools. The school laws were revised, making the schools entirely free; the teachers' salaries were made payable by the insular Government, instead of by the municipalities, and provision was made for the organization of school districts.

Gen. Eaton found the task before him too great for one of his advanced years. The climate also had its ill effects, and he resigned in May. His assistant, Victor S. Clark, took charge of the schools. A Board of Education was organized, consisting of five members—three Puerto Ricans and two Americans. Each municipality on the island now has its American teacher, about seventy-five being employed. There are some five hundred Spanish teachers. The schools are now held in houses separated from the houses of the teachers, and modern text books in English and Spanish are used. All public schools are under American supervision. The school year has been reduced from twelve to nine months, and salaries have been increased somewhat, being placed on the American currency basis.

Ground has been broken for the establishment of a normal and industrial school at Fajardo, on the northern coast. This school will open during the coming Spring. The City of Fajardo subscribed $20,000 toward its construction, and the Insular Government a like sum.

A modern training school under American teachers has been established in San Juan in an up-to-date school building. About 250 pupils, mostly Puerto Ricans, are studying in this school. All courses are in English, and English text books are used exclusively. The grades range from kindergarten through college preparatory.

Last Spring a similar school with similar grades was started at Ponce, with American teachers, but under private auspices. This is now a public school, with an enrollment of 250.

It is the policy of the department to organize good American schools, giving instruction in English, and this is being done as fast as funds permit in order that native schools may be remodeled upon an American basis, by following the methods of American instructors.

Fifteen per cent. of the people read and write, and of these one-third have been taught in their own homes or in private schools or in other countries than Puerto Rico. For some years many have been sent to the United States for their education. No religious instruction is permitted.

The children appear very eager to learn English, and seem to pick it up with remarkable aptitude. The teachers employed are from the United States, and are mostly young normal graduates, with modern methods.

The great bane of the schools is politics. A large percentage of the male teachers are politicians. Some are agitating against the new system as detrimental to their own interests. Most of the teachers, however, heartily co-operate with reforms.

Capt. Carter's Secretary Arrested.

HAVANA, Dec. 17.—Mr. Conley, who at one time was private secretary of Capt. Oberlin M. Carter, has been placed under arrest here by order of Secretary Root. For some time Mr. Conley has been employed as a stenographer in the Custom House.

Jockey Club's Sacred Concert.

HAVANA, Dec. 17.—The Havana Jockey Club has issued invitations for a sacred concert to be given on Sunday next.

Big Guns at Willets Point.

WILLETS POINT, L. I., Dec. 17.—A detail of artillerymen from Battery M, Seventh Artillery, under command of Lieut. Andrew Moses, are mounting two big Buffington-Crozier disappearing gun carriages upon the bluff here. The work is progressing slowly as the guns to be mounted are the largest in the service. It is thought the work will be ready in the early Spring, by which time the guns will be ready.

Rev. Dr. Merritt's Son Fatally Shot.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 17.—The sixteen-year-old son of the Rev. Dr. Merritt of West Webster shot himself in the right eye this morning at his home, and is now at the City Hospital. He will die.

THIS WEEK IN CONGRESS.

House Will Vote on Currency Bill Today—Committees to be Named Tuesday—Adjournment Wednesday.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The two events of importance in the House this week before the adjournment for the holiday recess on Wednesday will be the vote on the Currency bill to-morrow immediately after the reading of the Journal and the announcement of the committees on Tuesday.

Under the terms of the special order with reference to the Currency bill, neither a motion to recommit nor a substitute proposition is in order, and the vote will be taken directly upon the passage of the bill. The result is a foregone conclusion, as it will command every Republican vote. The interest in the vote, therefore, lies only in the record of Democratic disaffection it will show.

The Eastern Democrats generally, with the exception of a few from New York, are not in line with their Democratic brethren from the South and West on the money question, but not all of them will vote for the bill. According to a careful canvass made by Mr. Overstreet of Indiana, who has been in charge of the measure, it will receive eight Democratic votes at least, and he believes seven Democrats will dodge. He figures that the bill will have a majority of thirty-five. So far as can be ascertained no other business will be transacted by the House this week.

The Senate has no programme for the week, and the indications are that short daily sessions will be held and very little business transacted. The body will adjourn for the Christmas holidays on Wednesday.

Outside of official nominations, there is practically no business on the calendar, all important matters in committee having been delayed for the reorganization of the committees effected at the close of business last week. So far no notices of speeches on any subject have been given, and Senators generally express themselves as disposed to postpone the real business of the session until after the recess.

It is expected that the financial bill will be received from the House during the week. It will be referred to the Committee on Finance. This committee expects to make its report soon after the resumption of business in the new year. The real work of the session will then begin.

FINANCIERS IN CONFERENCE.

New York and Boston Men Try to Bolster Up the Boston Situation.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—The Post will say to-morrow:

"As a result of a conference of Boston and New York financial men which, at 2 o'clock this morning had been in almost uninterrupted session for more than twenty-four hours, it is probable that there will be a special meeting of the Stock Exchange at 9 o'clock this morning to consider drastic measures for the present financial situation.

"At this conference it was practically decided that, if no other action was taken, support would at least be given good stocks in order to prevent what might be termed a 'gamblers'' panic.

"There is one stock in particular, a Boston stock, which has sold far above par, which went a little below it Saturday, and large blocks of which are expected to be thrown on the market by men who think they must have the money to protect themselves in other lines. Thrown upon a market in which there are no buyers there is no telling how far the downward rush would carry the prices.

"A measure which was being considered at the conference at an early hour this morning was united action by the Stock Exchange in the refusal to execute selling orders. But such action, or any radical step, will depend to a great extent upon the London market this morning. If that should be very bad, some drastic measures are almost certain to be adopted to bolster up the situation here.

"It was reported last night that negotiations were in progress for the absorption of large blocks of United States Mining for cash by New York interests. A conference with that object in view was in progress at a late hour last evening. It came down merely to a question of price. As is well appreciated on the Street, such a purchase at this time would be a great relief to the situation."

CLAIM AMERICA IS UNFAIR.

Germans Discuss Tariff Relations with the United States.

BERLIN, Dec 17.—At a meeting of the Cologne Manufacturers' Association yesterday Manager Steller reported upon the recent Philadelphia Congress, greatly belittling its importance. He advised against the appointment of an international committee to investigate the tariff disagreements between Germany and the United States, and said:

"Such tender consideration for the Americans is misplaced. Only a self-assertive attitude on the part of the German nation can impress American public opinion. We must make the Americans realize that we can dispense with them, if necessary, and we must demand that Germany be treated upon a footing of decent, reasonable reciprocity."

The Hamburg Boersenhalle advises conciliatory measures, advocating a reduction in the duty on maize and a less severe inspection of American commodities. It claims, however, that the American treatment of Germany in tariff administration is unfair.

GERMANS CENSURE AN OFFICER.

Protest Against Capt. Ehrlich's Inactivity at Puerto Cabello.

CARACAS, Nov. 28.—The German colony in Puerto Cabello has sent to Emperor William a protest against the action of Capt. Ehrlich, commander of the German training ship Stosch, at the time of the bombardment, on Nov. 11. The charge is that, although being at anchor off Puerto Cabello, he did not interfere to prevent the bombardment.

It is understood that the German Minister at Caracas, Dr. Schmidt-Leda, takes virtually the same view of the case.

RITUALISM IN ENGLAND.

The Bishops Will Not Prosecute the Non-Conforming Clergy.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The Most Rev. William Dalrymple Maclagan, Archbishop of York, in a pastoral letter regarding the ritual, says:

"It has been widely stated that the Bishops have determined to prosecute clergy who do not conform. These rumors are without the slighest authority. We do not believe that a single Bishop has thought of such a step.

"But, although the Bishops themselves may abstain from prosecutions, it is not likely that they would place any impediment in the way or others desiring to take steps. Those clergy who are in an anomalous position are little more than a handful."

Underground Railways for Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—The Province of Brandenburg will issue a loan of 12,000,000 marks for the construction of subsidiary railways, and the City of Berlin will build an extensive system of underground railways.

Kaiser Will Witness a Launching.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—The New Hamburg-American Line steamer Deutschland will be launched at Stettin Jan. 3, in the presence of the Emperor. Baron von Buelow will perform the ceremony of christening the new vessel.

Cyclone Devastates Mozambique.

MOZAMBIQUE, Dec. 17.—The island was swept to-day by a terrific cyclone, which did immense damage, destroying many houses in Mozambique.

Actors' Church Alliance Service.

The third regular service of the Actors' Church Alliance was held last evening in the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, in West Fifty-seventh Street. The Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix of Trinity Church read the prayers, the Rev. Walter E. Bentley, who was formerly an actor, read the lessons, and the rector of the church, the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubeck, preached the sermon, his subject being "Inspiration and Expression." At the close of the services Dr. Lubeck and the other clergymen held a short reception. Mr. Bentley announced that the badges and pins of the alliance would be ready for delivery Friday.

GEN. ANDREWS RESIGNS

Adjutant General to Retire from Office Dec. 31.

BUSINESS DEMANDS HIS TIME

He Declares that His Personal and Official Relations with the Governor Are Cordial.

Adjt. Gen. Avery D. Andrews has sent in his resignation to Gov. Roosevelt, giving as his reason that he is too much occupied with business to attend to military affairs. Among his intimate friends it is known that he wished to take this step some time ago, but remained in office to assist in the re-establishment of the National Guard after the Spanish war. Following is the letter of resignation which he sent to the Governor:

Hon. Theodore Roosevelt:

Dear Sir: I have the honor to submit herewith my resignation as Adjutant General of the State. As explained to you several weeks ago, the demands of my personal business affairs are such that it is no longer possible for me to devote the necessary time and attention to my official duties as your chief of staff, and I therefore with regret request that my resignation be accepted, to take effect not later than Dec. 31, 1899.

My annual report will contain a detailed review of the work of the Adjutant General's office for the year, but it may not be improper to enumerate briefly some of the more important results achieved under your administration. The new system of staff administration, which came into existence with your inauguration, has been fully organized and is now in satisfactory operation; the National Guard and Naval Militia have been re-equipped at considerable expense and re-established upon an efficient working basis; political considerations have not been permitted to have the slightest influence in military or naval concerns, and, notwithstanding an extraordinary number of changes in personnel among both officers and men, due largely to past and present service in the United States volunteers, the effective strength of the State troops today exceeds 15,000 men and is larger than ever before. The work of the year, while voluminous and exacting, has also been interesting and congenial, and I retire from your staff with the greatest personal regret. In severing our official relations, permit me to express my grateful appreciation of the generous freedom of action and the cordial support which I have invariably received at your hands. Respectfully,

AVERY D. ANDREWS,
Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

The Governor's reply to this was as follows:

Gen. Avery D. Andrews, Adjutant General, New York:

Sir: I accept your resignation, to take effect Dec. 31, 1899, with the greatest reluctance. I cannot overstate the value of the work you have performed during this year. The Guard was in a very disorganized condition as a result of the Spanish war at the time that you came into office, and largely owing to the zeal, energy, disinterestedness, and high appreciation of the military and civic necessities of the situation which you have shown, it has now been brought to a thoroughly satisfactory point of efficiency. I thank you most heartily on behalf of the State, and greatly regret that you have to leave me. Very truly yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

When questioned in regard to his resignation Gen. Andrews said: "My resignation as Adjutant General is due solely to the necessities of my personal affairs which have recently made unusual demands upon my time. My personal and official relations with the Governor, and, as far as I am aware, with the National Guard and Naval Militia, are now and always have been most cordial and pleasant. Much has been accomplished during the past year in organizing a new staff system, and in re-establishing the National Guard and Naval Militia upon an efficient basis, but constant and laborious effort is needed to keep them up to the highest standard of equipment, discipline, and efficiency, and I do not feel that I can longer devote the necessary time to the service of the State. Having been continuously in active military service since entering West Point, including service in the regular army, United States volunteers, and National Guard, I feel that I may at this time not improperly ask to be relieved from further duty, at least for the present. I shall, however, always retain the deepest interest in all military matters, particularly of this State."

Gen. Andrews could not forecast the selection of his successor, as that, he said, was a matter about which only the Governor had any information. Several high officers of the Guard, who were in the secret of Gen. Andrews's resignation, believe that Col. Edward M. Hoffman, at present Inspector General on the staff of Major Gen. Roe, stands a good chance of being selected, but another officer gave it as his opinion that Brig. Gen. McCoskry Butt, commanding the First Brigade, might succeed Gen. Andrews.

"Gen. Butt has ample time to give to the duties of the office," said the officer, "and has made a fine record as an executive officer, Gen. Butt was a member of the committee which drafted the Military Code, and no one excels him in knowledge of the affairs and needs of the Guard."

Brig. Gen. Butt expressed surprise yesterday afternoon at the news of Adjt. Gen. Andrews's resignation. "I regret to hear it," he said, "as Andrews made a very capable Adjutant General."

Asked as to the truth of the rumor that he might succeed Gen. Andrews, he replied: "There is nothing in it. I shall not be appointed, for I am a Democrat, and the office will go to a Republican. I would not take it, however, if it should be offered to me. I prefer to retain my present position. The Adjutant General, under the present system, is too much under political influence. Politics hamper him and interferes with the proper discharge of his duties. If I took the office I should insist on conducting it along strictly military lines, or I would give it up. No, Sir, you can say I have no idea or intention of becoming Adjutant General."

Major Gen. Charles F. Roe said that he had no knowledge as to who would be appointed to succeed Gen. Andrews.

Gen. Andrews was appointed by Gov. Roosevelt from among a large number of candidates. He is a son-in-law of Major Gen. J. M. Schofield, United States Army, retired. Gen. Andrews entered West Point as a cadet in July, 1852, and upon being graduated became a Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Artillery July 1, 1886. He was promoted First Lieutenant in the Fourth Artillery in November, 1892, and was transferred to the Fifth Artillery in December of the same year. He resigned from the army in November, 1893, to engage in the practice of law. In the Spanish war he served as Lieutenant Colonel and Quartermaster, and as Acting Inspector General of the First Division First Army Corps. He first entered the New York National Guard as engineer on the staff of Brig. Gen. Louis Fitzgerald of the First Brigade in November, 1893. In the extensive manoeuvres attending the sham battles at Van Cortlandt Park he displayed much ability in topographical work. He resigned from the staff of Gen. Fitzgerald in February, 1898, and was elected Major of Squadron A in March, 1898. He was appointed Adjutant General by Gov. Roosevelt in January, 1899. He served on the Police Board of this city when Gov. Roosevelt was President of the board.

BALTIMORE BANK RESIGNATION.

Christian Devries Gives Up the Presidency He Had Held Many Years.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—A flurry was caused to-day by the announcement that Christian Devries had resigned the Presidency of the National Bank of Baltimore, a post he had held for nearly twenty years. The resignation was entirely unexpected and neither Mr. Devries nor any of the bank directors would discuss it.

Mr. Devries has been prominent and highly respected in financial circles for many years. He is one of the city's Finance Commissioners, a Director in the Atlantic Trust and Deposit Company, and President of the Charles A. Vogeler Company, which is owned practically by his family. Mr. Devries married the widow of Mr. Vogler a little over a year ago.

The National Bank of Baltimore is the oldest financial institution in the city, and always has been noted for its conservatism. It had a capital stock of $1,210,700, a surplus fund of $400,000, and undivided profits of $78,503.58 Dec. 2, 1899. J. Thomas Smith is cashier. The Directors are C. Morton Stewart, Christian Devries, Richard Cromwell, James L. McLane, George Poole, O. A. Parker, and Major Alexander Shaw.

The Charles A. Vogeler Company is one of the largest manufacturing concerns of proprietary medicines in the United States.

NEW VENEZUELAN CONSUL

Col. Gonzalez Arrives to Take the Place of Mr. Delfino.

SAYS CASTRO IS IN CONTROL

Opposition to the Government Set Up by Revolution, He Reports, Is Disintegrating.

Col. Elias Gonzalez Esteves, the newly appointed Venezuelan Consul General at New York, arrived on the Red D line steamer Philadelphia yesterday. He received his appointment from Cipriano Castro, Provisional President of Venezuela. Col. Gonzalez is a brother-in-law of the Venezuelan Minister of the Exterior, Gen. Andueza Palacio, and has previously held several minor positions under the new Government. He is a native Venezuelan, but has spent much time traveling in Europe, and has visited this city several times on pleasure trips. He speaks little English.

Col. Gonzalez did not fight in the last revolution because he was out of the country at the time. He won his military title in the Guzman-Blanco war. He is about fifty years old, tall, and a typical Spaniard in appearance, with black hair and mustache slightly tinged with gray. He said in regard to the revolt now in progress against Castro, which is led by Gen. José Manuel Hernandez, that it was really of little importance, and that Hernandez had at the present time not more than 500 men, poorly armed and but half clad. The last news he received before the Philadelphia sailed from La Guayra was that Hernandez had been routed on Dec. 9. Col. Gonzalez believes that Hernandez is now somewhere in the neighborhood of Valencia, and is confident that peace will be established by New Year's Day.

Though Castro has held the reins of government since Oct. 24, he still remains Provisional President, but Col. Gonzalez says the people will elect him President as soon as peace is restored. Hernandez, he says, was offered by Castro and accepted the post of Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, yet on the following day he left Caracas with 1,000 men, and took the field against him. Castro at once sent 3,000 men after him.

There is no Venezuelan Minister in Washington at present. Col. Gonzalez says that Señor Bolet Peraza, confidential agent of the Provisional Government in the United States, whose office is at 40 Broadway, in all likelihood will be appointed very shortly to this place, which he held under a former Administration.

Col. Gonzalez said there was no foundation for the rumors of war between Venezuela and Colombia because of the fact that Castro is supposed to have given to the revolutionists there in return for services which they rendered him against his predecessor, Andrade. He denied that Castro helped the Colombian revolutionists.

It has been said that Castro is not very friendly to Americans, and in proof of this is cited the fact that several leading American merchants signed a petition to Castro asking him to retain Antonio Delfino as Consul General in this city, a position he has held for some time. Among the signers were John D. Rockefeller and Flint, Eddy & Co., but the document was not even acknowledged. Col. Gonzalez said he knew nothing about the petition, but he knew that Castro had the warmest feelings for the United States, especially as the first diplomat to call upon him upon his elevation to the head of the Government was the United States Minister to Venezuela.

Revolutionists are reported to have captured Maracaibo, and the ports are closed. Col. Gonzalez said this was true, but that on the day he left 3,000 men on three transports under command of Gen. Julio Sarria had left La Guayra for that place, and he had no doubt but that they were now in possession. In fact, he did not believe that the surrender of Maracaibo, on their arrival, as the city is not a strategic point. The trouble at Maracaibo, he said, was nothing more than an uprising in the barracks.

Some of Col. Gonzalez's statements do not agree with dispatches which have reached this city in regard to the Venezuelan situation. The latest news reports indicate that Hernandez has about 10,000 men in the field in different parts of the country, and that he himself is near Valencia, where an important battle is expected shortly, and that in the State of Los Andes, where Castro was born, 1,000 men under Gens. Ramel and Morales, who are in charge of the Government troops when Castro made his fight against Andrade, have taken arms for Hernandez, as have others who served under the deposed President.

Col. Gonzalez will call upon Mr. Delfino this morning to demand the surrender to him of the Consulate at 17 State Street.

WOODRUFF STILL A CANDIDATE.

Denies Hanna Frowned Upon His Nomination as Vice President.

Lieut. Gov. Woodruff denied last night that there was any truth in a report from Washington printed in a local newspaper that he had had a talk with Senator Hanna while in Washington recently in which the latter told him he was opposed to his nomination for Vice President next year.

"It is an excellent newspaper story," said Mr. Woodruff. "I saw Mr. Hanna frequently during my stay in Washington, and we had several conversations. I am certain that Mr. Hanna told no one what passed between us, and I know that I have not."

Mr. Woodruff is still a candidate for the nomination, although it is reported that the national leaders favor the selection of Secretary of War Elihu Root. Well informed politicians declare that the Lieutenant Governor has pinned his hopes to the organization in this State. If New York is permitted to name the candidate he hopes that he will have the support of the organization and win the prize.

Reported Position for J. M. Gray.

Brooklyn politicians were interested yesterday by a report to the effect that John Morrissey Gray, who was defeated for Register by James R. Howe in the last election, has been slated to succeed Sheriff-elect William Walton as Deputy Commissioner of the Department of Public Buildings, Lighting, and Supplies. The report is not credited in certain quarters, however, where it is said the position has been promised to Councilman Doyle for one of his constituents.

FIFTY YEARS MAN AND WIFE.

Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Baer Celebrate Their Golden Wedding.

Fifty years ago—Dec. 17, 1849—Abraham Baer of 232 East Eighty-second Street, then in his twenties, married Miss Bertha Hirsch at Bromberg, Germany. Yesterday the couple celebrated their golden wedding anniversary by receiving a large party of friends at their home. Congratulations were accompanied with presents and at 6 o'clock the guests partook of a dinner, at which further expressions of good will were uttered and the health of the aged couple was drunk.

Mr. and Mrs. Baer have lived twenty-eight years in this country. Mr. Baer was formerly a clothing merchant in this city, but retired many years ago. Besides two sons and five daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Baer have twenty-two grandchildren. They are members of the Congregation Atereth Israel in East Eighty-second Street.

Quiet Sunday in Hoboken.

For the first time in many years the saloons of Hoboken were closed yesterday—as to the front doors. It was by no means a dry Sunday, however, as the side doors afforded all the accommodations needed by the thirsty. There was no performance at the Lyric Theatre, nor was there any music at the saloons along the river-front streets. The police authorities said they did not intend to allow any Grand Jury to find a second indictment against them on the charge that they permitted the Sunday laws to be violated.

Burglar Shoots Chief of Police.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 17.—Chief of Police Murphy of Moorhead, Minn., was shot today, while attempting to arrest a burglar named Collins. Collins shot and ran, but fell, dropping his revolver, with which Murphy shot him in the head. Both men are in a hospital at the point of death.

Vermont's Centenarian Entertains.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Dec. 17.—Thompson A. Barnes, the oldest man in Northern Vermont, to-day rounded out a full century by entertaining 106 relatives at a dinner.

TO ADVANCE FREIGHT RATES.

Railways Will Increase Tariffs from 20 to 50 Per Cent.—Action May Affect Retail Prices.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—The Chronicle to-morrow will say:

"One of the most radical and general advances ever made in freight rates will go into effect on all the railroads east and west of Chicago on Jan. 1.

"Thousands of articles of every-day consumption will be affected, and the increase will average 35 to 40 per cent., the jump on many classes reaching 50 per cent. The contemplated action of the railroad officers has aroused the shipping interests of the country, and vigorous protests are being made against the sweeping rise.

"The shippers say that if the carrying charges are increased to the extent announced by the railroads it will have the effect of increasing retail prices in every line of trade.

"Sugar, soap, coffee, flour, coal, and farm implements are a few of the articles to be affected. On these, as well as 1,500 other articles, the increase will run from 20 to 40 per cent. The rate on coal, for example, west of Chicago, will be pushed up 25 cents on the ton.

"Rates on cattle will be advanced to 28 cents per 100 pounds and hogs and sheep will go up from 25 to 30 cents and dressed meat to 40 cents per hundred pounds. Hay is another article that will feel the advance severely. The tariff on this will be increased $1.10 per ton.

"On the roads east of Chicago the increase in rates will be accomplished by changing the class under which the articles affected are shipped. This will be done by taking the items out of what are known as 'commodity' classes and putting them in the 'classes.' The roads east of Chicago will do most of the rate advancing.

"Chicago shippers are circulating petitions asking the railroads to defer the announced advances until April 1, to enable them to catch up with their orders. Should the railroad officers refuse, disastrous results to manufacturers and wholesalers will, it is claimed, be the consequence. Shippers in several jobbing centres talk of appealing to the judiciary to prevent what they term the arbitrary action of the railroads.

"Officers of the railroads in defense of their rate-increasing action declare that the advances are made necessary by the increased cost of everything they are compelled to buy, from ties to engines. They further aver that there is no reason why the railroads should continue to quote panic rates while merchants, manufacturers, and others are advancing prices."

INDIANS HAVE A DEATH FEAST.

Perform the Last Rites of Mourning for Their Chief.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 17.—A death feast was held on the Cattaraugus Indian Reservation at Towanda Saturday afternoon at the conclusion of the mourning period in honor of David Stevens, the Wolf Chieftain who died ten days ago at his home near Lawton's. During this mourning period fire and fresh food have been kept on his grave and a small excavation to the body has been open to let the dead chief's spirit absorb the spirit of the food and warmth.

The feast was held at the late Pagan's home. The braves were slow in assembling, but after a time the Pagan high priest, Berman Crow, arose and turning his back upon the people, began to talk in the native tongue, looking out of the open door, his eyes resting upon the ground. After he had spoken for a time, the effects of the dead chieftain were brought out, the speaker taking piece by piece, talking at length about each one and giving them to the person appointed to receive them. This ceremony continued until all the clothing, including boots, canes, and satchel, was disposed of.

At the conclusion of the speaking the feast was served. Each squaw brought a pail, which was filled with soup and taken home to be eaten. The pies, cakes, cornbread, and fried cakes were passed around, each person taking his share. The spirit of the departed is also supposed to partake of this feast, this being its last relationship to the tribe before it goes to the happy hunting grounds.

HIGHWAYMAN USED A RAZOR.

Threatened His Victim in an Elevated Railroad Waiting Room.

A highwayman attacking his victim in the Eighteenth Street Station of the Sixth Avenue elevated road yesterday afternoon departed somewhat from conventional methods: Instead of a revolver as a weapon, he used a razor. He was successful, for the victim's only means of defense was an iron cuspidor and he did greater damage to the property of the Manhattan Railway than he did to the robber.

It happened about 1 o'clock in the uptown station. Edward J. Ryan of 348 West Eighteenth Street, the ticket chopper, said he noticed that the two men came up together. They were quarreling over something, and each paid his own fare. Ryan paid no more attention to them for a few minutes. Then his attention was attracted to the men's waiting room by the sounds of a suffle. He looked in and saw one man standing over the other with a razor in his hand, while the man on the floor was handing up some small change as quickly as his cramped position would permit.

Ryan immediately fled for a policeman. He found Patrolman Kreus of the West Thirtieth Street Station. When the policeman and ticket chopper reached the scene, the highwayman was just leaving the waiting room. His victim had arisen, seized an iron cuspidor, and hurled it at his despoiler. So poor was his aim, however, that the cuspidor crashed through the window and came uncomfortably close to Policeman Kreus's head.

The highwayman was seized and taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station. He gave his name as William Dalton, thirty-five years old, and said he lived in the Borough of Richmond. He is colored. His victim said he was Bynum Murphy, of 127 West Twenty-seventh Street. He, too, is a negro. He said he had surrendered all the money he had—about a dollar. That sum, in small change, was found on Dalton. The latter was charged with highway robbery. The police say both Dalton and Murphy are known to them as suspicious characters. They, however, did not detain Murphy.

GIRL DEFIES POLICE.

With Capture Imminent, She Attempts to Drown Herself.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—Mary M. Bowles, an eighteen-year-old girl, a ward of the State Charity Board, is in the Everett lock-up charged with larceny. The Bowles family is poor, and employment for Mary was procured by the authorities in the family of C. A. Emery. On last Wednesday night Mrs. Emery's daughter was married, and the display of wedding gifts, which included gold coin, tempted the girl to theft and flight.

Early on the following morning she gathered up several of the bride's dresses and the coin and took the train for Boston. She left the train at Brockton and came the rest of the way by street cars. The Everett police were watching her mother's house when she arrived and entered it.

The girl saw the policeman and escaped by leaping from a second story window.

With an officer at her heels the girl ran across open fields to a pool of stagnant water covered with a thin coating of ice. Across this she tried to go, but sank to her waist. Then she defied the police and she she would never be caught alive. The quick work of the officers alone kept the girl from carrying out her threat of suicide.

The girl told the matron that she had planned to visit her mother for a few hours and then to go to Nova Scotia.

KILLED BY NEGRO OFFICER.

Charleston Policeman Prevented the Rescue of Prisoners.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 17.—Officer Robert Hutchinson, colored, when attracted to a yard in Smith Street to-night by screams and pistol shots, found a negro woman, who claimed to have been beaten by her husband, John Heyward. The officer was unable to get at the facts in the case and arrested the pair. As they were proceeding out of the gate three men, Daniel Heyward, Alonzo Heyward, and Daniel Coafum, rushed out of a house, and attempted to take the prisoners from Hutchinson.

As Daniel Heyward came up the policeman knocked him down with his club. The others crowded and struck Hutchinson to the ground, cutting his overcoat to ribbons, beating and bruising him with his club, which they had taken. The officer drew his pistol and fired three times from the ground. Alonzo Heyward was killed and Coafum was shot in the head. The woman was also shot in the leg.

LIBRARY DOORS TO CLOSE

Sunday Loans Stopped by City's Cut in Appropriations.

CHILDREN CHIEF SUFFERERS

Officers of the Free Circulating Institution Explain Work of Their Branches and Their Dilemma.

As a result of the cutting down by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the allowance made by the city to the New York Free Circulating Library, a notice was conspicuously posted yesterday in all of the eleven branches throughout the city of the library that they would be closed on Sundays. The Trustees, at a meeting held last Tuesday, decided that this was one of the simplest ways of making a retrenchment. The notice follows:

"On account of the small allowance by the city for the year 1900, this library will be closed on Sundays on and after Dec. 24, 1899."

For the library $92,000 was spent last year in running expenses, $82,000 of which came from the city and $15,000 from private sources. This year the Board of Estimate and Apportionment allowed the library only $61,500 in spite of an increased circulation and the establishment of a new branch at Chatham Square. The closing of the libraries on Sundays will save about $5,000 in wages of substitutes, heat, and lighting, and the purchase of new books will be reduced 20 per cent. as a further retrenchment.

J. Morris Wing, General Librarian, when seen at his home, 303 East Eighteenth Street, last night, in regard to the closing of the libraries, said that still further retrenchments were being considered by the Trustees in order to get through the year without ending with a deficit.

"We are like a big mercantile house," said he, "which has suddenly and unexpectedly found that banks won't take its paper. We had been counting on a certain income for the year, and had established a new branch and made other plans for expanding the work of the library, when we found that our income had been cut down by a big fraction. There was nothing to do but retrench."

The cutting down of the allowance of the New York Free Circulating Library was the result of a change in the policy of the city's financial board in regard to institutions of its character. This library is not the only one that has suffered. The Aguilar Free Library, belonging to the concern, has also been cut from $40,000 to $28,000, and will have to practice economy. The laws of the State permit the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to allow to free circulating libraries a maximum of 10 cents on each volume of their certified circulation. The State Board of Regents determines what the certified circulation is, and the Board of Estimate and Apportionment bases its allowance upon the figure certified to.

When the board came to make up the budget for 1900 a new scale was decided on. It was determined that libraries should receive their allowance on a sliding scale favoring the small institutions. For the first 10,000 volumes of circulation 10 cents a volume was allowed. A cent a volume less was deducted from the rate over 10,000 volumes. The allowance on 50,000 volumes of circulation figures out just about 8 cents a volume.

The certified circulation of the New York Free Circulating Library last year was 1,200,000, and the allowance for that number figures out 5½ cents on each volume. The Aguilar Library is the next largest circulating library, and the only one affected to any great extent.

The State certifies only to the books loaned to individuals to be taken from the library. No credit has been given for books used in the reading rooms. The State has never recognized the "traveling library" system established by the society. In accordance with this system, small libraries have been furnished, the books frequently being changed, for the houses, to the public schools when asked for, and to study clubs. A system of "home libraries" has also been in vogue for some time, which provides for small libraries in crowded tenement houses. These loans of books were made at the society's own expense.

The estimated expense for this year was $90,000. The estimated income since the Board of Estimate and Apportionment's action is $77,000. It costs more to circulate the books than the city has allowed, to say nothing of the cost of books.

The library has property to the value of half a million dollars, the gift of members of the society. Of the 146,837 regular borrowers from the library over 90 per cent. are children. The percentage of children borrowing from the new Chatham Branch is much higher than this.

Mr. Wing said last night that the society could meet its expenses this year on an allowance of eight cents a volume, but Mayor Van Wyck had informed a committee that waited on him after the budget was announced that the budget having been passed it could not be amended now. The society appeared before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at the public hearing given to charitable institutions and stated its needs, but was not informed of the action of the board until after the budget was adopted, action having been taken in executive session.

FOUND HIS MISTAKE AND DIED.

Bookkeeper Worked on Sunday and Expired on the Way Home.

Farnk Lencioni, a bookkeeper employed by a catering firm at 867 Sixth Avenue, was seized with a hemorrhage while on his way home from work last night. He was carried to a drug store at Sixth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, where he died before a physician could be called.

Lencioni was thirty-five years old. He lived with his mother, whom he supported, at 163 West Forty-eighth Street. He had been in the employ of the Sixth Avenue caterer for twelve years and earned a good salary. A year ago he caught a severe cold which developed into consumption. The money he had been able to save was soon spent for medical treatment, and the disease progressed as his bank account grew smaller. Tied to his desk by the necessity of earning a living, the sick man worked yesterday to find an error which prevented his books from balancing Saturday night. The mistake was discovered about nine o'clock, and his death followed a few minutes later.

THE ORIENT WANTS LUMBER.

Pacific Coast Mill Men, However, Cannot Get Vessels to Carry It.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Washington, Dec. 17.—Puget Sound lumber men are unable to fill large orders for the Orient because of the scarcity of vessels to carry lumber across the Pacific. Charter rates are very high, reaching $20 per 1,000 feet to Liverpool.

Manager Palmer of the Vancouver Mills says that 50,000,000 feet, aggregating forty cargoes, could be sold for China and Siberia if vessels were available. Russian Government agents are in the market to buy 9,000,000 feet for Spring delivery at Vladivostock. The Chinese imperial railways are seeking 10,000,000 feet for Shanghai delivery, while much larger quantities of ties and car-building material are wanted at Tien-Tsin for North China railroads.

The mills can readily furnish the lumber, but dare not risk insuring delivery. The demand from South Africa, South America, Australia, Hawaii, and Europe is also very heavy. Lumbermen predict large price advances in the near future.

CHILD CAUSES FOUR DEATHS.

Throws Powder Into a Fire and Causes an Explosion.

LOUISA, Ky., Dec. 17.—At Alliance Post Office, Floyd County, Nelson Hamilton was pouring out some gunpowder from a keg, when his four-year old son picked up a small amount and tossed it into the fire. The explosion threw some embers into the pile of powder and a terrific explosion followed. The father and little son and two older children, who were in the room, were knocked insensible. The ceiling was lifted from its place, the walls spread, and the upper part of the house came down and stopped about half way on the walls, thus fastening all the doors securely.

When the oldest daughter regained consciousness sufficiently to realize that the house was in flames she tried to open a door, but at once saw the hopelessness of such an effort and began to scream for help. A neighbor arrived in time to burst in a door and get the tortured persons out, but they were so badly burned that all died within a few hours.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN.

While it was in his official capacity that Randolph Guggenheimer, President of the Municipal Council, appeared at the meeting of the Household Economic Association to make an address a few days ago, he takes something more than a superficial interest in such matters, for he has made cooking a sort of hobby. Mr. Guggenheimer lives well and knows how to do it, as chefs who have had to do with preparing dinners he has given will attest. No steward will do for Mr. Guggenheimer when an important dinner is on. He deals directly with the chef then, and there is rarely a conference of this sort at which the lawyer does not have a timely suggestion to make as to the component parts of the menu. If it was necessary he could go to the kitchen and prepare many of the dishes he orders, though it is in the composition of sauces and gravies that he is at his best. He could probably give Hermann Oelrichs a lively turn at preparing a dish of terrapin, regarding the composition of which the two are pretty well agreed. Mr. Guggenheimer finds recreation in fussing about where cooking is in progress, and he was able, long ago, to graduate with honors from the chafing-dish class.

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There is a young man up town with a fondness for pets that are a bit out of the ordinary. A friend traveling in the West Indies forwarded to him a mongoose, and with this addition to his menagerie he was happy. Two weeks ago another arrived, and now the owner of the menagerie is miserable. He does not know whether to call the two "mongooses," or to refer to them as "mongeese." Just now he does this sort of thing when he meets an acquaintance who is familiar with his fad:

"You know that mongoose that Tom sent me last Summer? Well, he has sent me another, and they are a lively pair, I assure you."

"What are you going to do with them, raise mon—eh, whatever you call 'em, for the market?"

"Can't do that, you know, for both of my mon—, whatever you call 'em, are males."

"Better kill one of them at once then, a fellow'll know what to call one of them, but when it comes to referring to more than that a single one you'll have everybody crazy trying to guess which is the right thing as between mongeese and mongooses."

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"Does it last well?" asked the bustling little woman of her dignified companion on a Broadway car.

"Never saw anything last like it," replied the questioned one. "It lasts like the Widow Cruse's oil, as the Good Book says."

And then the dignified woman wondered what a couple of people who overheard her were smiling at.

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"If there is one thing that makes me madder than another about this whole street car business," said one of the strap-hangers in an Eighth Avenue car that was headed for its Polo Ground terminus, "it is the cool way in which the street car employes who are either going from or going to work will monopolize the seats in a car and allow paying passengers to stand. Look at the deadheads in this car and at the number of others that are standing. It is not an unfair example of the sort of thing that one may see on this particular line most any day of the week." One side of the car had five burly men, in full uniform of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company, and nearly opposite were three others also seated. Two women separated the latter batch from two policemen in full uniform who, having been relieved from duty, were comfortably seated and on their way home. It was late at night, but not too late for the car to be packed and to have as its occupants a number of ladies on their way to their homes from the theatres, apparently, after the enjoyment of an after-the-show supper. Five ladies were standing, and the conductor of the car saw no reason why he should ask the company's employes to stand and allow the women to be seated. Evidently there is need of some sort of a regulation for the control of the manners of the company's employes when they are not on duty, but are yet on the cars of the company that employs them. It would not be a bad idea for Police Commissioners to give the patrolmen a few lessons in good manners while they are off post and riding for nothing on cars, particularly when citizens who have no free privileges are compelled to stand in the same cars. "Street car hogs" are thick enough without having their number added to by these wearers of uniforms.

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One of the best-known lawyers in town suggests that it would be a proper thing for the leaders of fashion in the city to institute the fashion of wearing the crush opera hat on Sundays when going to and from church services. "The tall silk hat," says he, "is just as much of a nuisance at the church as it is at the opera or the theatre so that every reason that applies for taking the crush hat to a place of amusement applies as to wearing it at church. Then, should the fashion be adopted, aside from the comfort for the wearer, it would be a sort of badge that a man was on his way to church and was not out for a walk for the purpose of 'giving the girls a treat.' The crush hat is a sort of badge of fashion, showing that the wearer is accustomed to the usages of society, at least. The scheme would have economic merit as well, for a crush hat is a good rainy day hat, which the silk one is not, and should the idea be taken up it would be a good thing for the hatters, for every well-dressed man would have a crush hat that would be made in conformity with the prevailing fashion just as he now has a silk hat for business wear. Push the thing along, Mr. Heard About Town, and when the leaders in fashion adopt the thing there will be a host of followers of the style who would adopt it as a matter of comfort and for appearance sake, if for no other reason."

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"There stands a good example of one of the self-made men in this country," said one of a party chatting in the Sinclair House, and indicating Martin McEniry, a wealthy brewer from Cohoes, Albany County. "Twenty-five years ago," he continued, "Mr. McEniry reached Albany with 25 cents in his pockets and a determination to make his way in the world as the rest of his capital. He had no acquaintance in the capital city, but in less than twenty-four hours he had secured a position as teamster for the late ex-Congressman Terrence Quinn, who operated a large brewery. Very shortly afterward the main building of the brewery was destroyed by an explosion, and McEniry was put to work with others gathering the bricks and stacking them up with other debris. One noon hour McEniry, who is a fine penman, occupied some of his leisure time in marking a number of joists with the name of the owner in chalk. 'Who wrote that?' asked Mr. Quinn of his Superintendent. 'A greenhorn,' was the reply. 'Send him to me,' ordered Brewer Quinn. McEniry, fearing he had committed an offense that would cost him his job, appeared before Mr. Quinn, who asked: 'Can you keep books?' 'Yes,' replied the astonished McEniry. 'And can you write as well with a pen as with chalk?' 'I think so.' The next morning McEniry stepped into a vacancy in the brewery office. Promotion came rapidly, and soon he was Superintendent at a salary of $6,000 a year. He remained with Mr. Quinn and his successor, ex-Mayor Nolan of Albany, and today is part owner of the brewery and owns other property valued at more than $100,000."

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"High life below stairs," as it has been called, is very much interested in a competition set down for Wednesday evening at the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club, which is the swell club for that sort of thing in the big borough across the bridge. Coachmen employed by the members of the club are to have a chance to compete for a prize for the most skillful driving done on the tan-bark ring of the club. There are a number of coachmen over there who think they are able to drive even better than can their masters, and the contest will be a hot one. Coachmen this side of the river are even taking a lively interest in the trials, and some of them have been engaged during the past week in giving points to men who are to compete. At least one of these coachmen who is anxious to get the prize has been taking lessons at one of the riding academies here of one of the professional teachers who drives at the Madison Square Garden Horse Show. He thinks that when it comes to a question of grace in handling the whip and the lines he will come out ahead of his competitors by reason of this course of instruction. As to driving between obstacles, this particular coachman has no fears, as it is said that he coached his employer in that sort of thing before the latter made his début as a fancy driver at one of the horse shows a few years ago

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Three redheads, a couple of broadbills, and a half dozen black ducks formed the bag of a happy hunter who was out on the Great South Bay for some shooting on Friday. The flight of ducks has been small as yet, he reports, as the weather has not been cold enough to force the ducks well within the hunting grounds. It will take a good cold snap to bring the shooting up to what it has been some years in that region, and the old hunters says the season will be a very short one. The first flight of wild geese for the year was reported on Thursday afternoon, the birds putting in an appearance nearly a month later than they did a year ago.

PRISONER JUMPS FROM TRAIN.

Insurance Swindler and Forger in Custody of a Sheriff Disappears En Route.

Special to The New York Times.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Dec. 17.—Forger James H. Morton, alias Rogers, alias Hall, en route from Boston to Sioux City with his wife and Sheriff Davenport of Woodbury County, jumped from an Illinois Central train west of Dubuque last night and is a fugitive.

Morton, who is about thirty-five years old, appeared in Sioux City about two months ago as solicitor for a reputable life insurance company. Nothing was known of his antecedents. Dec. 4 he took the application of C. J. Holman of Sargent's Bluffs, near Sioux City. Holman paid $100 cash and gave a note for $100.86.

On the margin was printed a recital that the note was to be paid in one year, but should be void if Holman survived the year. Morton clipped off this recital, raised the note to $2,100.86, and discounted it at a Sioux City bank. The bank paid him $800, reserving payment of the remainder, according to custom, until the note should be verified.

Holman was notified next day that the note was in the bank. He hastened to Sioux City, pronounced the note a forgery, and Sheriff Davenport took the trail. He traced Morton to Chicago, then to Montreal, Springfield, and Boston, where he caught him. Morton consented to come without a requisition. The Sheriff never let him out of his sight until the train passed Dubuque. Then he stepped out of the stateroom to converse with a friend.

When he returned Morton had entered the toilet room. He tried the door and found it locked, called for the porter's keys, opened the door, and found the window of the toilet room open and the man gone. Sheriff Davenport telegraphed in all directions and then came to Dubuque and communicated with the interior by telephone. Davenport believes Morton has found shelter near Earley.

SWINDLER USED ROACH'S NAME.

Bogus Son of the Shipbuilder Unmasked on Arrival of W. J. Leland.

Herman W. Donath, thirty-two years old, of 1,328 Eighth Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., was arrested in the Grand Hotel last night for passing a forged check for $3 on that house. He had registered as John B. Roach, Jr., of Chester, Penn., a son of Mr. Roach, the shipbuilder.

When William J. Leland, the proprietor of the hotel, came home from Philadelphia last night, he happened to mention to the clerk that he had a pleasant day.

"I called on my old friend, Roach, the shipbuilder," he said. "Mrs. Roach is a cousin of mine."

"Why young Roach is stopping here," said the clerk, showing Mr. Leland the register and the entry made by "Mr. Roach."

"Not on your life," said Mr. Leland. "There isn't any John B. Roach, Jr., living, if I know the Roaches, and I guess I do."

The clerk assured Mr. Leland that he was mistaken. Young "Roach" had talked with him, seemed to know all about Roach the shipbuilder, and had even told him of several vessels recently launched by his "father's" firm. He displayed a check drawn on the First National Bank of Chester, Penn., for $3, signed "John B. Roach, Jr.," and tendered it to the clerk in payment of his bill.

Mr. Leland communicated with Sergt. Walsing of the West Thirtieth Street Station, and detectives were sent to the hotel. They waited in the lobby until the bogus Roach came in, and then arrested him.

His identity was first disclosed by some letters and telegrams in his pocket, and when these were found he admitted who he was. One letter was from his father, August Donath of Washington, D. C., and was full of good advice. The writer seemed to suspect that all was not well with his son, who had written to him that he was employed as a commercial traveler. The father reminded his son that "honesty is the best policy" and included several other equally wholesome maxims.

When Donath's person was searched nothing but a dress suit case was found. It contained a silver knife and fork. A key marked "Astor House" was found in one of his pockets.

FEAR LOST BARGE WENT DOWN.

Searching Vessels Give Up Hope of Finding the Missing Whaleback.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—A dispatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., says:

"Whaleback barge Hundred Fifteen, which has been missing on Lake Superior since Wednesday last, was to-day given up for lost, with her crew of nine men. The only names known of the lost are: Capt. Arthur Boyce, Mate Michael Stynop, Cook William Buckner.

"The steamer Colgate Hoyt, which had the lost barge in tow, gave up the search for her to-day and passed down through the locks bound for Lake Erie. The tug Vigilant, which was also searching for the Hundred Fifteen, likewise gave it up. While it is likely that the whaleback company will send out its steamers from Duluth in a further search, the crew of the Hoyt have no doubt but the barge went down in the great storm of Wednesday."

With the rest of the whaleback fleet, the lost barge passed to the Rockefeller interests in the general shakeup of vessel property in October. There was no insurance on either vessel or cargo.

STATE EDUCATIONAL PLANS.

Senator White Will Devote His Time to Passage of His Bill.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 17.—Senator Horace White said to-night that he proposed to principally devote his attention, during the coming session of the State Legislature, to the passage of an educational measure in conformity with the report of the commission in the matter of unification of the educational departments of the State.

The bill as proposed by Senator White embodies the report in its entirety, and makes it a part of his educational bill of last Winter. The report is in exact accord with his ideas, and as he would have personally preferred to have had last Winter's bill. It also is assured of the determined support of Gov. Roosevelt.

LEMAIRES COMING HERE.

The Lemaire Optical Company, with a capital of $1,000,000, will file articles of incorporation at Albany in a few days, and will establish two factories in the United States, which, it is expected, will give employment to 5,000 men. One establishment will be at Franklin Park, Ill., where a tract of land has been leased, and the second at a point in Connecticut. Machinery valued at $500,000 will be imported for the plants. Offices and show rooms will be opened Jan. 10 in this city at 30 East Twenty-third Street.

The Lemaire Company, which has factories in England and France, is entering the United States as a manufacturer because of the heavy duties on their goods, ranging from 60 to 65 per cent. The glass for the lenses will be imported, and ground and mounted here.

Coffee Ship at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 17.—The British steamer Willowdene, from Rio de Janeiro via Santos, coffee laden, arrived at the Mississippi quarantine station to-night. Her crew of twenty-five men is in excellent health, and there was no sickness aboard during the voyage. The Cotton Exchange and other bodies are urging the Board of Health to refuse to permit the ship and cargo to come to the city even after disinfection and detention. The Board of Health is not certain of its powers in prohibiting entry to a healthy ship. The ship has 43,000 bags of coffee aboard.

Death of Capt. Luke Smith.

Capt. LUKE SMITH of Acton, Mass., died yesterday in his eighty-seventh year. He gained his military title in the Civil War. He was one of the founders of the Bunker Hill Historical Society and its first President.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Samuel Conover.

Samuel Conover, sixty-two years old, a stock broker, who was formerly President of the Produce Bank, which went into liquidation some years ago, died Saturday at his residence, 200 West One Hundred and Seventh Street, of apoplexy. Mr. Conover enjoyed good health until Dec. 11, when he had an apoplectic stroke while sitting in his office, in Leonard Street.

He was born in this city and educated in the public schools. When a young man he became identified with banking interests, his first position having been in the Merchants' National Bank. Later he became connected with the Fourth National Bank and rose to the position of paying teller, and then he became President of the Produce Bank and remained with it until it went into liquidation. In 1879 he was a candidate for Mayor of this city, and was defeated by Edward Cooper. He served a term as Park Commissioner and was once elected to the Assembly from the White Plains District. A widow and one daughter, Mrs. Florence Bostwick, survive him. Funeral services will be held at his late residence to-morrow evening.

James Nelson Pidcock.

Ex-Congressman James Nelson Pidcock of New Jersey, who was a power in State politics for many years, died at his home, in Whitehouse, yesterday from paralysis. He was stricken Saturday night while seated at his desk in his library. Mr. Pidcock was born at Mechanicsville on Feb. 8, 1836. He became the leader of the Hunterdon County Democrats thirty years ago, and in 1876 was elected a State Senator. In 1884 he was elected to Congress from the old Fourth District and served four years. After retiring from Congress he remained active in politics, but the redistricting of the State in 1890 cut up the districts so that he lost control of the Congressional district. He was President of the Rockaway Valley Railroad.

William Floyd-Jones.

William Floyd-Jones, a member of the firm of Worden & Co., bankers and brokers, died Saturday at his residence, 128 East Thirty-fourth Street, from typhoid fever. Mr. Floyd-Jones was thirty-two years old. He was the youngest son of the late William Floyd-Jones of Massapequa, L. I., and was descended from the old Long Island family of Floyd-Jones, whose homestead at Massapequa has stood for over two centuries. He was a member of the Union Club. He leaves a wife, who was Miss Lillian Ferris of this city, and a son, one year old. The funeral will be held at the Church of the Incarnation to-morrow morning. The interment will be at Massapequa.

Hannibal Smith.

Hannibal Smith, a prominent lawyer in New York State, died at his home at Watertown yesterday, aged sixty years. He leaves a wife, two sons, and a daughter. He was born in Oswego, N. Y. He was graduated from Hamilton College in the class of '66. In 1870 he was elected Principal of the High School and Superintendent of Schools of Watertown. In 1874 he formed a law partnership with Gen. Bradley Winslow, which continued until 1877. He was a member of the State Commission which drafted a charter for cities of the third class, and was a Director and Treasurer of the Standard Publishing Company.

James W. Reis.

James W. Reis, general manager of the National Steel Company, died yesterday at his home, in New Castle, Penn., aged about thirty-five years. The cause of his death was typhoid fever, from which he had been suffering for some weeks.

He was a brother of William E. Reis, President of the National Steel Trust. He was looked upon as one of the most promising of the young steel manufacturers of the country.

William Vance Marquis.

William Vance Marquis, who was Lieutenant Governor of Ohio under the Campbell administration, died suddenly of heart trouble yesterday at Bellefontaine, Ohio, in the office of Dr. Chaffant, upon whom he had called for treatment. Mr. Marquis was seventy-two years of age. He had been engaged in mercantile and banking business here for many years.

Walter Shanly.

Walter Shanly, a well-known civil engineer, died yesterday at the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, where he resided. He constructed the Hoosac Mountain Tunnel, and was General Manager of the Grand Trunk for four years. He was associated with the development of the St. Lawrence Canal system. He was in his eighty-first year.

Obituary Notes.

ISAAC B. FARRAN of Malone, N. Y., supposed to be the oldest man in his county, died Saturday. He was ninety-nine years old. Up to a few weeks ago he frequently was seen driving his team about town.

ROMLO BALCAZAR died Saturday of Bright's disease at the French Hospital, West Thirty-fourth Street. Mr. Balcazar was sixty years old. He was a native of Calle, and came to New York in 1874. He was a dealer in straw goods imported from South America.

ELIZABETH R. MACGREGOR died in Washington Saturday morning of heart disease. She was the widow of James C. MacGregor of Cincinnati, Ohio, and the mother of James MacGregor, an attorney of this city, and of Mrs. James Byrne, whose husband is a partner in the law firm of Hornblower, Byrne & Miller. The funeral and burial will take place in Cincinnati.

WILLIAM MILLS, a paint merchant of Brooklyn, died yesterday of heart disease at his home in Fillmore Place. He was born in Ireland, Mr. Mills spent the greater part of his life in Brooklyn. He was an earnest advocate of improvements in the Williamsburg section. He leaves a widow and several children, all adults. He was an Episcopalian, a Mason, and a member of the Seymour Club of the Thirteenth Ward.

M

FINANCIAL DIRECTORY.

Chemical National Bank
270 Broadway.

National Bank of Commerce
CAP. AND SUR. $8,500,000.
31 Nassau St.

Hanover National Bank
Capital $1,000,000. Surplus and profits, $2,500,000.
9 and 11 Nassau St.

The Nassau Bank
Corner Beekman and Nassau Streets.

Central National Bank
320 Broadway.

Phenix National Bank
49 Wall Street.

Colonial Trust Company
CAPITAL & SURPLUS, $1,500,000.
ST. PAUL B'LD'G.
222 B'way.

Continental Trust Company
30 Broad St.

Washington Trust Company
Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

Real Estate Trust Co.,
30 NASSAU STREET.
Capital, Surplus, and Undivided Profits $900,000.
Receives Deposits, Allowing Interest.
Acts as Trustee. Transfer Agent. Registrar, &c.

PHILADELPHIA.
Fourth Street National Bank
Capital, $1,500,000. Surplus, $1,500,000.

BANKERS' CARDS.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS,
BANKERS,
Broadway & Cedar St. NEW YORK.
Investment Securities.
Foreign Exchange.
Loans made against approved collateral.
Interest allowed on deposits.
LETTERS OF CREDIT.

Geo. E. Armstrong & Co.
BANKERS & BROKERS,
MEMBERS OF
New York and Boston Stock Exchanges.
44 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
116 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.
231 MAIN ST., SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Ward, Armstrong & Co.,
20 GT. WINCHESTER ST., LONDON.

DOUGLAS & JONES
Members New York Stock Exchange.
ESTABLISHED 1886.
24 Broad St., New York City.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH AND CARRIED ON MARGIN.
Daily Market Letter on Application.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

36 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Fisk & Robinson
BANKERS
Investment Securities
HARVEY EDWARD FISK,
GEORGE H. ROBINSON.
Member New York Stock Exchange.

New York Telephone, 4914 Cortlandt. Brooklyn Telephone, 391 Brooklyn.

Geo. H. PRENTISS & Co
DEALERS IN
LOCAL SECURITIES
37 William St., New York. 298 Montague St., Brooklyn.
MEMBERS OF N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

A. J. DE KANTSTEIN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange,
30 West 23d St.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for cash and carried on margin.
SPECIAL LADIES' DEPARTMENT.
DAILY MARKET LETTER ON APPLICATION.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

Chester B. Lawrence, Jr.,
Member Consolidated Stock Exchange.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
Branch Offices:
1,200 BROADWAY, CORNER 34TH ST.
621 BROADWAY, CORNER HOUSTON ST.
MAIN OFFICES, 32 & 34 BROADWAY.

E. C. POTTER & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
36 WALL STREET.
Members of New York Stock Exchange

J. G. Zachry, BONDS
33 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

FINANCIAL.

REDEMPTION NOTICE NO. 7

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

EQUIPMENT MORTGAGE BONDS, DATED JULY 17, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that fifty (50) of the Equipment Mortgage Bonds of the Georgia Pacific Railway Company were this day drawn for the Sinking Fund in accordance with the requirements of Article Three of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows, viz.:

63	266	265	531	680	811	920
84	295	368	549	714	812	923
103	296	383	552	716	819	931
153	305	406	553	721	857	932
164	327	463	607	725	874	937
221	350	516	668	779	917	993
252	351	522	675	787	918	995
259						

All future interest of any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupons due February 1st, 1900, in accordance with the terms of the Mortgage.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By E. F. Hyde, 2d Vice President.
New York, November 1, 1899.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the fifty bonds were designated by lot in our presence as above stated.
FRED C. RANDALL
With Central Trust Co. of N. Y.
R. D. LANKFORD,
Of Georgia Pacific Railway Co.
FRANK B. SMIDT,
Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds, and the coupons therefrom maturing February 1st, 1900, will be paid at this office on or after the first day of February, 1900, at par.
Central Trust Company of New York, Trustee,
By E. F. Hyde,
Second Vice President.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Capital, $1,000,000 37 and 39 Wall St.
Surplus, $1,000,000
BRAYTON IVES, President.
FREDERICK D. TAPPEN, V.-Pres.
BEVERLY CHEW, Secretary.
BERTRAM CRUGER, Asst. Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Morris K. Jesup,	D. O. Mills,
Dudley Olcott,	Fred'k D. Tappen,
Geo. A. Hardin,	C. P. Huntington,
Edward B. Judson,	Bradley Martin,
Robert Hoe,	Heber R. Bishop,
William L. Bull,	J. Howard King,
Richard Mortimer,	Wm. H. Tillinghast,
Samuel Thomas,	Geo. Henry Warren,
John E. Parsons,	Hamilton Smith,
John T. Terry,	Haley Fiske,
Brayton Ives,	J. Edward Simmons,
George Coppell.	

FINANCIAL.

Artificial Lumber Company of America

(Organized Under the Laws of the State of New Jersey.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, . . $12,000,000

$3,500,000 Six Per Cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock
$8,500,000 Common Stock

THE NORTH AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY, IS AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE SUBSCRIPTIONS AT 70 (par value $100) for $1,500,000 of the Preferred Stock of the Artificial Lumber Company of America.

Subscribers to the above will receive as a bonus one share of the Common Stock for each share of the Preferred Stock subscribed.

The money received from the above subscriptions will be placed in the Treasury of the Company, which will give the Company a cash working capital of over a million dollars. There will also remain in the Treasury one million five hundred thousand dollars of Preferred Stock, and one million five hundred thousand dollars of Common Stock.

DIRECTORS:

ALVAH TROWBRIDGE, President The North American Trust Company.
HUGH H. HAMILL, President The Trenton Trust & Safe Deposit Company.
FRANK G. SMITH, Secretary & Treasurer Adirondack Railroad Company.
GEORGE R. CRAWFORD, President Westchester Fire Insurance Company.
MELVIN STEPHENS, Director Second National Bank, Jersey City.
A. R. KUSER, Sec'y & Treas. Trenton Gas & Electric Company.
J. WESLEY ALLISON, Vice President Wood Motor Vehicle Company.
THOMAS RUSSELL, President The Union Selling Company, New York.
T. E. OTIS, President People's Brewing Company, Trenton, N. J.
General W. P. ORR, President Citizens' National Bank, Piqua, Ohio,
L. A. WILEY, Sec'y People's Gas Light & Coke Co., Chicago, Ill.
CHARLES R. HEDDEN of V. D. Hedden & Sons, Builders, New York.
Adjutant General T. S. PECK, Burlington, Vermont.
Hon. J. P. WHITNEY, Q. C., M. P., Ontario, Canada.

CONSULTING ENGINEER: F. F. IDELL.

TRANSFER AGENTS: THE CORPORATION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.

TRUSTEE AND REGISTRAR: THE NORTH AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY.
COUNSEL: KELLOGG, ROSE & SMITH, NEW YORK.

This company has secured all the rights and patents of Oliver L. Gardner for the manufacture of Artificial Lumber.

This material has been manufactured for a period of twelve years and is gradually taking the place of lumber for inside decorations on railroad cars and all classes of buildings.

It can be used as a substitute for plaster and laths in buildings, as it is sound proof and temperature proof, and it **IS FIRE PROOF.**

The economies and savings in the construction of cars and buildings, and many other things heretofore made of wood and plaster, made possible by the use of this lumber, are very large.

It is manufactured from a **WASTE** material of which there is an unlimited supply, and consequently capable of earning large dividends, owing to its low cost of construction.

The engineers of the Guaranty Development Company, 10 Wall Street, New York, have made a full examination of the nature of this artificial lumber and the uses to which it can be put, and they report that its value as a commercial article is practically unlimited. A detailed report of this examination can be seen at their office.

PATENTS

New patents have recently been obtained, and applied for, covering a process for the manufacture of this material in the United States, Canada, Mexico, Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium, Austria, Russia, and Australia, which gives to this company an **ABSOLUTE MONOPOLY.**

Careful, conscientious work, which has cost over **FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS** in cash, has been put into this enterprise to develop it up to its present finished condition so that, after long usage, it now stands as a recognized commercial commodity by architects, builders, decorators, and manufacturers of railroad cars, steamships, and boxes, and there is positively no question regarding its practicability and future position as a substitute for wood in all its uses and decorations for inside work. The company now has orders which guarantee a continuous demand larger than it is possible to fill with the present plant.

The gradual decrease in the supply of wood in the world, and the increase in the demand for same, particularly the grade that is used for inside decorations, is a well-known fact, and consequently this substitute for wood is much more valuable as a commercial commodity, under these conditions, than any new commercial proposition has been for the past twenty years.

PLANTS

A plant is now erected (fully equipped with machinery) at Barberton, Ohio, for the manufacturing of this material.

A plant will be erected within the vicinity of New York, one in the West, and one in Canada, each with an earning capacity equal to the one at Barberton, Ohio.

FINANCIAL

THE EARNINGS FROM THE BARBERTON PLANT WILL, AFTER PAYING SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON THE $1,500,000 OF PREFERRED STOCK ISSUED, PAY FIVE PER CENT. ON THE COMMON STOCK ISSUED; AND AFTER THE ERECTION OF THE PLANT IN THE VICINITY OF NEW YORK CITY, IN THE WEST, AND IN CANADA, THE EARNING CAPACITY OF THIS COMPANY WILL BE $1,800,000 ANNUALLY.

Applications are now in hand from prominent European bankers to organize corporations to manufacture and sell this artificial lumber in England, France, and Germany, and as the United States company own and control the foreign patents, a large percentage of the profits of the foreign companies will revert to the Artificial Lumber Company of America.

The books for subscriptions will open on the 18th day of December, and will close on the 23d day of December, 1899, at 3 P. M.

Twenty-five (25%) per cent. of subscriptions are payable on application and the balance on allotment on or before January 8th, 1900.

COLONIAL TRUST COMPANY,

ST. PAUL BUILDING,
222 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $1,500,000.
Transacts a General Trust and Banking Business.
Allows Interest on Daily Balances.

Subject to check, payable at sight or through the New York Clearing-house and on Certificates of Deposit.

OFFICERS:
JOHN F. BORNE, President.
RICHARD DELAFIELD, CORD MEYER, } Vice-Presidents.
JAMES W. TAPPIN.
ARPAD S. GROSSMANN, Treasurer.
EDMUND L. JUDSON, Secretary.
PHILIP S. BABCOCK, Trust Officer.

TRUSTEES:

Henry O. Havemeyer,	Cord Meyer,
Anson R. Flower,	Perry Belmont,
Lowell M. Palmer,	Wm. T. Wardwell,
John E. Borne,	Henry N. Whitney,
Richard Delafield,	Theo. W. Myers,
Daniel O'Day,	L. C. Dessar,
Percival Kilhne,	Geo. Warren Smith,
Frank Curtiss,	John S. Dickerson,
Vernon H. Brown,	James W. Tappin,
Seth M. Milliken,	Geo. W. Quintard,
W. Seward Webb.	

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society,

ORGANIZED 1875.
346 and 348 Broadway.
EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.
Issues All Desirable Forms of Policies

Assurance in force $100,000,000
Paid Policyholders $16,500,000
Assets to Liabilities 132½ per cent.

J. OVERTON PAINE,

Member { Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y. / New York Produce Exchange.
STOCKS, BONDS, COTTON, GRAIN, &c.,
bought and sold on the New York Exchanges for cash or on margin of 5 per cent. and up. Com. 1-16.
MARKET LETTER ISSUED DAILY.

MAIN OFFICE,
60 AND 62 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
(Opening on the gallery of the Exchange.)
BRANCH OFFICE, Broadway & 30th St.
Call or write for SPECIAL LETTER issued MONDAY, entitled
LIQUIDATION BY POOLS.
Free on request.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

FINANCIAL.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY.

146 Broadway, New York. 175 Remsen St., Brooklyn.
Capital & Surplus, $5,000,000.

Offers its services for the safe keeping and judicious management of trust funds.

This Company is the largest lender on mortgage in the State, and can, therefore, render invaluable service to those who wish to invest in good mortgages.

Receives money on deposit at current rates of interest, issuing its Certificates of Deposit therefor.

The Company acts as Executor, Guardian, Committee, Trustee, Receiver, Registrar, or Transfer Agent.

CLARENCE H. KELSEY, President.
FRANK BAILEY, Vice-President.
EDWARD O. STANLEY, Treasurer.
CLINTON D. BURDICK, Secretary.
JOHN W. SHEPARD, Ass't Treas.
J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Ass't Sec'y.
EDWARD E. SPRAGUE, Solicitor.

TRUSTEES.

George G. Williams,	John S. Kennedy,
Alexander E. Orr,	William M. Ingraham,
Augustus D. Juilliard,	Charles A. Peabody, jr.,
Elihu Root,	Woodbury Langdon,
Charles S. Brown,	James D. Lynch,
Louis Windmuller,	Robert Olyphant,
John Jacob Astor,	Martin Joost,
Julien T. Davies,	Benjamin D. Hicks,
Charles R. Henderson,	William J. Easton,
Frederick Potter,	John D. Hicks,
Charles Richardson,	Charles Matlack,
Ellis D. Williams,	Clarence H. Kelsey,
	Frank Bailey.

North American Trust Company

100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL..... $2,000,000
SURPLUS..... 1,000,000
Fiscal Agent for the United States in Cuba.

OUR FOREIGN DEPARTMENT has reliable agents in all cities and towns of **Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Austria, Hungary, France, Spain, Italy, Switzerland, Belgium,** and **Holland;** also **Mexico, Central** and **South America,** and is prepared to give prompt attention to the collection of legacies, management of estates, special payments, etc., in those countries.

OFFICERS.
Alvah Trowbridge ..... President
Heman Dowd ..... Vice-President
Stanley L. Conklin ..... Secretary
Francis C. Prest ..... Assistant Secretary

DIRECTORS.

Alvah Trowbridge,	Luis Suarez Galban,
John G. Carlisle.	Henry F. Shoemaker,
Charlton T. Lewis,	Roland R. Conklin,
Samuel M. Jarvis,	Wager Swayne,
James B. Dill,	James S. Kuhn,
Hugh Kelly,	Arnold Marcus,
Charles W. Drake,	Stanley L. Conklin,
Heman Dowd,	Archer Brown,
Fletcher S. Heath,	L. Carbajal.
	Marques de Pinar del Rio.

The Trust Co. of America,

149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000.
ASHBEL P. FITCH ..... President.
WILLIAM H. LEUPP, Vice-President. WILLIAM BARBOUR, Vice-President.
RAYMOND J. CHATRY, Secretary. HENRY S. MANNING, Vice-President.
ALBERT L. RANISTER, Treasurer. LAWRENCE O. MURRAY, Trust Officer.

"OUTSIDE" SECURITIES
DEALT IN.
DAVID PFEIFFER, 18 Wall St.

FINANCIAL.

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

NASSAU, CORNER CEDAR STREET.
CAPITAL, - - - - $2,000,000
SURPLUS, - - - - $3,000,000

ACTS AS TRUSTEE FOR CORPORATIONS, FIRMS, AND INDIVIDUALS, AS GUARDIAN, EXECUTOR, AND ADMINISTRATOR. TAKES ENTIRE CHARGE OF REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATES.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS subject to cheque or on certificate.

DRAFTS ON ALL PARTS OF GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, AND GERMANY BOUGHT AND SOLD. COLLECTIONS MADE.
TRAVELLERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD, AND COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED.

WALTER G. OAKMAN, President.
ADRIAN ISELIN, JR., Vice-President.
GEORGE R. TURNBULL, 2d Vice-President.
HENRY A. MURRAY, Treas. and Sec.
J. NELSON BORLAND, Asst. Treas. and Sec.
WM. C. EDWARDS, 2d Asst. Treas. and Sec.
JOHN GAULT, Manager Foreign Dept.

DIRECTORS:

Samuel D. Babcock,	Adrian Iselin, jr.,
George F. Baker,	Augustus D. Juilliard,
George S. Bowdoin,	James N. Jarvie,
August Belmont,	Richard A. McCurdy,
Frederic Cromwell,	Levi P. Morton,
Walter R. Gillette,	Alexander E. Orr,
G. G. Haven,	Walter G. Oakman,
E. H. Harriman,	Henry H. Rogers,
R. Somers Hayes,	H. McK. Twombly,
Charles R. Henderson,	Frederick W. Vanderbilt,
	Harry Payne Whitney.

LONDON BRANCH,
33 LOMBARD STREET, E. C.
Buys and sells exchange on the principal cities of the world, collects dividends and coupons without charge, issues travellers' and commercial letters of credit, receives and pays interest on deposits subject to cheque at sight or on notice, lends money on collaterals, deals in American and other investment securities, and offers its services as correspondent and financial agent to corporations, bankers, and merchants.

Bankers,
BANK OF ENGLAND,
CLYDESDALE BANK, Limited,
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, Limited,
PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

Solicitors,
FRESHFIELDS AND WILLIAMS.
London Committee,
ARTHUR JOHN FRASER, Chairman,
DONALD C. HOLDEMAN.
LEVI P. MORTON.

OREGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION CO.

First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the trustees of one hundred and fifty-eight First Mortgage Bonds of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company for the Sinking Fund, as provided in the mortgage to the undersigned securing the same, dated September 1st, 1880.

In the event of the Trustee not being able to purchase the bonds in accordance with the terms of Section 4, Article 2, of the mortgage, it will become necessary for the Trustee to DRAW bonds BY LOT AT PAR.

Proposals must be presented before 12 o'clock M. on the 30th day of December, 1899, and should be directed as follows: Proposals for the Sinking Fund. The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, Trustee, E. S. Marston, President, 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street, New York.
THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO., Trustee,
By E. S. MARSTON, President.
New York, December 15th, 1899.

CHES. & OHIO
WILL SELL AT 40.

Holders of Chesapeake & Ohio stock will soon get 40 for all the stock they may care to sell. While the general list of stocks has fallen from 5 to 30 points in the last two weeks, Ches. & Ohio stock has been quietly bought for control by the two richest railroad corporations in the United States. This stock will sell above 40 in January.

New York Central will sell at 175 and eventually sell higher than Lake Shore.

Pennsylvania will sell at 145.

Alert investors and speculators will do well to secure these stocks now. They are safe, sound, and sure to be very profitable.
T. S., 1,242 Broadway.

Southern States Lumber Company.

Notice is hereby given that twenty-five (25) First Mortgage Bonds of the SOUTHERN STATES LUMBER COMPANY, Nos. 23, 37, 42, 53, 54, 55, 99, 118, 140, 143, 177, 178, 181, 195, 238, 249, 288, 340, 344, 346, 470, 472, 477, 480, and 499, have been drawn by lot for redemption from the amount to the credit of the Sinking Fund and will be paid for at the rate of $1,025 per bond, with accrued interest, at the office of Knickerbocker Trust Company, 66 Broadway, on the first day of January, 1900, after which date said bonds will cease to bear interest.
KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
By C. T. BARNEY, President.
December 1st, 1899.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE TRUST CO.

STANDARD OIL BLDG., 26 B'WAY, N. Y. CITY.
Capital $2,500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $2,664,146.93
TURNER A. BEALL, President.
EDWIN GOULD
THOMAS A. McINTYRE, S. D. SCUDDER, } Vice Presidents.
S. L. CHAMBERLAINE, Sec'y and Treas.
WILLIAM M. LAWS, Asst. Sec'y and Treas.

FOR SALE—$100,000 20-YEAR 5% GAS BONDS; plant earning interest and dividends. For full particulars address PRINCIPAL, Box 190 Times.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Metropolitan Savings Bank

1 and 3 THIRD AV., (opp. Cooper Institute.)
CHARTERED 1852.
93D DIVIDEND.
New York, Dec. 12, 1899.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1899, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM
Will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000. INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 17TH, 1900.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1st, 1900.
JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, First Mortgage 4 Per Cent. Bonds.
Coupons No. 5, due January 1, 1900, from the above-mentioned Bonds will be paid at maturity, upon presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Temporary receipts will be issued for packages of coupons left for verification on and after Tuesday, December 26, 1899.
Coupons Nos. 2, 3, and 4 are payable by The Mercantile Trust Co. of New York.
The Books for the registration and transfer of the above-mentioned bonds will close at noon on Saturday, December 23, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on January 2.
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

American Beet Sugar Company.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.
No. 32 Nassau Street, New York,
December 15th, 1899.
A regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT., on the PREFERRED STOCK of this company, has been declared payable, on January 3d, 1900, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on December 26th, 1899. Cheques will be mailed.
J. E. TUCKER, Treasurer.

Colonial Trust Company,
222 Broadway, New York.
At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Colonial Trust Company, held December 12th, 1899, a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. from the earnings of the company for the six months ending December 31st, 1899, was declared, payable January 2d, 1900. Transfer books will close December 20th, 1899.
EDMUND L. JUDSON, Secretary.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE GENERAL Mortgage 4 Per cent. Registered Bonds of the Reading Co. and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co. will close at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., N. Y., Wednesday, December 20th, 1899, at 3 o'clock, preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon due Jan. 1, 1900, and will reopen Jan. 2, 1900, at 10 A. M.
W. G. BROWN, Sec'y.
Philadelphia, Dec. 13th, 1899.

Havana Commercial Company,
32 Broadway, New York, Dec. 13, 1899.
Preferred Stock Dividend.
The Board of Directors, at a meeting held this day, have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable Jan. 15, 1900, to stockholders of record. Transfer books will close Saturday, Dec. 30, and reopen Tuesday, Jan. 16.
FORD HUNTINGTON, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

Oregon Short Line Railroad Company Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds.
Utah & Northern Railway Company First Mortgage 7% Bonds.
Utah & Northern Railway Company Consolidated Mortgage 5% Bonds.

Coupons due January 1st, 1900, from the abovementioned bonds will be paid at maturity, on presentation at the office of the Treasurer of the Oregon Short Line Railroad Company, No. 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Temporary receipts will be issued for packages of coupons left for verification on and after Tuesday, December 26, 1899.

OREGON SHORT LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.
FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.

Western Union Telegraph Company,
NEW YORK, December 13th, 1899.
DIVIDEND NO. 125.
The Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this company, payable at the office of the Treasurer on and after the 15th day of January next to shareholders of record at the close of the transfer books on the 20th day of December, inst.
The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of December 20th, inst., and reopened on the morning of January 2d next.
M. T. WILBUR, Treasurer.

United Shoe Machinery Co.
Boston, Dec. 14, 1899.
At a meeting of the Directors of the United Shoe Machinery Company, held this day, a quarterly dividend was declared of 1½% (37½ cents per share) on the preferred stock, and 2% (50 cents per share) on the common stock, payable Jan. 15, 1900, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 19, 1899.
The transfer books will be closed from 2 P. M. Dec. 19 to 10 A. M. Jan. 2d.
GEORGE W. BROWN, Treasurer.

Knickerbocker Ice Company of Chicago,
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 13th, 1899.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable Jan. 1st, 1900, and also a quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. on the Common Stock, payable Jan. 1st, 1900, to stockholders of record of December 18th, 1899. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. on December 18th, and remain closed until January 2d, 1900. Checks will be mailed to the stockholders by the Central Trust Company of New York. WILLIAM A. WALTER, Secretary.

TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE HOCKING VALley Railway Company First Consolidated 4½ Per Cent. Registered Bonds will close at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., New York, Wednesday, December 20, 1899, at 3 o'clock P. M., preparatory to the payment of the Semi-annual interest thereon, due January 1st, 1900, and will reopen January 2, 1900, at 10 A. M.
WM. N. COFT, Treasurer.
Columbus, Ohio, December 13, 1899.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE FIRST CONsolidated Mortgage 5 per cent. registered bonds of the Southern Railway Company will close at the office of the company, 80 Broadway, New York, Friday, December 22, at 3 P. M., preparatory to the payment of the semi-annual interest thereon, due Jan. 1, 1900, and will reopen Jan. 2, 1900, at 10 A. M. JOSIAH F. HILL, Sec'y.
Washington, D. C., Dec. 16, 1899.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HERBY GIVEN THAT A MEETING of the stockholders of WRIGHT, DURYEE & BARWISE, Incorporated, will be held at the office of the company, No. 79 Front Street, in the City of New York, on the 3d day of January, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing one Director for the ensuing four years, and also for the election of Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
Dated December 9th, 1899.
C. ARTHUR BARWISE, Secy.

A MEETING OF THE HOLDERS OF THE third mortgage bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company will be held at the office of the Executive Committee of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company, 17 Nassau St., in the City of New York, on THURSDAY, the twenty-eighth day of December, 1899, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of appointing a co-Trustee in the place and stead of John N. Hutchinson, deceased.
CHARLES LANIER, President.
Dated December 14th, 1899.

The Western National Bank
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
9th December, 1899.
The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before it will be held at the Banking House, No. 15 Nassau Street, on TUESDAY, January 9th, 1900. The Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
H. A. SMITH, Cashier.

The Bank of New York,
National Banking Association.
New York, Dec. 8th, 1899.
The annual election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 48 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900.
The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
CHAS. OLNEY, Cashier.

The Seventh National Bank of New York,
New York, December 9, 1899.
The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, 182 and 184 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 9, 1900, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
GEO. W. ADAMS, Cashier.

The Mechanics' National Bank of the City of New York,
Dec. 9th, 1899.
The annual election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 33 Wall Street, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
G. W. GARTH, Cashier.

The Hanover National Bank of the City of New York,
NEW YORK, December 8th, 1899.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, 9 and 11 Nassau Street, on TUESDAY, January 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
WILLIAM HALLS, Jr., Cashier.

Irving National Bank,
New York, December 14th, 1899.
The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, will be held at the Banking House, No. 287 Greenwich Street, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
J. DENNISON, Cashier.

New York National Exchange Bank,
S. W. Cor. Chambers St. and West Broadway.
New York, Dec. 8th, 1899.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking office, West Broadway and Chambers St., on TUESDAY, January 9th, 1900, from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
LEWIS E. PIERSON, Cashier.

The Merchants' National Bank of the City of New York,
December 7th, 1899.
The Annual Election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking room, No. 42 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900, from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
JOSEPH W. HARRIMAN, Cashier.

The Second National Bank of the City of New York,
New York, Dec. 6, 1899.
The annual election of Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 100 5th Av., on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900. The polls will be opened from 10 to 11 A. M.
J. S. CASE, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BUTCHERS AND DROVERS' BANK,
New York, December 7th, 1899.
The annual election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking room, No. 124 Bowery, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

The Liberty National Bank, New York,
Dec. 9th, 1899.
The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors will be held on TUESDAY, Jan. 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
HENRY P. DAVISON, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.
New York, December 7th, 1899.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House on Tuesday, January 9th, 1900, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
C. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE MANCHESTER MARKET.

MANCHESTER, Dec. 17.—Last week's market was strong but quiet. The actual cloth business done was not large, but there was an increased Calcutta demand, which partly was executed, for shirtings and light goods. Fair lines were booked fur Burmah, Java, Karachi, and the minor Indian markets. China was nibbling again, but otherwise there were only small reorders for assortments.

Yarns were fairly active and firm, American yarns being rather dearer, and Egyptian yarns being from ⅜ to ¾ higher, spoiling business.

Rouen reports considerable activity with an upward tendency in yarns. All kinds of cottons and gray prints, dyed heavily, are under order for months, and prices are rising. Mulhouse reports a fair business in grays, with delivery extending to the end of 1900. Yarns are rather higher, somewhat hindering free sales.

ON THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—On the Stock Exchange last week Wabash preferred fell 1½ points, Wabash debentures 3¼, Baltimore and Ohio 2¾, Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé 1, Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé preferred 2, Southern Pacific 2¼, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 2, Denver and Rio Grande preferred 2, Erie firsts 1¾, Louisville and Nashville 1¾, Norfolk and Western 1¾, Union Pacific 1⅞, Northern Pacific preferred 1⅝, Southern preferred 1½, Denver and Rio Grande 1½, Chesapeake and Ohio 1, Pennsylvania 1, and New York Central and Hudson River 1.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

The security market has reached the point where it is sensitive enough to respond to good news almost as quickly as to bad. Liquidation has been thoroughgoing. Weak accounts have been slaughtered by wholesale. People with thin margins are not being permitted to carry lines of stocks. All this represents marked changes, and among those changes is the fact that raids may no longer be demoralizing, for there are relatively few stocks now being so carried that scarecrow campaigning can dislodge them.

***

Where Wall Street men met yesterday there was much divergence of opinion as to what might be the opening and subsequent course of to-day's market. Some forecasters were sure that the Treasury Department was to afford "relief" and others predicted such disproof of certain recent disquieting rumors as would inspire renewal of confidence. Contrary views referred to unsettled financial conditions at Boston and the extraordinary tension of depressed feeling at London.

The one fact upon which all agreed was that the bear campaign (or bear foresight) having witnessed even more than was prophesied, may be regarded logically as ended.

Opinions were virtually uniform on one score—that to-day's market was likely to be shaped by the day's own developments.

***

What shows significantly in some quarters is that operators of exceptional consequence have been preparing in the midst of recent nervousness for the beginning of activity for improvement at the first signal that conditions are normal again. This is especially likely to be disclosed in the iron and steel properties, where the short interest more persistently holds on than elsewhere in the market. American Steel and Wire, American Steel Hoop, Federal Steel, and Tennessee Coal and Iron will be leaders when such a turn comes.

***

Traders continuing active on the bear side will be likelier to be attracted by the uncertain situation of stocks of very high price rather than those wherein liquidation has already done so much leveling. Some suggestion of this tendency was disclosed at the close of business on Saturday, when Consolidated Gas suddenly broke sharply.

***

Quotations from London will be anxiously watched for—and their course may be influential. British consols are become, indeed, just now a worldwide barometer.

CANADA BEING BENEFITED.

J. H. Cass of the Laurentian Hills Asbestos Company of Montreal, Quebec, with connections in this country, says:

"Business in Canada is very good, though prices in some lines are not what, in my opinion, they ought to be. It is not surprising that we are having good times across the line, for it is but a logical consequence of your good times—and that you are having good times my travels through your country have thoroughly convinced me. I notice that prosperity in the United States is invariably followed by prosperity in Canada."

NEW EQUIPMENT.

Among the many orders for new equipments placed by various railroad companies last week are the following:

St. Louis and San Francisco, 400 box cars; Seaboard Air Line, 200 box cars; Canadian Pacific, 200 cars; Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling, 50 side-dump cars of 80,000 pounds' capacity; Delaware and Hudson, 12 first-class passenger coaches; Chesapeake and Ohio, 25 consolidation locomotives and 1,500 coal cars; Southern, 650 box cars,

87—Tribune Assn. vs. Elsner & Mendelson Co.
78—Anderson vs. Van Brink.
79—Melchers vs. Fitter.
80—Ploghoft vs. Dunphy
81—Ridgely vs. Man. Shipping Co.
82—Hubbard vs. Hubbard.
83—Sykes vs. Vidal Fixed Aniline Dyes.
84—In re Swan.
85—Ale vs. Krall.
86—Pyrogravure Co. vs. Staber.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Gildersleeve, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex-parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on Motions.
1—In re E. 175th St.
2—In re Bathgate Av.
3—In re E. 177th St./
4—In re E. 180th St.
5—In re Clifford Place.
6—Hartman vs. Hartman.
7—Tracey vs. Dolan.
8—Man. Ry. vs. Morss.
9—Wohrmann vs. Wohrmann. Demurrers.
1174—McAlpin vs. Bates.
1175—Same vs. Jackman.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Day calendar. To be called in Part IV. Room at 10:30 A. M. Cases will be assigned to the several parts of Special Term for trial. Law and fact.
4055—Robinson vs. Adams.
4133—Doelger vs. Gilroy.
2251—Goddard vs. Am. Queen, &c.
3975—Neadel vs. Neadel
4096—Merritt vs. Merritt
4125—Minkus vs. Sherman.
3521—Crane vs. Moore.
3060—Roussel vs. Plock.
3333—Libby vs. Wolff.
4048—Neukirch vs. Keppler.
4111—Klepper vs. Klepper.
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 4352.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Bookstaver, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VII.—Beach, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Elevated railroad cases. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Fursman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys McIntyre, Hennessy, and Schwarzkopf for the People.
1—Martin Regan.
2—George Shrady.
3—Charles A. Gibson.

SUPREME COURT—Extraordinary Trial Term—Held in Special Term—Part VI. Room—Werner, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Trial Calendar.
1—Julius Lyons.
2—Payton Edwards.
3—Thomas J. Reilly.
4—Jeremiah O'Keefe.
5—John Williams.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—McAdam, J. Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Part XII., for trial. Calendar clear. Preferred causes.
11086—Hall vs. O'Connor
11513—Schrafft vs. Huntington.
10122—Speta vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.
12026—Rothschild vs. Marks.
12059—Martin vs. Lake.
11973—People, &c., vs. Packer.
12122—Rice vs. Burton.
12036—Grampia vs. Weiss.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar.—To be called in Part III. Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V. and VI., for trial.
4759—Lacs vs. James Everard's Breweries.
5967—McHugh vs. Manhattan Ry Co.
4021—Gribben vs. 2d Av. R. R. Co.
2936—Lewis vs. Conn. Mut. Life Ins. Co.
4057—Goetz vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
10293—Witherow vs. Slaybach.
4107—Broccoli vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
11813—Kister vs. Manhattan Ry. Co.
5323—Rimmler vs. Cons. Gas Co.
4114—Kaplan vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
4028—Harrison vs. Met St. Ry. Co.
5588—Bieller vs. Mayer.
5630—Gorman vs. Finn.
5631—Same vs. same.
6253—Weeks vs. Rector, &c., of Trinity Church
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 7166.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Andrews, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Freedman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Additional Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Trial Term, Part VII. Room, at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VII., VIII., IX., X., XI. and XII. for trial.
Inquest—5820—Kerrigan vs. Hanson.
Inquest—5749—Brandes vs. Pickle.
5379—Schwarzbaum vs. 3d Av. R. R.
5474—Pearlman vs. Goodman.
5245—Kiernan vs. Man.
5079—Di Lorenzo vs. Aetna Ins. Co.
6080—Same vs. same.
1661—Kaufield vs. Lyman.
2288—Ballin vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
5775—Page vs. Shanwald
5789—Dainbienski vs. J. Mott Iron Works
5822—Siskind vs. Levin.
1628—Carr vs. Ebling.
6117—Huntington vs. Gunther.
1118—Heritage vs. same.
2387—Libman vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co.
6186—Pozzlo vs. Skalink.
6218—Ruland vs. Waulke-sha Brewing Co.
6293—Gericot vs. 5th Av. Auction Rooms.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Bischoff, Jr., J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Smyth, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Laughlin, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Russell, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from preferred calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Chambers—Fitzgerald, S.—Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.
John Cunningham, Matthew Morgan, Joseph Schanckenbecher, Michael Wallace, Peter Muller, James F. Reilly, Anthony R. Malcas, Christian Loos, Katherine Stewart, Ann Daughen, Mary McElroy Nolr. At 11 A. M. Lina Schaeffer.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Trial Term—Held in Surrogate's Court, Trial Term, Ground Floor, in County Court House—Varnum, S.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Contested wills.
1525—Ann Hanify.
1497—Henry Carey.
1503—Charlotte Suess.
1505—Clara T. Hewitt.
1517—August Dubenkropp.
1520—Frederick Lanzer.
1523—Edward A. Nichols
Estate of John Swinburne.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned sine die.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Schuchman, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.) Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
874—Lowenthal vs. Blumenthal.
1150—Porath vs. O'Shaunnessy.
3042—Granich vs. 2d Av. R. R.
1391—Davis vs. C. L. Pullman Car Co.
1662—Frankfurt vs. Met. St. Ry.
1663—Holzman vs. same.
1665—Coyle vs. Gies.
2068—Rosenberg vs. Met. St. Ry.
1134—Bieller vs. Mayer.
5630—Gorman vs. Finn.
5631—Same vs. same.
6253—Weeks vs. Rector, &c., of Trinity Church
Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 7166.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Fitzsimons, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
50—Weaver vs. Lawyers' Surety Co.
55—Joelin vs. same.
1397—Urban vs. Schultz.
87—Collins v... City of New York.
88—Blumenthal vs. Weinstein.
89—Early vs. O'Brien.
90—Wendt vs. Bhenania Mills.
91—Oldham vs. N. Y., Sus., &c., R. R.
92—Flynn vs. Meara.
93—Mandeville vs. Davis.
94—Wilson vs. New York Steam Power Co.
960—Horwitz vs. Bernstein.
884—Glass vs. Ferris.
1177—Vincent vs. Gallagher.
1884—Siegman vs. Grau.
299—Abram French Co. vs. Shapiro.
1804—Wood vs. Flint.
1863—Zucher vs. Union Ry.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—McCarthy, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.
1750—Del Rosso vs. Met. St. Ry.
1760—Epstein vs. same.
1762—Kruger vs. same.
1739—Bologne vs. same.
1717—Darling vs. same.
1639—Antonosky vs. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. All cases must be tried when reached. Calendar clear. Short causes.
3749—Ruegger vs. Beckard.
3582—Parmele vs. Pubrola Chemical Co.
3599—Cooperson vg. Erdenberg.
2376—Edmonston vs. N. Y. Millinery Supply Co.
3190—Sternbach vs. H. S. Crocker Co.
3189—Schlomenwitz vs. Schnitzler.
2995—Strauss vs. Rubino
3552—Weiller vs. Krauss
8458—Man. Brass Co. vs. Marshall.
2784—Germansky vs. Peck.
3690—Streit vs. Harrison
3716—Sternberg vs. Michael.
Highest number reached in regular call, 3910.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Cowan for the People.
1—John Hoefer, William Russell.
2—David Scher.
3—Charles J. Malakely.
4—Martin Carroll.
5—Gennaro Caruso, Antonio Lobordo.
6—Peter Salza, alias Peter Cinca.
7—Sieg. Tynberg.
8—Henry Schlesinger.
9—Jacob Green.
10—Harry Thompson.
11—Matthew Bruno, George Maxted.
12—Farmers' Feed Co. of New Jersey.
13—Mount Morris Elec. Light Co.
14—The Henry Herman Lumber Co.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—November Term Continued.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. District Attorney Gardiner and Assistant District Attorneys Osborne, O'Connor, and Collins for the People.
1—Roland B. Molineux.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys McClelland, Cowan and Money for the People.
1—Daniel Sweeney, Harry Gilsen, Herman W. Behrman
2—Matthew Hagan, Christopher Kennedy, William McCarthy.
3—George Knecht.
4—Bertha Weiss.
5—Edward Owehs, Charles Windsor, Kate Klein.
6—Max Rosenberg.
7—John Wieden, Samuel Abrahams.
8—Patrick Cullen, Samuel Samuels.
9—Michael Levy.
10—Lorenz Andrew, Charles Savizzl.
11—Martin Blank.
12—James Kiernan, John Gallagher, John Toohill.
13—Edward V. Krauss.
14—Leonardo De Prete.
15—Gartano Zingore.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorney Osborne for the People.
1—Jacob Beresheim.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Walsh and Blumenthal for the People.
1—Antonio Pucci.
2—Andrew S. Quirk.
3—Samuel Karp.
4—George W. Johnson
5—Charles Barlow.
6—Lizzie Kelly.
7—John Ramer.
8—Annie Braun.
9—Lillian Maher.
10—Max Muller, alias Max Landrofsky.
11—Parker Bruzil.
12—Antonio Perez.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Beach, J.—Newell vs. Fowler—Francis B. Delehanty, Field vs. Fowler—Francis B. Delehanty.

Brooklyn Court Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Day Calendar.—Marean, J.
406—Munoz vs. Munoz.
304—Fuchs vs. Frazer.
400—Sisco vs. Martin.
442—Mott vs. Blashford.
439—Oschman vs. Reuter.
381—Allison vs. Stevens.
399—Hemlein vs. Tissott.
235—Breden vs. Hittman
87—McKeever vs. Cohen
330—White vs. Rodeman
402—Grams vs. Grams.
41—W. A. Gaines & Co. vs. Salit.
405—Broome vs. Cochran.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar. Part I.—Jenks, J.; Part II.—Dickey, J.; Part III.—Maddox, J.; Part IV.—Smith, J.; Part V.—Hirschberg, J.
3911—People vs. Fielding
1385—Courtenay vs. N. Y. & B'klyn Bridge.
1712—Nadwerny vs. Union Ferry Co.
2776—Clark vs. Paper Co.
2171—Romano vs. Wilson.
2172—Ervolino vs. same.
3419—Apel vs. Firth et al.
2624—Jeffards, Jr., vs. B'klyn Heights R. R.
2625—Jeffards, Jr., vs. B'klyn Heights R. R.
1646—McPherson vs. Gillespie.
3010—Roots Co. vs. Loughran.
1381—Murphy vs. B., Q. Co. & Sub. R. R.
2859—Ruger vs. Ferry.
2419—Anderson vs. Nassau R. R.
2716—Long Isl. Brewery vs. McGarry.
1803—Neustadt vs. Nassau R. R.
2737—Hennessy vs. B'klyn H. R. R.
2992—Caulfield vs. Caulfield.
2364—Stewart vs. Calvert.
3780—Pratt vs. Johnston.
4056—Brown vs. B'klyn H. R. R.
4195—Paris vs. B'klyn Heights R. R.
2877—Lamphron vs. Curtis.
4143—Cornelius vs. Vose.
2292—Baxter vs. St. Mary's Hospital
844—Ball vs. Haberman Mfg. Co.
811—Wright vs. Penn. R. R. Co.
3129—People vs. Cone.
3018—Nitz vs. Pardon.
2379—Brunner vs. Coney Island & B'klyn R.R.
2020—Rabinowitz vs. Bay State Clothing Co.
1960—Devaney vs. Degnon-McLean Co.
2857—Dorian vs. Finley.
3124—Marino vs. Du Bois Sons.
2857—Rahmer vs. Norris
2596—Franklin vs. Nassau R. R.
3354—Holmes vs. Eriksen.
2107—Flanagan vs. Grady.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be held for the day. Causes will not be set down for days upon the call.
8193—Danforth vs. Barnes.
3168—Decker vs. Equitable Life Association Co. et al.
2385—Peck vs. Met. Street R. R.
4382—U. S. for Snyder vs. Stratford et al.
3120—Weinstein vs. Nelson.
3121—Fisher vs. Nelson.
3175—Bernsee vs. Weinberg.
1764—Maher vs. City of New York.
574—Bogdan vs. Morning Journal.
2556—Helfenberg vs. Reibstein.
1926—Gross vs. Brooklyn Heights R. R.
2148—Marnell vs. City of New York.
2747—Lagan vs. Nassau R. R.
3015—Feeley vs. Brooklyn Heights R. R.
2475—Dissieux vs. same.
3251—Cathcart vs. same.
3317—Stein vs. same.
Highest number reached on regular call, 3465.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part. I.—Aspinall, J.
Cataldo Compitello, James Doyle.
COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part II.—Hurd, J.
Mike Angelos.

SURROGATE'S COURT.—Abbott, S.—The wills of Rachel L. King, Elise Gartner, Mary Colemann, Maria Jane Glover, Joseph La Furnel, Mary Clancy, and Ulpian Van Sinderen.
The accounting in the estate of Augustus Smith.
The estates of George W. Wicker, Geeza C. Liszka, and Thomas McGee.
The administration in the estate of Elizabeth Woolsey.
The revocation of letters of administration of Richard H. Willoughby.
Contested calendar at 10:30.—92—The will of George B. Watson.

Queens County Court Calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Garretson, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.
78—Van Kuren vs. Christoffers.
344—Matthews vs. New York and Brooklyn Horse R. R. Co.
88—Paetzig vs. Schmidt.
93—Place vs. Place.
94—Burger vs. City of New York.
97—Smith vs. Metropolitan St. Ry.
98—Hubbs vs. Strauss et al.
102—Willis vs. Mack Paving Co.
104—L'Hommedieu vs. Payne.
105—Same vs. same.
107—Brasee vs. Welsh.
108—Foster vs. City of New York.
110—Nichols vs. Brooklyn Heights R. R.
111—Oliver vs. New York and Queens Co. R. R.
112—Worth vs. same.
114—Smith vs. Nassau Electric R. R.
115—Long vs. same.
116—Kruger vs. Segelken

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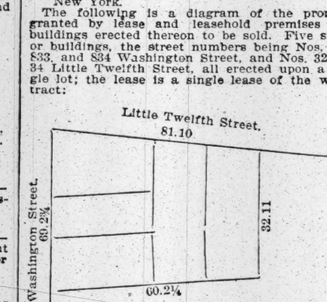
JAMES N. BERRY, formerly of Laurel-in-the-Pines, Assistant Manager.

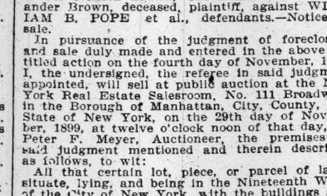
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—PETER L. O'NEILL as administrator of the goods, chattels, and credits of Catherine O'Neill, deceased, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH B. McCLURE and others, defendants.
In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 7th day of December, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 9th day of January, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, the certain lease, term of years and leasehold premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:
A lease made by John Jacob Astor to Michael Lawless and his assigns, bearing date the 16th day of August, 1880, and recorded in the office of the Register of New York County, on the 23rd day of August, 1880, in Liber 1548 of Conveyances, Page 398, and the leasehold premises thereby granted are bounded and described as follows, to wit: All those certain lots of ground situate, lying, and being in the eastwardly side of Washington and the southerly side of Little Twelfth Streets, in the Ninth Ward of the City, County, and State of New York, and being taken together are bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly line of Washington Street by the southerly line of Little Twelfth Street, and running thence southwardly along said line of Washington Street, sixty-nine feet two and three-quarter inches; thence eastwardly and at right angles or nearly so to the said line of Washington Street, sixty feet two and one quarter inches; thence northwardly to the southerly line of Little Twelfth Street, thirty-two feet eleven inches, and thence westwardly along said line of Little Twelfth Street eighty-one feet ten inches to the point or place of beginning, be the same more or less, together with the buildings thereon erected, and any renewal or right of renewal of said lease, subject, however, to all existing sub-leases of said property.—Dated New York, December 8th, 1899.
WILLIAM J. A. McKIM, Referee.
HENRY B. CULVER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property granted by lease and leasehold premises and buildings erected thereon to be sold. Five stores or buildings, the street numbers being Nos. 832, 833, and 834 Washington Street, and Nos. 32 and 34 Little Twelfth Street, all erected upon a single lot; the lease is a single lease of the whole tract:



The approximate amount of taxes, water rates, assessments, or other liens upon said premises is about $800, which will be allowed out of the purchase money or paid by the referee.—Dated December 8th, 1899.
WILLIAM J. A. McKIM, Referee.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF New York.—THE GIRARD LIFE INSURANCE, ANNUITY, AND TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA, as Trustee for Nellson Brown, under the will of Alexander Brown, deceased, plaintiff, against WILLIAM B. POPE et al., defendants.—Notice of sale.
In pursuance of the judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action on the fourth day of November, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment appointed, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of November, 1899, at twelve o'clock noon of that day, by Peter F. Meyer, Auctioneer, the premises in said judgment mentioned and therein described as follows, to wit:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Nineteenth Ward of the City of New York, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Fourth Avenue distant twenty-five feet six and one-half inches southwardly from the southeastwardly corner of Eighty-first Street and Fourth Avenue, running thence eastwardly, parallel to Eighty-first Street, and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred feet, thence southwardly, parallel to Fourth Avenue, twenty-five feet six and one-half inches, thence westwardly, parallel or nearly so with Eighty-first Street, one hundred feet to the easterly side of Fourth Avenue, thence northwardly, along the easterly side of Fourth Avenue, twenty-five feet six and one-half inches to the point the place of beginning; being the same premises conveyed to William B. Pope by William H. Brown and wife by deed dated September 10th, 1886, and recorded September 13th, 1886, in Liber 1,987 of Conveyances, Page 141. Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder, and remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof.—Dated New York, November 6th, 1899.
JOHN H. ROGAN, Referee.
ADAMS & COMSTOCK, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 36 Wall Street, New York City.
The premises to be sold are known as No. 933 Park Avenue, and the following is a diagram thereof:



The approximate amount of the liens or charges upon the premises to satisfy which the property is to be sold, is $24,433.34, with interest thereon from the third day of November, 1899, besides the costs and allowance amounting to $280.40, with interest thereon from November 4th, 1899, besides the expenses of the sale.
The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and other liens upon the property which are to be paid by the Referee out of the purchase money or allowed to the purchaser is:

Taxes for 1897	$378.00
Taxes for 1898	561.80
Taxes for 1899	406.08

Water rent by meter since Feb. 14, 1898, amount not fixed, to which should be added the interest on said amounts respectively.—Dated New York, November 6th, 1899.
JOHN H. ROGAN, Referee.
The above sale is hereby adjourned to December 21, 1899, at same hour and place.—New York, Nov. 29, 1899. JOHN H. ROGAN, Referee.
ADAMS & COMSTOCK, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—In the matter of the final accounting of WILLIAM T. ESTABROOK as assignee of Ezekiel M. Pritchard and Horace F. Pritchard (E. M. Pritchard & Son) for the benefit of creditors.—Citation for accounting on behalf of assignee.
The People of the State of New York to all persons interested in the estate of Ezekiel M. Pritchard and Horace F. Pritchard, heretofore doing business as co-partners at the City of New York, under the firm name and style of E. M. Pritchard & Son, assigned to William T. Estabrook for the benefit of creditors, send greeting:
You and each of you are hereby cited and required to appear in the New York Supreme Court of the County of New York, at a Special Term thereof, to be held in Part I., for litigated motions, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1900, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to show cause why a settlement of the account of the proceedings of William T. Estabrook as assignee of the said Ezekiel M. Pritchard and Horace F. Pritchard, co-partners as aforesaid, should not be had, and if no cause be shown, to attend a settlement of such account.
Witness Hon. Charles H. Van Brunt, Presiding Justice of said court, and the seal of the aforesaid court at the City and for the County and State aforesaid on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1899.
[L. S.] S. H. K.
Attest: WM. SOHMER, Clerk.
J. HOMER HILDRETH, Atty. for Assignee, 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.
To the Yellow Poplar Lumber Co., (and any officer thereof,) Coal Grove, Ohio, creditor:
The foregoing citation is served upon you by publication and without the State of New York, pursuant to order of Hon. Miles Beach, one of the Justices of the New York Supreme Court, 1st Department, dated the 12th day of December, A. D. 1899, and filed with the petition of the assignee herein, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the same date. Yours, &c., J. HOMER HILDRETH,
Atty. for Assignee, No. 280 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

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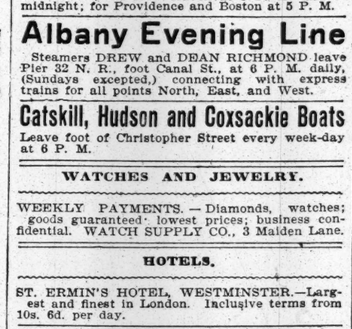
HANDSOME OTTER CARRIAGE ROBE, scarcely used, for sale cheap; also handsome sideboard. Apply 125 E. 26th St., between 9 and 10 or 4 and 6.

PERSONAL.

DESCENDANTS OF RICHARD HODGES, DECEASED, who was born about 1753 in Somersetshire, and afterward resided in London, England, are requested to communicate with F. E. HODGES, Esq., Solicitor, 30 Cockspur St., London, England.

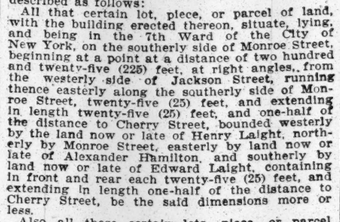
REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JOHN ARTHUR JAMES, plaintiff, against ABRAHAM STERN, and others, defendants.—Action No. 1.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above entitled action on November 13th, 1899, and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on November 16, 1899, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Number 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and County of New York, on the 19th day of December, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, Auctioneer, the premises directed by the said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-second Ward (now in the Borough of Manhattan) of the City of New York, on the southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street, and designated by the Street Number —— West Fifty-eighth Street, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the southerly line or side of Fifty-eighth Street distant forty (40) feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of the Ninth Avenue and Fifty-Eighth Street, which said point is at the centre of a party wall standing partly on the lot hereby to be described and partly on the lot adjoining it on the west, and running thence southerly and parallel or nearly so with Ninth Avenue and part of the way through the centre of said party wall seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches; thence easterly and parallel or nearly so with Fifty-eighth Street twenty (20) feet; thence northerly and parallel or nearly so with Ninth Avenue and part of the way through the centre of a party wall standing partly on the lot hereby described and partly on the lot adjoining it on the east, seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches to the southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street twenty (20) feet to the point the place of beginning.—Dated November 24, 1899.
EDGAR M. LEVENTRITT, Referee.
HOWLAND & MURRAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 85 Wall Street, New York, Borough of Manhattan.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



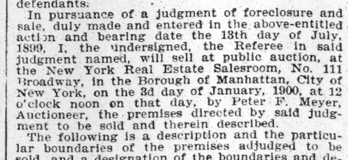
The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is $18,640.42 with interest thereon from November 9th, 1899, together with costs, disbursements, and allowances amounting to $615.25, with interest from November 13th, 1899, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rents, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $1,017.95, with interest.—Dated, New York, November 24th, 1899.
EDGAR M. LEVENTRITT, Referee.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JOHN ARTHUR JAMES, plaintiff, against ABRAHAM STERN and others, defendants.—Action No. 2.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale made in the above-entitled action on November 13th, 1899, and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on November 16th, 1899, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Number 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City and County of New York, on the 19th day of December, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by the said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-second Ward (now in the Borough of Manhattan) of the City of New York, on the southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street, and designated by the Street Number —— West Fifty-eighth Street, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly line or side of Fifty-eighth Street distant sixty (60) feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of the Ninth Avenue and Fifty-eighth (58) Street, which said point is at the centre of a party wall standing partly on the lot hereby to be described and partly on the lot adjoining it on the west, and running thence southerly and parallel or nearly so with Ninth Avenue and part of the way through the centre of said party wall seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches; thence easterly and parallel or nearly so with Fifty-eighth Street twenty (20) feet; thence northerly and parallel or nearly so with Ninth Avenue and part of the way through the centre of a party wall standing partly on the lot hereby described and partly on the lot adjoining it on the east, seventy-five (75) feet five (5) inches to the southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of Fifty-eighth Street twenty (20) feet to the point the place of beginning.—Dated November 24, 1899.
EDGAR M. LEVENTRITT, Referee.
HOWLAND & MURRAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 85 Wall Street, New York, Borough of Manhattan.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $18,640.42 with interest thereon from November 9th, 1899, together with costs, disbursements, and allowances amounting to $615.25, with interest from November 13th, 1899, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rents, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $752.00 with interest.
Dated New York, November 24th, 1899.
EDGAR M. LEVENTRITT, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—BENJAMIN W. WINANS, as Trustee for Hugh M. Gregory under the last will and testament of William W. Winans, late of the City, County, and State of New York, deceased, Plaintiff, against OLGA NAGLER, John A. Knox, Hettie Knox, and Robert B. Currier, as Trustee for Hugh M. Gregory, under the last will and testament of William W. Winans, late of the City, County, and State of New York, deceased, defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of July, 1899, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of January, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described.
The following is a description and the particular boundaries of the premises adjudged to be sold, and a designation of the boundaries and description of the premises adjudged to be covered by the mortgage herein, as follows:
All that certain lot, tract, or parcel of land and premises more particularly described, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-fourth Ward of the Borough of the Bronx, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Decatur Avenue, distant one hundred and fifty-five feet and two hundred and thirty-five one-thousandths of a foot (155 235-1,000) southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said easterly side of Decatur Avenue with the southerly side of Travers Street, as the same is laid down on map of the Department of Public Parks, and running thence easterly parallel with the boundary line between lands formerly of the Twenty-fourth Ward Real Estate Association and the lands formerly of J. Coles, one hundred feet and sixty one-hundredths of a foot, (100 60-100;) thence southerly and parallel with said Decatur Avenue thirty-seven feet; thence westerly and parallel with said first-described boundary line one hundred feet and sixty one-hundredths of a foot (100 60-100) to said easterly side of Decatur Avenue, and thence northerly, along the same, thirty-seven feet to the point or place of beginning, containing all the land within said bounds.
The premises above described are situated in Section 12, Block 3,278, upon the land map of the City of New York.
Dated New York, December 7th, 1899.
W. BENTON CRISP, Referee.
JOHN HERBERT WINANS, Plff's. Atty., No. 150 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of liens or charges to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,459.00, with interest thereon from the 10th day of July, 1899, together with costs and allowances amounting to $248.10, together with the expenses of said sale. The approximate amount of taxes, easements, and water rents or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the Referee is $741.38, and interest.
W. BENTON CRISP, Referee.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

GOING ABROAD? GAZE'S High-class Escorted Tours. 58th year.
Dec., Jan., and Feb. to France, Italy, Paris & London, 50 Days, $310, and 67 Days, $495. Jan. 27, Feb. 10, to Italy, EGYPT, PALESTINE, Turkey and Greece, 76 Days, $600, and 93 Days, $720.
Also other tours; programmes post free.
Nile Tours by newest, finest steamers, $171.50.
Apply at once. Independent travel tickets everywhere. "Tourist Gazette," 100 pp., on travel, 5c. stamp.
HENRY GAZE & SONS, 113 Broadway, New York.

CUNARD LINE
TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.
From Piers 51 and 52 North River.
Etruria..Dec. 23, 10 AM Lucania..Jan. 13, 2 PM
Campania..Dec. 30, 2 PM Etruria..Jan. 20, 9 AM
Umbria..Jan.

Appropriate gifts for the clerical stocking hung in any study; from the missionary-box suit to silken cassocks.

Cottas, cassocks, surplices, chasubles, albs, stoles, amices, cinctures, berettas—everything the clergy wear in church or home, day or night, winter or summer.

Bathrobes, dressing gowns and house coats that appeal to the senses—please the eye, satisfy the taste, soothe the touch.

ROGERS, PEET & Co.

260 Broadway, cor. Leonard.
569 Broadway, cor. Prince.
Thirty-second and Broadway.

A Condition

enables us to sell during this week

61 bales of

Rare Antique Oriental Rugs,

divided as follows:

$33.00,
$21.50,
$17.50,
$15.50,

½ usual prices.

Lord & Taylor,

Broadway & 20th St.

Open Evenings! | *Open Evenings!*

O'Neill's.

Christmas Gifts.

The bothersome question, "What shall I buy?" may be quickly answered here, for our stock of Holiday Goods is one of the most complete in New York, and includes almost everything there is that is appropriate for Christmas giving.

Lamps, Bric-a-Brac, Bronzes, Marble Groups, Brass and Onyx Goods, Pictures, Art Furniture, Sofa Pillows, Rugs, Oriental Goods, Fine China, Rich Cut Glass, Jewelry, Silver Toilet Articles,

Silverware, Leather Goods, Canes, Umbrellas, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Smoking Jackets, Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Cameras, Dolls, etc., etc.

Books! Books! Books!

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

Great Dress Goods Sale! | *Great Dress Goods Sale!* | *Great Dress Goods Sale!*

O'Neill's.

The Greatest Dress Goods Purchase of the Year Goes on Sale This Morning!

20,000 Yards of

Black and Colored Dress Goods

From Three of the Leading Importers of New York!

We bought their entire stock of thirty-three Distinct Styles and qualities, and bought them remarkably cheap—cheap enough to enable us to make the strongest Dress Goods offering ever announced in the City of New York—20,000 yards—not of an inferior grade, but, on the contrary, goods of standard quality, go on sale this morning

At the Extraordinary Price of

69c. Yard.

These goods are 44 to 48 inches wide, and the majority of the styles have formerly retailed at 1.25 to 1.75 yard, and among them will be found a great variety of styles in Black Goods that are especially suitable for Entire Costumes and Separate Skirts.

One of the Best Features of This Sale is the Color Assortment.

It includes all the most desirable shades, both for the present as well as the coming Spring Season.

This big offering gives you an opportunity to purchase a useful and handsome Holiday Gift or to supply your Spring needs for a remarkably small outlay.

Open Evenings Until Christmas.

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

Sixth Avenue, 20th to 21st Street.

DR. HALL'S PULPIT FILLED

Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church's Call Accepted by Dr. Purves.

THE CONGREGATION PLEASED

President Patton Preached at the Morning Service and Announced the Time of Formal Election.

The Rev. Dr. George T. Purves, Professor of New Testament Literature and Greek Exegesis in Princeton Theological Seminary and pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Princeton, will be the new pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church of this city, to succeed the late Rev. Dr. John Hall.

The announcement was made from the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue Church yesterday morning by President Patton of Princeton University, who preached to the congregation, that the session at a meeting held on the evening of Dec. 7 had voted to issue a call to the congregation to meet in the church Wednesday, Dec. 20, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Dr. Purves as pastor of the church. This announcement, signed by Silas B. Brownell, clerk of the session, closed with the words, "if the way be clear."

The action of the session at its last meeting was taken on the strength of the joint meeting held Dec. 3 by the Pulpit Supply Committee, also known as the Committee of the Congregation and the Session. The result of that meeting is contained in the following official statement given out yesterday:

"At a joint meeting of the Committee of the Congregation and Session acting as a committee of the whole to nominate a suitable person for the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, held Dec. 3, 1899, on motion it was unanimously resolved that the session be requested to call a meeting at an early date for the election, if the way be clear, of the Rev. Dr. George T. Purves as pastor. It was further resolved that the Chairman and Mr. Charles Britton be appointed a committee to prepare and report to the session the action of the committee."

At the meeting of the session held Dec. 7 the action of the Committee of the Whole was indorsed unanimously, and H. Edwards Rowland, James Talcott, and William Irwin of the session, and Messrs. Sheldon and William Brookfield from the congregation were appointed a committee to present to the congregation the name of Dr. Purves as the unanimous choice of those having the matter of the selection in charge.

After this meeting, or on Dec. 9, a committee visited Dr. Purves at Princeton and asked him if he would accept a call, the action of the session being unanimous. Nothing then remained to be done except to await Dr. Purves's decision, and then call the congregation together. A favorable answer received by Mr. Rowland from Dr. Purves on Saturday paved the way for the announcement from the pulpit yesterday. This letter Mr. Rowland refused to make public. It will be read Wednesday night to the congregation.

Many of the members of the church expressed their approval of the choice. The selection of a pastor has hung fire so long that the congregation has become weary with the long-drawn-out uncertainty. Expressions were heard to the effect that the congregation will welcome Dr. Purves with open arms.

Dr. Purves is under average height, although well knit and active. He is greatly beloved in Princeton, and every effort has been made by undergraduate, seminary, and townspeople to keep him there, the argument being made that his field of usefulness is quite as great in the university town as in guiding the religious destinies of a powerful church in a large city.

Dr. Purves has preached in the church twice, and created, it is said, a very favorable impression. His delivery and mannerisms are essentially different from those of Dr. Hall. Dr. Hall's delivery was deliberate and he had a deep, powerful voice; Dr. Purves is quick and nervous in his delivery, and he speaks with a rapidity that requires close attention. He is noted, however, as a preacher of power and he has originality of thought, with the true Princeton conservatism.

Dr. Purves is forty-seven years old and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1872. He was graduated from the Theological Seminary in 1875, and first served as pastor of a church in Wayne, Chester County, Penn., and from 1880 to 1888 was at the Boundary Avenue Church, in Baltimore. His next pastorate was at the First Presbyterian Church in Pittsburg. He remained there for six years. He was called to Princeton Theological Seminary from that charge in 1892 to succeed the Rev. Dr. Hodge. At Princeton, Dr. and Mrs. Purves live in the home formerly occupied by President Patton before he became President of the university.

Dr. Purves has lately taken occasion to deny the reports of ill-health which have been freely circulated in this city. He said a few days ago that his health was excellent.

DR. PURVES IS SILENT.

Refuses to Discuss His Call to Fifth Avenue Church.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 17.—The Rev. Dr. Purves, whose proposed departure from this place to accept the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church has aroused general opposition here, spoke at the chapel exercises this morning, but made no reference to the question of his call to New York.

When seen later Dr. Purves refused to say anything. All the members of his church and the Faculty of the college and a large number of the undergraduates have asked him to stay.

A CONGREGATION UNDECIDED.

Collegiate Reformed Body May Join the Presbyterian Church.

The congregation which has met for some time in the chapel of New-York University, on University Heights, began balloting yesterday to determine whether organization shall be effected as a Presbyterian or Reformed Protestant Dutch church. The voting will continue through two more Sundays, when it is expected that a sufficient number of ballots will have been cast for final action.

Although brought together by joint action of the Presbytery and the Consistory of the Dutch Reformed Church, the congregation leaned toward the latter, and assumed the name of the Collegiate Reformed Church. Since its foundation, however, the congregation alleges that insufficient interest has been shown in its welfare by the Consistory, and the sentiment has turned toward the Presbytery. It is probable that the vote will be unanimous toward organization as a Presbyterian church.

Cornerstone Laying in Jersey City.

The cornerstone of the new parish house of St. Anthony's Polish Roman Catholic Church, Jersey City, was laid yesterday in the presence of 3,000 persons by the Rev. John A. Sheppard. The building, which will be erected under the direction of the Rev. Julius Kwiatkouski, rector of the church, will be three stories high, and cost $40,000. It will contain a chapel, a school, a billiard and bowling room, and a public hall with stage.

A New Italian Church Down Town.

A new house of worship is to be erected at 359 and 361 Broome Street, for the congregation of the Italian Protestant Episcopal Church of San Salvatore, formerly located at 305, 307, and 309 Mulberry Street, but which has had only temporary quarters since its building was condemned by the city, three years ago, to make way for the widening and extension of Elm Street. The church's rector is the Rev. Alberto Pace.

Ordained as Priests.

The Rev. Stephen Van Rensselaer of New Lenox, Mass., and the Rev. John H. Wilson of Tivoli, N. Y., were ordained as priests of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday. Bishop Talbot of Central Pennsylvania conducted the service.

TELLS OF CURES AT LOURDES.

Father Edmund Conducts Services at a Brooklyn Grotto.

The Rev. Father Edmund, a lecturer of the Passionate Community, who recently arrived from Lourdes, France, told yesterday at the new French Mission Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Brooklyn, of the cures he personally observed at the French grotto, and conducted special services at the grotto. Long before 4 o'clock, the time appointed for the services to begin, entrance to the church could not be obtained, so great was the crowd that had come to hear Father Edmund.

When the services began a lighted wax taper was handed to each person present. Then a procession, headed by priests, descended from the altar steps and proceeded down the centre aisle of the church, followed by over 1,200 of those present, carrying the flaming tapers. As the processional began to move, the audience joined in a chorus, singing the hymn of little Bernadette. When the processional party arrived at the grotto, they found grouped about it a number of persons afflicted with incurable diseases.

After the procession had halted at the shrine and the usual exercises had been concluded, Father Edmund told of the many cures which came before his personal observation. He said a well-known society woman of New York whose ailment baffled the knowledge of the leading physicians of the two hemispheres, was cured while he was at Lourdes. Father Edmund, when asked for the name of this woman, refused to give it, however. He further declared that several well-known prominent New Yorkers have been cured at Lourdes. Numerous cures are said to have been effected at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Brooklyn, but the Mission Fathers will not reveal the names of the persons.

TRADE IN CHRISTMAS TREES.

Extent of the Traffic Here—The Pioneer Dealer.

During the past ten days freight cars have been coming over various roads to this city laden with Christmas trees for the holidays. There are now some 250,000 of these trees, mostly balsam or fir, piled up at different points along the West Street river front. Some thirty men own them.

The industry is one that has been carried on for sixty years past in this city, but it is only within the past twenty years that it has assumed large proportions. Two of the largest dealers, J. G. Piper and E. K. Chapman, have each about 40,000 trees. The trees vary in height from 6 to 30 feet. The 30-foot ones are for churches and for the outside of saloons. The smaller trees average about 75 cents apiece in price. They come from Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and New York. The cutting begins about the 1st of November each year. The dealers employ a number of men at this work.

Mr. Piper said yesterday that this year's prices were as good as usual. He expects before the end of the week to have gotten rid of his immense stock. The last of this week he said prices would be high and the supply scarce.

"Bob" Carr, who is not over seventy-five years old, is said to be the pioneer in the Christmas tree industry. He was employed in it sixty years ago. For a time the trees were stored in Washington Market, but the business grew so great that they had to be stacked up on dock property along the river, the dealers paying the city for the use of the property.

H. G. CADMUS ARRESTED.

City Employe Accused of Causing the Death of John Lynch.

Harry G. Cadmus, a clerk in one of the local public offices in Brooklyn, and a son of William H. N. Cadmus, a former local politician, was admitted to bail yesterday in the Butler Street Police Court on a charge of homicide. He is charged with causing the death of John Lynch of Brooklyn, which occurred Saturday morning.

The men were together in a saloon on the night of Dec. 8 and entered into a dispute over a small bet. According to Cadmus, Lynch was the aggressor. He struck Cadmus several times on the body and in the face. Cadmus struck back, catching Lynch on the point of the chin with his clinched fist. The blow sent Lynch to the floor, causing concussion of the brain.

ATTRACTIVE HOLIDAY GIFTS.

To-day:

UMBRELLAS AND CANES — CALENDARS AND CARDS
MEN'S HOUSE COATS — SILVER NOVELTIES
DRESS SUIT CASES — LEATHER GOODS

JAMES McCREERY & CO., BROADWAY & 11TH ST.

REV. DR. HARSHA DEPARTS

Resignation Read at the Second Collegiate Reformed Church.

TROUBLE TOO HEAVY TO BEAR

Reports About His Debts, Ill-Health, and Church Opposition Lead to His Retirement.

An unusually large congregation gathered in the Second Collegiate Reformed Church, at One Hundred and Twenty-third Street and Lenox Avenue, yesterday morning. Many persons not members of the church were present, attracted by the publication of articles regarding the expected resignation of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. William Justin Harsha.

The Rev. Dr. J. Elmendorf, pastor of the First Collegiate Reformed Church and senior pastor of the Second Church, conducted the services, and after making the announcements for the week said that he had been instructed by the Consistory to read to the congregation Dr. Harsha's letter of resignation, which was as follows:

For sufficient reasons I ask for leave of absence from my pastoral duties from this date.

I also tender my resignation as pastor of the Second Collegiate Reformed Church, to take effect on Jan. 1, 1900, and beg your acceptance of the same.

I further wish you to unite with me in an application to the Classis of New York for a dissolution of the pastoral relations between the Rev. W. J. Harsha, D. D., and the Collegiate Reformed Church of Harlem.

After reading the letter Dr. Elmendorf said that the Consistory had accepted the resignation at a special meeting held for its consideration, and that the matter would come up for action before the Classis in due time. He then began an invocation, in which he referred to the heavy burden of sorrow which rested upon the congregation, and said that many hearts there were wounded, especially the hearts of those who had been led to accept the Christian faith through the ministrations of the absent pastor. He also prayed that sorrow might make the flock more fervent in their prayers for the absent one that he might have the strength to fulfill every duty, and bear every trial. There were many moist eyes in the congregation, as Dr. Harsha was popular, and in his seven years' pastorate had built up the church wonderfully. Dr. Elmendorf's sermon contained no reference to the affairs of the church.

After the service members of the congregation gathered in knots and discussed the resignation. General regret was expressed by all, and many said that they were disappointed in not having had the opportunity of bidding Dr. Harsha farewell. Dr. Elmendorf, when seen in his apartment at the Hotel Winthrop, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street and Seventh Avenue, last evening, said that the affair was a very sad one, and that regret was expressed on all sides. He said that, considering the situation, Dr. Harsha probably had acted wisely in handing in his resignation. Malicious rumors, he said, had been circulated regarding Dr. Harsha, and these, coupled with poor health and the heavy burden of debt he had shouldered, had proved too much for him.

When asked as to the procedure to be followed now that the resignation had been accepted by the consistory, Dr. Elmendorf said that the separation of the pastor and the congregation was complete except for the approval of the classis. A special meeting of the classis will be held, but the date has not yet been fixed. Dr. Elmendorf said that although Dr. Harsha's pastorate would undoubtedly cease Jan. 1, he would continue to receive his regular salary of $5,000 a year for the first six months of the new year. This, he said, would give him time to recuperate and arrange his affairs, and by that time there would be a demand for a man of his ability.

Many rumors have been circulated regarding the cause for Dr. Harsha's resignation, but the true reasons are worry over financial affairs, ill health, and a desire on the part of "an old fogy element" in the church, as one member of the congregation expressed it yesterday, to have him leave. When Dr. Harsha came from Omaha seven years ago to accept the pastorate of the Second Collegiate Reformed Church he was in debt to the extent of about $40,000. This indebtedness, Dr. Harsha's friends felt, was in no sense a reflection on him, as it was explained that it had been contracted through indorsing paper for a religious publishing concern in the West. Since he has been in this city Dr. Harsha has been paying of his obligations, and it is estimated that he has paid about $12,000 voluntarily of his salary.

Dr. Harsha made an assignment of all his salary over $3,000 to Edward S. Clinch, a lawyer, in 1896, with which to meet these debts. Justice Beekman, however, set aside the assignment, declaring it void as far as his creditors were concerned. Mr. Clinch, when seen last evening, refused to make any statement regarding Dr. Harsha's financial affairs. He said, however, that the treatment of Dr. Harsha by the press of this city had been outrageous, and that if Dr. Harsha had been of any other faith the matter probably never would have been mentioned. Dr. Harsha is at present in the West with a missionary friend, while his wife and family are in Massachusetts.

BEATEN IN A HORSE TRADE.

Clothing Dealer Begged that His Animal Be Killed, and Finally Left It Gazing at a Coffin.

The police of the Eldridge Street Station would like to find a certain second-hand clothing dealer in Eldridge Street, who once thought he knew something about horses. After being "done" in a horse trade the man wandered into the police station Saturday night, and, with much emotion, asked to have some one come and kill his purchase, as it was not fit to live.

It seems that the clothing man, desiring to extend his business, resolved to institute a cart service for the collection and distribution of his goods. In an evil hour he came under the malign influence of a horse dealer on Front Street. The horse dealer said he had an animal of a very superior sort, which he was compelled to sell. He had paid, he said, $400 for the animal at a forced sale. He agreed, however, to rob himself and family to the extent of letting the animal go at $100 cash. The clothing dealer finally bought the beast for $50 in cash, and three suits of clothing, which, according to the placards upon them in his store, had been for sale at $6.66 each, but had been "marked down" from $38 each, their real worth.

The animal was delivered on Saturday, and his appearance astonished the clothing dealer, who had inspected him before only in the rather poorly lighted Front Street stable. His ribs stood out like the slats on a picket fence. The spinal column was also in evidence, some parts of it not even being concealed by skin. The clothing dealer also noted that while one of the animal's eyes seemed to gaze upon him with a look of almost human hopelessness and despair, the other, which was of a leaden bluish color, seemed to regard him with stony indifference. He attributed this to some temperamental peculiarity, until a passer-by shocked him with the information that the horse was blind in one eye. It was discovered later that he had no teeth, and was very lame in three of his legs.

The owner finally threw up his hands in despair, and then went about asking some of his neighbors to shoot the horse. They one and all refused to commit the deed, and at 11 o'clock at night he went to the police station and asked that word be sent to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals to send a man to kill his horse. The Sergeant told him to telephone himself, and the man replied that the horse wasn't worth it, and left.

At midnight Policeman Lyons, while walking along Allen Street, noticed an aged and decrepit horse leaning heavily against an undertaker's window, gazing with his good eye at a nice satin-lined casket displayed temptingly within. Policeman Lyons arrested the horse, and, together the two made their way slowly and painfully to the police station. Several vagrants along the route guyed the officer unmercifully. Somebody called him a mounted park policeman strayed away from his beat and lost.

"What's the charge, officer? What's the charge?" was shouted whenever Lyons was forced to stop and let the horse lean upon him and rest.

At the station house it was decided that the horse should be shot, but nobody seemed able to decide just where. It was finally arranged to give the vagrant a night's lodging in the patrol wagon house, and yesterday morning an officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals put it out of its misery. If the police can find the owner, he will be arrested for abandonment.

Suicide of an Artilleryman.

Samuel Hahn, thirty-three years old, a private in Company N, Fifth United States Artillery, stationed at Fort Hamilton, was found dead yesterday afternoon in a hotel at 252 East Houston Street. By his side on the bed in which he lay was a vial that had contained morphine. Hahn went to the hotel on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock and registered. When he had not left his room at 1 o'clock the proprietor burst the door in. Hahn had been dead over twelve hours.

Hebrew War Veterans Organize.

A preliminary meeting for organization of the Hebrew veterans of the Spanish-American war, under the guidance of the Hebrew Union Veterans, was held yesterday in the Municipal Court room at the Yorkville Court. About eighty veterans were present, and committees were appointed to go ahead in the work of organization. Officers will be elected at the next meeting, on Jan. 7.

Answers to Correspondents.

J. A. D.—Communicate with Inspector of the United States Life-Saving Service, 17 State Street, New York.

M. R.—The following are the United States courts, named in the order of their rank: District Court, Circuit Court, Circuit Court of Appeals, and Supreme Court. Briefs must be submitted on legal cap paper, nine inches wide by fourteen long. There are no requirements regarding size or setting of type.

S. B.—The Japanese words "Shinjumeido-joshi" do not form a connected sentence. "Shinju" and "joshi" both signify "a double suicide of lovers," to whom earthly ties are forbidden, the former word being a colloquial, and the latter a literary form. "Meido" is a term frequently met with in Buddhist writings. It refers to the "dark pathway traveled after death," leading either to heaven or to the infernal regions, according to the context.

Ladies' Department.

Desirable and useful articles for

Christmas Gifts.

Fur Muffs and new style Neck Pieces, in

sable — fox — marten — mink, etc.

Ladies' Ties — Bows — and Fancy Neckwear, in silk, lace and chiffon.

French Flannel Waists in a variety of beautiful colors—plain and embroidered,

$3.50,

reduced from $5.50 & $6.

13th St. Store Only.

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Three BROADWAY Stores. | Cor. 13th St. Cor. Canal St. Near Chambers.

Diamonds
Pearls
Rubies
Emeralds

and all other Precious Stones direct from the Importer. Finest goods—lowest prices.

J. H. JOHNSTON & SON,

18 John Street, New York.

FORMERLY UNION SQUARE.

Send for illustrated catalogue—Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, and Duplicate Wedding Presents.

MEMORIAL OF J. W. AMBROSE.

In Recognition of His Securing the Improvement of New York Harbor.

A committee representing the subscribers to the banquet given in this city in April last, to Senator W. P. Frye of Maine, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Commerce, have presented a life-size bronze bust of the late John W. Ambrose of this city, to the members of his family. Mr. Ambrose secured from Congress, after a number of years of labor, appropriations amounting to several millions of dollars to widen and deepen the channels in and around the Port of New York. The committee, in presenting the bust to Mr. Ambrose's family, inclosed the following letter:

"The undersigned committee, on behalf of the subscribers to the dinner to Senator Frye on April 26, 1899, take pleasure in presenting to you a bronze bust of your honored father, Mr. John W. Ambrose.

"In making this presentation the undersigned wish to give expression to the feeling of warm regard and sincere friendship that they entertained for your father, as well as to their appreciation of his splendid services in securing the improvement of the Harbor of New York, and they desire to bear witness to the high character and sterling worth of their deceased friend, whose memory will not only be cherished by those who had the opportunity and privilege of his intimate acquaintance, but also by all those citizens of this great metropolis who have at heart the advancement and development of their native city. Yours very respectfully,

"W. BAYARD CUTTING.
"GUSTAV H. SCHWAB."

The casting of the bust was done in Philadelphia from a model executed by Andrew O'Connor of this city, and is considered an excellent likeness of Mr. Ambrose, as well as an admirable example of the sculptor's art.

SUES JULIA ARTHUR'S HUSBAND.

Florence Crosby Asks $50,000 for Exclusion from Broadway Theatre.

Miss Florence Crosby has carried out her threat and brought suit against Benjamin P. Cheney, husband of Julia Arthur, for $50,000 damages for being excluded from the Broadway Theatre on Nov. 18, when Julia Arthur was playing there in "More Than Queen."

"Yes," said Miss Crosby last evening, "I have only asked $50,000 damages, but I think the figure is much too low. It ought to be double that at least for such an outrageous proceeding as ejecting a lady from a theatre. The case is in the hands of Emanuel M. Friend, my lawyer."

On Saturday evening, Nov. 18, Miss Crosby, accompanied by a Mr. Hughes, entered the theatre and was stopped by John Major, Miss Arthur's business manager, who told her that Mr. Cheney had given orders that she was not to be admitted. Mr. Hughes was told that he might remain, but declined and went away with Miss Crosby, who had been persuaded to leave and was escorted to the door by a Central Office detective.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE

ORIENTAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

"Innumerable stains and splendid dyes, as on a tiger-moth's damask'd wings."

Guendjis and Beloochistan Rugs,

$9.00

(averaging 5.4x3.6 ft., value $12.50 and $15.00.)

Shirvans, Daghestans & Kazaks,

$15.00

(averaging 6.8x3.8 ft., value $20.00 and $25.00.)

Large assortment of East Indian armor. Trophies for Cosey Corners at $2.25. Still a variety of holiday furniture novelties at factory prices, as you

"BUY OF THE MAKER"

GEO. C. FLINT CO.

43 45 AND 47 WEST 23RD ST
NEAR BROADWAY.
FACTORY 154 AND 156 WEST 19TH STREET

For Dyspepsia.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Taken after meals prevents acidity and distress of the stomach, headache, and the offensive belching of wind.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

AMUSEMENTS.

14TH ST. THEATRE. Cor. 6th Av. Mats. Wed. and Sat. Res. orch. circle or bal., 50c. LAST WEEK of the QUAINT, RURAL DRAMA, THE DAIRY FARM. SOUVENIRS TO-NIGHT & Friday night, Wed. & Sat. Matinées. Next Week, commencing with Xmas Day Matinée, THE VILLAGE POSTMASTER.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th. MR. KENDAL MRS. KENDAL LAST TWO WEEKS. Mats. Wed. and Sat. Evenings 8:20. Matinées at 2. The Elder Miss Blossom

Next Week—Seat Sale Thursday. N. C. Goodwin and Maxine Elliott THE COW BOY AND THE LADY.

HAMMERSTEIN'S LAST 2 WEEKS. VICTORIA Rogers Bros. in Wall St. Ev'gs, 8:20. Sat. Mat. 2:15.

DEC. 27—100TH TIME—SOUVENIRS. Mon., Jan. 1—Chris. & The Wonderful Lamp. SEAT SALE BEGINS DEC. 26TH.

AMERICAN 42ND & 8TH AVE. CASTLE SQ. OPERA CO. Seats now selling for Xmas week. THE BEGGAR STUDENT. SPECIAL MATINEE CHRISTMAS DAY.

BROADWAY Theatre, 41st St. & B'way. Evs. at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. THE GREAT SUCCESS, BEN-HUR. SPECIAL MATINEE XMAS DAY.

WALLACK'S Broadway & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. XTRA MATINEE XMAS DAY. FRANK DANIELS in THE AMEER.

Proctor's 23d ST. Cont. Perf. 15c, 25c, 50c. FOX & ALLEN. Pauline Moran. 30 Other Stars.

Palace 58th St. & 3d Av. Jennie Yeamans Cont. Perf. Mansfield & Wilbur Watson, Hutchings, &c. 15, 25, 50

MANHATTAN Theatre, 33d & B'y. Evs. 8:15. Sat. Mat. ANNA HELD in PAPA'S WIFE.

KOSTER & BIAL'S GREATEST SHOW in Town. Marie Dressler, Clivette, Cushman, Holcombe, & Curtis, Binns & Binns, Capitaine, Beaumont Sisters, De Forrests, etc. Assisted by Adele Farrington,

HOME AGAIN THE NEW YORK Com. Sat. Night 17 times only. SPECIAL XMAS. EDITION, THE MAN IN THE MOON Including New Santa Claus Pantomime.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 14th St. & Irving Pl. SOUVENIERS Friday Evening. The great rural play, "WAY DOWN EAST." Prices, 25, 50, 75, $1.00. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2. Ev. 8:10.

BIJOU. B'way & 30th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. only. MAY IRWIN IN SISTER MARY. Phone 2224 Mad. Sq. Biggest hit of all.

Comique (Formerly Sam T. Jack's) Bwy & 29th St. Mat Every Day. Orch., 25c. and 50c. Fatima The Vaudeville Burlesque Co. with Oriental Dances, and Tobascoscope Sensational Moving Pictures.

Weber & Fields' MUSIC HALL, B'way & 30 St. Mats. Tues. & Sat. Whirl-I-Gig & BARBARA FIDGETY

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. JAMES A. HERNE'S Great Play, SHORE ACRES.

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 25c. THIS WEEK—CARMEN.

HERALD SQUARE THEATRE. Last Week of the Tuneful Spectacle A GREEK SLAVE. Next Week: Primrose & Dockstader's Minstrels.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S Music Hall. 125th St. & 7th Av. Res. Or. 50c. Bal. 25c. Mats. Wed. & Sat. LILLIAN BURKHART CO. Wayn & Caldwell, etc.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE, TO-NIGHT, Mat. Sat. The Great Comedy Success, "HOFGUNST"

HUBER'S 14th St. Museum. 10c. to all. 8-legged boy. Theatre, 2 Co.'s.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. GRAND OPERA SEASON 1899-1900. Under the Direction of Mr. MAURICE GRAU.

TO-NIGHT AT 8. Gounod's Opera, ROMEO ET JULIETTE (in French). Mmes. Eames, Bauermeister, and Mantelli; MM. Alvarez, (début,) Plançon, Bars, Illy, Dufriche, Meux, Vanni, and Ed de Reszke. Conductor, Sig. Mancinelli.

Wed. Evg., Dec. 20, at 8, Bizet's opera, CARMEN, (in French.) Mmes. Calvé, Bauermeister, Van Cauteren, and Eames; MM. Saleza, H. Devries, Bars, Dufriche, Queyla, and Plançon. Conductor, Sig. Mancinelli.

Friday Evening, Dec. 22, at 8, Wagner's opera, TANNHAUSER, (in German.) Mmes. Ternina, Olitzka, and Nordica; MM. Van Dyck, Bertram, (début,) Bars, Queyla, Muhlmann, Meux, and Plançon. Conductor, Mr. Emil Paur.

Sat. Mat., Dec. 23, at 2, Gounod's opera, FAUST, (in French.) Mmes. Calvé, Bauermeister, and Mantelli; MM. Alvarez, Campanari, Meux, and Ed de Reszke. Conductor, Sig. Mancinelli.

Sat. Evg., Dec. 23, at 8, at Popular Prices, Wagner's opera, LOHENGRIN, (in German.) Mmes. Susan Strong and Schumann-Heink; MM. Dippel, Muhlmann, Meux, and Pringle. Conductor, Mr. Emil Paur.

Prices for Saturday Nights—$2.50, $1.50, 75c. and 50c. Boxes, $10, $15, and $30.

Sun. Evg., Dec. 24, Grand Sunday Night Concert.

Seats now on sale at BOX OFFICE, OPERA HOUSE, and at BOX OFFICE RATES at Tyson's, principal hotels, and Rullman's, 111 Broadway.

WEBER PIANOS USED.

DALY'S B'way & 30th.....At 8:20. Matinées Wednesday & Sat. Extra Matinée Xmas & New Year's Day. Henry Arthur Jones's Comedy. Permanent Home of Daniel Frohman's Co. 4TH WEEK OF The Maneuvers of Jane.

LYCEUM 4th Av. & 23d.....at 8:30. Daniel Frohman.....Manager. Matinées Thursday & Sat., 2. Extra Matinée Xmas & New Year's Day. FOURTH MONTH. CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS ANNIE RUSSELL in MISS HOBBS

GARDEN THEATRE. Madison Av. and 27th St. CHARLES FROHMAN.....Manager. For Three Weeks Only. MR. RICHARD MANSFIELD. To-night, To-morrow, & Wed. Evg. at 8:30. THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE. By G. Bernard Shaw. THURS., DEC. 21—PRINCE KARL. FRI., DEC. 22—A PARISIAN ROMANCE. SAT. MAT., DEC. 23—PRINCE KARL. SAT. EV., DEC. 23—DR. JEKYLL & MR. HYDE. On Monday, Dec. 25, THE FIRST VIOLIN. Seats on sale 2 weeks in advance.

CARNEGIE HALL, 57TH ST. & 7TH AVE. Extra Concert by PADEREWSKI. Sunday Ev'g, 31st Dec., at 8.30 o'Clock. Assisted by WALTER DAMROSCH and his ORCHESTRA. The last Two Recitals in New York. JANUARY 6TH AND 20TH AT 2:30. Seats at Schuberth's, 23 Union Square.

MUSICAL ART SOCIETY. SEVENTH SEASON. First Concert, Thursday evg., Dec. 21, at 8:30, at Carnegie Hall. FRANZ DAMROSCH.....Director. CHORUS OF 60 ARTISTS. Soloist.....DAVID BISPHAM. Subscription & single tickets now on sale at SCHUBERTH'S, 23 UNION SQUARE.

MENDELSSOHN HALL. Second Concert Tuesday Ev'g, Dec. 19, at 8:15. THE KNEISEL QUARTET OF BOSTON. Assisted by Mr. Mark Hambourg, Piano. Res. Seats $1.50 at Schuberth's, 23 Union Sq.

5TH AVE Theatre, B'way & 28th St. Evs. at 8. Last w'k. Last Mats. Wed. & Sat. Mrs. Fiske in Becky Sharp. Next Mon.—Musical Comedy—3 Little Lambs.

Charles Frohman's Criterion Theatre B'way & 44th St. Evg's, 8:30. Last 3 Weeks. Matinées Wednesday and Saturday. JULIA MARLOWE | Barbara Frietchie. Tuesday, January 9—MAUDE ADAMS.

GARRICK THEATRE. 35th St. & B'way. Evenings, 8. Matinée Saturday. EXTRA MATS. XMAS & NEW YEAR'S. WM. GILLETTE in His New Play SHERLOCK HOLMES

EMPIRE THEATRE. Broadway & 40th St. LAST 6 NIGHTS. LAST WED. & SAT. MAT. JOHN DREW | The Tyranny of Tears. Dec. 25—Empire Company in MY LADY'S LORD.

MADISON SQ. THEATRE, 24th St., nr. B'way. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday. WHEELS WITHIN WHEELS. Xtra Mats. Xmas & New Year's.

CASINO! 3D MYTH & LAST 3 WKS! Last 18 Ngts! Last Mat. Sat. but 5. Souvs. Nxt. Fri. Evg! 100th TIME! ALICE NIELSEN OPERA COMPANY in The Singing Girl! Jan. 8—Rice's Little Red Riding Hood.

THE DEWEY East 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY. Merry Maiden Burlesquers. "At the French Ball." "Maiden's Seminary."

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX—New Groups. Extra Attractions To-day. Christmas Pantomime, Blue Beard. CINEMATOGRAPH Every Hour. Neapolitan Troubadour Orchestra.

KEITH'S CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE. Joseph Hart & Carrie De Mar, Mme. Herrmann. THE GIRL WITH THE AUBURN HAIR.

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE. Daly's original production The Great Ruby. Evs., 8. Matinée Sat. 2.

The New York Times.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW AND QUOTATION SUPPLEMENT.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1899. EIGHT PAGES.

STOCK EXCHANGE SUMMARY.

	Shares.
Stocks week ended Dec. 16...	4,992,653
Same week last year.....	4,332,360
Stocks to date this year....	163,863,593
Corresponding date last year.	108,357,527

Bonds for the week.....	$11,174,900
Same week last year.....	$39,539,410
Bonds to date this year.....$810,504,140	
Corresponding date last year.$877,285,590	

Money rate range for week: Collateral loans on call, 4@15; at three months, 6; at six months, 6 per cent. Commercial paper, sixty to ninety days, 6 per cent.

THE WEEK'S CHANGES.

The following is a list of stocks in which there were last week net changes of 1 per cent. or more:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Linseed 1½	Clev., Lor. & W. pf..1
Am. Steel & W. pf..1½	Colorado Midland ...1
Am. Tin Plate pf....3	P., C., C. & St. L...5
Chi. Term. Tran. pf..1	

Stocks Declined.

Am. Steel Hoop.....2	Met. W. S. El., Chi., pf. 4½
Am. Cotton Oil.....1	Minn. & St. Louis...3½
Am. Cotton Oil pf....1	Minn. & St. L. 2d pf.6
Am. Linseed pf.....5⅝	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. pf. 3½
Am. Express 5	Missouri Pacific 4½
Am Malting 1⅛	Mo., Kan. & Texas..1
Am. Malting pf.....3	Mo., Kan. & T. pf...4⅝
Ann Arbor pf.....1	Mobile & Ohio.....3
At., Top. & S. F. ...2	National Biscuit 1½
At., Top. & S. F. pf..4½	Nat. Biscuit pf.....3¾
Anaconda Copper ...2¼	National Lead 1⅞
Baltimore & Ohio....3	National Steel 3¾
Balt. & Ohio pf.....5¼	N. J. Central.....1
Brooklyn Rapid Tr...3¼	N. Y. Air Brake....6
Brooklyn Union Gas..2½	N. Y. Central.....4¼
Brunswick City 1½	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf. 1⅝
Canada Southern 1⅞	N. Y., Ont. & West..1½
Can. Pacific 2¼	Norf. & West.....2¾
Chi. Con. Traction...4	Norf. & West. pf....2
Chi., Bur. & Qy.....6⅜	Nor. Pacific 1⅞
Chi. & East. Ill....10	Nor. Pac. pf.....2⅝
Chi. Great West....1½	Pacific Mail 1½
Chi. Gt. W. pf., A...3	Pennsylvania 2½
Chi. Gt. W. pf., B...1	People's Gas, Chi....5⅞
Chi. Gt. West. deb...2	Peoria & Eastern....1
Chi., Ind. & L. pf....1½	Pitts., C., C. & St. L. pf. 1
Chi., Mil. & St. P....3⅝	Pressed Steel Car pf.1½
Chi., M. & St. P. pf.4½	Pitts. & West. 1st, t. r. 3
Chi. & Northwest....5	Pullman Car 3¼
Chi., R. I. & Pac....3⅛	Reading 1st pf.....3⅞
C., C., C. & St. L. pf. 5½	Reading 2d pf.....1
Clev., Lor. & Wheel.1¼	Rep. Iron & S. pf....1
Col. Fuel & Iron.....7¼	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.2
Col. South. 2d pf....1½	St. L. S'w'n pf.....6⅝
Col. & Hock. Coal...2½	St. Paul & Omaha...4
Cont. Tobacco 2½	Southern Pacific 3½
Cont. Tobacco pf.....3½	Southern Ry.....1
Consolidated Gas ...9⅞	Southern Ry. pf.....2⅞
Del., Lack. & West..8	Tenn. Coal & Iron...24
Denver & Rio Gr....1½	Texas Pacific 1¾
Den. & Rio Gr. pf...3	Third Avenue 18½
Erie 1st pf.....1½	Union Bag & Paper..1
Evans. & T. H.....1	Union Bag & P. pf..1¼
Federal Steel 4½	Union Pacific 3⅜
Federal Steel pf....4⅜	Union Pacific pf....2½
General Electric 5	U. S. Leather pf....2¼
Glucose Sugar Ref...7½	U. S. Rubber pf.....2
Glucose Sugar R. pf.1¼	Wabash pf.....1⅝
Great Northern pf...7½	Wagner Palace Car..6¾
H. B. Claflin 1	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf. 1¼
Hocking Valley pf....1	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf. 1⅝
Illinois Central 2⅞	Wisconsin Central ..2½
International Silver..1½	Wis. Cent. pf.....1½
Iowa Central pf.....2½	
Kan. City, P. & G...1½	
Laclede Gas 6¼	
Lake Erie & W. pf...2	
Louisville & Nashv..4½	
Manhattan 4⅝	
Met. Street Ry.....16½	
Mexican Central 1	

Net changes in bonds of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

C. of N. J. gen. 5s, r.1	San A. & A. P. 4s.2½
C., I. & L. ref. 6s..6	T. C. & I. 1st, Birm. 6s 1
F. & P. M. con. 5s..2	
L. & Nash. gold 5s.3	

Bonds Declined.

At., T. & S. F. adj..2½	Louis. & N. gen. 6s.1½
B. & Ohio 3½s.....1½	Mex. Cent. 1st inc..2¾
Balt. & O., S. W. Div. 3½s 1¼	Mo., K. & Texas 2d..1½
B. Un. El. 1st.....1½	Mo. Pacific con.....2½
Cent. of Ga. gen...1⅞	Mo. Pac. coll. tr. 5s..1¼
C. of Ga. 1st pf., inc.1	N. Y. Cent., M. C., 3½s 1
Ches. & O. con. 4s..1¼	Norf. & W. con. 4s.1⅝
Ches. & Ohio 4½s..1⅛	Oregon S. L. 6s.....1¾
C., M. & St. P., So. Minn. 6s 1	Pacific Coast 1st.....1
Col. Mid. 2-4s.....1¼	Pennsylvania 4½s....1
Col. Mid. 1st 4s....1	Peo. & East. 1st....1
E. T., Va. & Ga. con.1⅜	P., D. & E. 1st, t. r.1⅝
Erie con. prior 4s....1½	St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s.2⅝
Erie 1st gen. 4s.....2	St. L. & S. F., Cent. Div. 4s.....1¼
Evans. & T. H. gen..1	St. L. S. W. 1st....3½
Ft. W. & D. C. 1st..2½	St. L. S. W. 2d....3
Hous. & Texas gen..1	So. Pac. coll. tr. 4s.2⅝
Ill. Cent., W. L. 4s..1	So. Pac., Cent. Pac. 1st 4s.....1⅝
Ind. & G. Nor. 2d..1	Stand. R. & T. 6s....3
K. C., P. & G. 1st.1⅜	Texas Pacific 1st....1
Lake Erie & W. 1st.1½	Wabash 1st.....1¼
L., Ev. & St. L. con. 5s, t. r.....7	Wabash, Deb. B....2⅝
Louis. & N. coll. tr. 4s 1⅛	W. N. Y. & P. gen..1
	Wilkes. & East. 1st..1¼

OUR LONDON CABLE.

EFFECTS OF THE WAR NEWS

The Week Ended in a Semi-Panic—Stock Exchange Has So Far Stood the Strain Well, but More Failures Are Inevitable—Excitement Telling on Industrial Affairs—Spain More Prosperous.

Cable Correspondence.

Copyright, 1899, THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—A week of strain and anxiety has ended in something very near to a panic, both on the Stock Exchange and in the money market, thanks to the news yesterday morning of Gen. Buller's defeat. All the good effect that otherwise would have been certain to follow the announcement of gold coming from New York was completely obliterated, and the effects of the disaster are all the greater because on Thursday and Friday we were buoyed up by the belief of a great victory. But there is too much reason to fear now that when the gold arrives it will be drawn out of the Bank of England and hoarded.

Already some of our large banks are getting alarmed, and a run on them is by no means a remote contingency as things at present look. If you are able to spare us ten millions sterling we may stand a shock, but I fear that half this sum lost in New York might bring our looming troubles on your market.

We are able to draw gold now solely because the anticipated quantities of cotton have not come forward. Bills drawn in anticipation of these shipments have therefore to be renewed, and the rates on such offered for discount last week were generally higher than on other foreign paper. On Friday sixty-day American drafts coming this week in some cases sold at 6¾ per cent. discount, and from 6⅝ to 6½ per cent. was the common rate earlier in the week. Add to this the advance in the Bank's price for American eagles, and the necessity for gold remittances becomes evident. Yesterday business was paralyzed and the discount rate hard at 6½ per cent., with the banks refusing to buy from brokers.

Small consignments of gold are arriving from the Continent, but only from the open markets, a source of supply soon exhausted. Directly the stocks of the State banks are threatened, up will go their rates. Open market discount in Berlin is now 6 per cent., and it is probable enough that the Reichsbank will put its rate up to 7 per cent. Other markets on the Continent exhibit less signs of strain, but all are unable to do much to help us, and although it was reported all last week that the Bank of France was going to send considerable amounts of bullion to the Argentine Republic none has gone yet.

The position, therefore, is anxious at all points in spite of the gold on the way from New York, Australia, Berlin, and Paris.

Our Stock Exchange last week was put to an extreme strain and stood it well. Money to the end of December rarely cost at best less than 7 per cent., and frequently 10 per cent., but payments were effected without a serious hitch. Ten firms so far have failed, but none of them important ones. Yesterday, however, the excitement was again indescribable, and prices dropped, cataractwise, Rand mines opening at 6 below Friday's price, and dealings being often impossible. The latest prices were worse than the opening in most cases. Further smashes are therefore inevitable, and the recoil here is sure to react disastrously in Paris, where the buying has followed ours. In the feverishness of our mood we have been turning to your stocks, but it was the wholly wild sort of gamblers who bought.

All these surging torrents of excitement are beginning to tell on industrial affairs, and the outlook is much less good than it was a few weeks ago. Dear money also kills forward orders, and causes manufacturers to purchase by the week. In spite of all the great activity in our iron and steel industries, for instance, iron ore merchants complain that they cannot book new orders equivalent to their output. It is the same with textile fibres, and production of all kinds is beginning to be seriously interfered with by dear coal.

Altogether we are not happy just at present, but evils foreseen and dreaded are often mock prophets of disaster, so we hope for the best.

A friend just returned from Spain informs me that that country is more prosperous than before the war, so prosperous in Catalonia that the millowners could not afford to close their works as a demonstration against the new taxation, and therefore concluded the best way was to compromise and wait for bad days. The Government, however, is as vicious and inept as ever, with eternal talk and nothing done, and with all the old corruptions clamoring to be fed.

The debt of outer London now amounts to almost £43,500,000, and projected outlays come to at least £3,000,000 more. The annual charge is £2,711,000, or about 18d. on the pound of ratable value. Many municipalities throughout the country are fully as much or more burdened, but London has spent less on public works yielding revenue than on any other item. These figures are exclusive of the debt of the old city corporation, which, when added, brings the total load of the metropolis up to £48,000,000. The city livery companies enjoy revenues estimated at fully £125,000 a year, none or which goes to the relief of this formidable weight. A. J. W.

CALENDAR FOR THE WEEK.

Monday, Dec. 18.

Royal Baking Powder Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.

Tuesday, Dec. 19.

South Side Elevated Railroad, Chicago—Books close.
United Shoe Machinery Company—Books close.

Wednesday, Dec. 20.

American Steel Casting Company—Dividend payable on preferred.
Colonial Trust Company—Books close.
Dominion Coal Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Electric Vehicle Company—Books close.
Federal Steel Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Fifth Avenue Bank, New York—Books close.
Fifth Avenue Bank, Brooklyn—Books close.
Homestake Mining Company—Books close.
Knickerbocker Trust Company—Books close.
National Steel Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
New England Cotton Yarn Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Newport News and Old Point Comfort Electric Railroad—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Ontario Silver Mining Company—Dividend payable.
Oregon Railroad and Navigation—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad—Books close.
Union Ferry Company—Books close.
United Traction and Electric of Providence—Books close.

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Stock Transactions New York Stock Exchange Week Ended Dec. 16, 1899.

Range for Year 1899. Highest.	Range for Year 1899. Lowest.	Closing Sat., Dec. 16. Bid.	Closing Sat., Dec. 16. Ask'd	Net Ch'ge Past Week.	STOCKS. Sales Week Ended Dec. 16, 4,992,653.	Amount Capi'l Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend. Date.	Last Dividend. Per Cent.	Period	Week Ended Dec. 16. First.	Week Ended Dec. 16. High.	Week Ended Dec. 16. Low.	Week Ended Dec. 16. Last.	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Dec. 9, '99
118¾ February 28.	108¾ January 16.	110	115	...	**Adams Express**	$12,000,000	Dec. 11, '99.	2	SA	111¾	111¾	110	110	108½	125
21⅞ May 25.	13 December 11.	13	13¾	— ½	American Car & Foundry Company	29,090,000	.....	...	..	14	14½	13	13¾	...	6,895
68⅛ September 7.	56⅜ June 16.	56½	58½	..	American Car & Foundry Company pf.	29,090,000	Nov. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	58	59⅜	57	59	...	5,965
46 November 2.	33 December 11.	33½	34	— 1	American Cotton Oil	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '99.	4	A	33	34⅜	33	33½	33⅜	6,910
97⅞ October 26.	88¼ January 5.	93	95	— 1	American Cotton Oil preferred	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '99.	3	SA	95½	95½	95	95	88	385
160 August 29.	133 June 19.	143	146	— 5	American Express Company	18,000,000	July 1, '99.	3	SA	140	140	140	140	147	252
41¼ September 8.	32¼ December 16.	32	32½	— ¼	American Ice Company	22,939,100	Nov. 15, '99.	1	..	32¾	32⅞	32¼	32¼	...	10,245
85 September 11.	73½ December 14.	74	80	+ ½	American Ice Company preferred	12,440,000	Oct. 14, '99.	1½	Q	74	75	73½	75	...	460
16⅜ November 29.	8¾ June 20.	12	12½	— 1⅛	American Linseed Company	16,750,000	.....	...	..	11¼	12⅞	11¼	12⅝	...	3,515
61 December 1.	44½ June 20.	52	52½	— 5⅝	American Linseed Company preferred	16,750,000	Dec. 15, '99.	1¾	Q	50¼	54¼	49½	52½	...	9,351
37½ January 4.	7⅝ December 15.	7¼	7¾	— 1⅛	American Malting Company	14,000,000	.....	...	..	8½	8¾	7⅝	7¾	30	2,470
87¼ January 26.	36 December 13.	36	37½	— 3	American Malting Company preferred	14,400,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1¾	Q	40½	40½	36	37	82½	3,013
59 April 20.	32½ December 14.	34½	34¼	— 1	American Smelting & Refining Company	27,000,000	.....	...	..	35¾	36⅞	32½	34½	...	11,502
94½ April 20.	80 May 31.	85	85¼	— 3	American Smelting & Refining Company pf.	27,000,000	Oct. 10, '99.	1¾	Q	87	88	82¾	85	...	8,544
48⅝ November 28.	24 May 24.	40	41	— 2	American Steel Hoop Company	10,190,600	.....	...	..	41½	43	39½	40	...	12,960
86⅛ September 14.	70 May 13.	79	80	+ ½	American Steel Hoop Company preferred	14,000,000	Oct. 10, '99.	1¾	Q	78⅝	82¼	77⅝	79	...	3,370
72 May 4.	34⅜ December 14.	37¼	37½	— 2⅝	American Steel & Wire Company	50,000,000	.....	...	..	38½	40	34¾	37¼	33¾	82,840
106¾ March 13.	85¾ December 11.	88	89	+ 1¾	American Steel & Wire Company preferred	40,000,000	Oct. 14, '99.	1¾	Q	90	91¾	85¾	91	91⅞	12,140
182 March 20.	123¾ January 4.	129⅞	130	— 6½	American Sugar Refining Company	36,968,000	Oct. 2, '99.	3	Q	133	139¾	125½	130	124	782,500
123 March 20.	110 January 16.	113	115	— 3¼	American Sugar Refining Company pf.	36,968,000	Oct. 2, '99.	1¾	Q	113½	113½	113	113	112	310
105 April 18.	95 December 14.	92	97	— 2¾	American Telegraph & Cable Company	14,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1¼	Q	95	95	95	95	98	110
52¾ April 4.	20 December 11.	25¾	26	+ ⅞	American Tin Plate Company	28,000,000	.....	...	..	20	27½	20	26	...	14,435
99½ February 8.	74¼ December 11.	77	79	+ 3	American Tin Plate Company preferred	18,000,000	Oct. 30, '99.	1¾	Q	74¼	78	74¼	78	...	3,335
229½ April 5.	88½ June 21.	98¾	99	— 5	American Tobacco Company	54,500,000	Nov. 1, '99.	1½	Q	100	104⅝	96	99	141½	350,105
150 March 6.	132 January 4.	...	...	— 2	American Tobacco Company preferred	14,000,000	Nov. 1, '99.	2	Q	141	141	141	141	130	160
70 April 26.	37½ December 13.	38	38½	— 2½	Anaconda Copper Mining Company	30,000,000	Nov. 1, '99.	†2	SA	40	40⅝	37½	38	...	25,705
19⅞ October 26.	14 April 29.	17	19	..	Ann Arbor	3,250,000	.....	..	..	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	...	50
48⅛ October 26.	36 May 8.	42½	45	— 1	Ann Arbor preferred	4,000,000	.....	..	..	43½	43½	43	43	38	1,050
24⅞ February 23.	17 May 9.	19½	19¾	— 2	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	102,000,000	.....	..	..	21⅜	21⅜	19¼	19½	18⅝	34,156
68⅛ August 24.	50⅝ January 7.	59½	59¾	— 4½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe preferred	114,119,500	July 20, '99.	1¼	SA	63¾	64	59⅝	59⅝	51	202,185
61½ April 20.	43⅞ June 22.	51½	52	— 3	**Baltimore & Ohio**	42,500,000	.....	..	..	54	54¾	52	52	48¾	23,494
85½ November 28.	67½ June 21.	74⅝	75	— 5½	Baltimore & Ohio preferred	59,227,000	.....	..	..	79⅛	79¾	74½	74¾	75½	56,532
137 April 15.	75½ September 20.	77¼	77½	— 3⅞	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	43,000,000	.....	..	..	79	81⅞	76¼	77½	72¾	405,150
160 March 17.	134 December 14.	135	137	— 2½	Brooklyn Union Gas	15,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	3	SA	135	138	134	135	129½	3,095
20⅝ August 4.	9½ May 9.	12½	13¼	— 1½	Brunswick City & City Improvement	5,000,000	.....	..	..	13¾	14	12¾	13	12⅞	2,145
59 November 29.	30¼ March 25.	52	58	..	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	6,000,000	.....	..	..	55	55	55	55	32	100
96½ September 22.	69 May 19.	90	97	..	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg preferred	6,000,000	Aug. 15, '99.	1	SA	96	96	95¾	95¾	74¾	300
70 January 23.	50½ December 14.	50½	51	— 17⅞	**Canada Southern**	15,000,000	Aug. 1, '99.	1	SA	52	52¾	50¼	50⅝	56½	2,470
99¼ May 31.	84⅝ March 15.	92	92¾	— 2½	Canadian Pacific	65,000,000	Oct. 2, '99.	2	SA	93½	94½	92	92	...	840
31⅞ December 4.	23⅜ May 31.	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅝	Chesapeake & Ohio	60,533,400	Oct. 25, '99.	1	..	29¼	31	29	29⅝	25	71,443
149¼ February 18.	123¾ December 16.	123¼	123½	— 6⅝	Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	98,129,700	Dec. 15, '99.	1½	Q	129¼	129⅞	123¼	123½	121⅛	169,283
68⅝ April 29.	40 December 11.	...	...	— 4	Chicago Consolidated Traction	15,000,000	.....	...	..	40	41	40	41	...	378
100¼ September 1.	59¾ January 4.	...	...	—10	Chicago & Eastern Illinois	6,197,200	July 1, '99.	2	SA	93½	93⅞	83	83	56⅜	1,300
132⅜ September 7.	112¾ January 3.	...	...	..	Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred	5,830,700	Oct. 2, '99.	1½	Q	122½	122½	122½	122½	...	53
20⅜ January 23.	12¾ December 16.	12⅜	12⅞	— 1½	Chicago Great Western	21,254,800	.....	...	..	14	14	12¾	12⅝	14⅜	26,115
85½ August 29.	50¾ January 5.	76½	80¼	— 3	Chicago Great Western preferred A	11,371,800	July 31, '99.	2	SA	80	81½	77	77	52⅝	2,975
44⅝ September 6.	23 June 22.	37¾	39½	— 1	Chicago Great Western preferred B	7,489,100	.....	...	..	39	39¾	38	39½	30¼	1,800
108½ August 12.	83⅜ January 3.	87	87¾	— 2	Chicago Great Western debenture	16,776,500	July 15, '99.	2	SA	90	90	87	89	84¼	1,925
19 November 23.	7¾ January 6.	14	15	— ⅝	Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville	10,500,000	.....	...	..	14½	14¾	13	13¾	7½	2,437
52¼ November 23.	31 January 4.	46	50	— 1½	Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville pf.	5,000,000	Mch 20, '99.	1	..	46	47¾	46	47½	32	630
136½ September 6.	117½ December 14.	118	118¼	— 3¾	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	47,138,200	Oct. 21, '99.	2½	SA	121½	121¾	117½	118¼	116¾	198,512
179 September 5.	166¼ January 3.	169½	...	— 4½	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred	36,305,400	Oct. 21, '99.	3½	SA	170¼	170½	168¾	168½	165¾	2,440
173 September 6.	141¾ January 4.	157	158	— 5	Chicago & Northwestern	39,116,300	July 6, '99.	2½	SA	163¾	164	157	157	141½	6,400
210⅞ September 7.	188 January 19.	199	201	..	Chicago & Northwestern preferred	22,396,600	Oct. 6, '99.	1¾	Q	198½	198½	198½	198½	190	30
122⅛ January 27.	107⅛ May 13.	108¾	108½	— 3¼	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	60,000,000	Nov. 1, '99.	1¼	Q	110¾	111¾	108	108¾	109¾	47,923

Stock Transactions New York Stock Exchange Week Ended Dec. 16, 1899.--Continued.

Range for Year 1899. Highest.	Lowest.	Closing Sat., Dec. 16. Bid.	Ask'd	Net Ch'ge Past Week.	STOCKS.	Amount Capi'l Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend. Date.	Per Cent.	Period	Week Ended Dec. 16. First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Dec. 9, '99
126¼ September 22.	91 February 8.	118	120	— 4	Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	21,403,200	Feb. 20, '99.	3½	A	120	120	119	119	91½	220
25¼ March 27.	7½ January 6.	11	12	— ⅛	Chicago Terminal Transfer	13,000,000	.....	..	..	12	12	11¼	11½	8⅞	1,500
56⅛ March 27.	36½ January 3.	38½	39½	+ 1	Chicago Terminal Transfer preferred	17,000,000	.....	..	..	38½	42	38¼	40	32¾	3,375
64⅜ November 27.	42½ January 4.	59½	60	— ⅞	Cleveland, Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	22,000,000	Aug., '99.	1¾	Q	60¼	61¾	59½	60	43⅞	12,900
106 December 1.	94 May 10.	102	104	— 5½	Cleveland, Cin., Chi. & St. Louis preferred	8,000,000	Oct. 20, '99.	1¾	Q	105	105	100½	100½	95	425
16¾ January 26.	9 July 5.	11	15½	— 1¼	Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling	5,000,000	.....	..	..	14	14	14	14	15⅜	100
49¼ December 1.	37⅜ June 28.	44⅛	46	+ 1	Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling preferred	5,000,000	Oct., '96.	1¼	..	44	46	44	46	44⅜	300
5⅝ April 21.	1⅜ January 17.	...	...	— ⅛	Colorado Coal & Iron Dev	5,500,000	.....	..	..	1⅞	1⅞	1½	1⅝	...	200
94 September 11.	30½ February 8.	41½	42½	— 7⅛	Colorado Fuel & Iron	13,000,000	.....	..	..	47	47	41	41½	26¼	27,430
130 December 1.	88 January 6.	129	130	— ¾	Colorado Fuel & Iron preferred	2,000,000	Feb. 20, '97.	4	..	125½	129¾	125½	129¼	...	1,920
10¾ December 2.	6 October 10.	8½	9	+ 1	Colorado Midland	3,420,200	.....	..	..	8¾	9⅜	8¾	9	7¾	1,870
27 September 6.	15½ July 14.	20	22	+ ¾	Colorado Midland preferred	4,954,800	.....	..	..	20	23	20	21	19¾	2,770
8¾ January 6.	4⅜ September 13.	5½	5⅝	— ⅛	Colorado & Southern	30,995,000	.....	..	..	5½	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	7¼	6,290
58⅞ March 17.	41⅜ June 16.	43½	44	— ⅛	Colorado & Southern first preferred	8,500,000	.....	..	..	45	45	44	45	48½	834
25 March 22.	15 September 13.	15	16	— 1¼	Colorado & Southern second preferred	8,500,000	16½	1¾	..	16½	16½	15¼	15¼	19¾	1,957
21¼ September 6.	6½ February 5.	15½	17½	— 2½	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron	4,700,000	.....	..	..	17½	17½	13	15¼	6¼	2,510
56 March 23.	52 March 7.	50	...	..	Consolidation Coal	10,250,000	Feb., '99.	2	A	50	50	50	50	...	25
22¾ March 11.	163 June 6.	179⅜	181	— 9⅞	Consolidated Gas	39,078,000	Dec. 15, '99.	1	Q	188	188	179⅝	179⅝	191	15,030
65⅞ April 17.	30¾ December 13.	31⅜	31¾	— 2¾	Continental Tobacco Company	48,845,700	.....	..	..	32	35½	30¾	31½	...	74,365
103⅞ August 28.	78 June 29.	80	80½	— 3¼	Continental Tobacco Company preferred	43,845,000	Oct. 2, '99.	1¾	Q	85	87½	79	80	...	32,914
125¾ April 20.	106½ January 3.	115	115½	— ¾	**Delaware & Hudson**	35,000,000	Dec. 15, '99.	1¼	Q	115½	117¼	114	115½	106	9,810
194½ October 30.	157 January 7.	176½	177	— 8	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	26,200,000	Oct. 2, '99.	1¾	Q	180	181½	175½	175½	151¼	9,630
25⅝ April 27.	18¼ January 7.	18¾	18⅝	— 1½	Denver & Rio Grande	38,600,000	.....	..	..	19⅝	19⅝	18½	18½	16⅜	4,480
80 April 27.	68½ January 11.	70	70¾	— 3	Denver & Rio Grande preferred	23,650,000	July 17, '99.	2	SA	72¾	72¾	70	70	66¾	9,755
28½ January 3.	13¾ June 1.	14	16	— ¼	Des Moines & Fort Dodge	4,283,100	.....	..	..	16	16	16	16	17	200
101 August 18.	63 January 4.	...	...	..	Detroit City Gas	2,944,300	Nov. 15, '99.	2¼	..	96¾	97	96¾	97	...	500
8 November 28.	3 April 4.	6	6½	— ¾	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	12,000,000	.....	..	..	6	6¼	5¾	6	2¾	900
17¼ November 28.	7¾ January 30.	14	15	— ½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic preferred	10,000,000	.....	..	..	14⅞	15	14	14½	7	760
16¼ January 19.	12 December 13.	11½	12	— ½	**Erie**	112,232,700	.....	..	..	12¼	12¼	12	12	14½	1,070
42 January 24.	33½ June 21.	34½	35	— 1½	Erie first preferred	42,844,000	.....	..	..	35¾	36⅝	34⅜	34⅜	37½	5,570
22½ January 30.	16¼ May 8.	17½	19	— ¾	Erie second preferred	16,000,000	.....	..	..	17⅜	18	17½	17⅜	18⅜	520
120¼ October 30.	*92⅜ January 14.	106¾	106¼	..	Erie Tel. & Tel	5,000,000	Nov. 13, '99.	1¼	Q	105½	106¼	105¼	105⅞	...	500
46½ November 17.	36 March 28.	43¾	44	— 1	Evansville & Terre Haute	4,000,000	Oct. 19, '99.	2	..	45	45	43½	43½	38	1,120
75 April 3.	46⅝ February 8.	51¼	51⅝	— 4½	**Federal Steel Company**	46,484,300	†July 20, '99.	1¼	..	55½	57⅜	51¼	51½	38⅛	148,339
93½ April 3.	72 December 14.	74	74¼	— 4⅝	Federal Steel Company preferred	53,261,000	Sept. 1, '99.	1½	Q	76½	79¼	72	73¾	79¾	38,841
132 November 27.	95⅛ January 3.	118½	119	— 5	**General Electric Company**	18,276,000	Oct. 14, '99.	1½	Q	123	124	118½	119	92¾	11,630
76⅜ March 20.	41 December 16.	41⅝	43	— 7¾	Glucose Sugar Refining Company	24,027,300	Dec. 1, '99.	1½	Q	47½	48	41	41	66	6,684
110 January 12.	97 October 23.	90	100	— 1½	Glucose Sugar Refining Company preferred	12,619,300	Dec. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	97½	97½	97¼	97½	108½	150
195 March 13.	142¾ January 6.	166	167½	— 7½	Great Northern preferred	89,409,700	Nov. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	170½	172⅞	165¾	166½	139	7,452
117½ July 13.	97 January 3.	112⅝	...	— 1	**H. B. Claflin Company**	3,829,100	Oct. 14, '99.	2	Q	114	114	112½	112½	93¼	660
37⅞ September 6.	22 July 12.	32½	33	— ⅝	Hocking Valley	6,000,000	.....	..	..	32	34¼	32	32½	...	1,050
66¼ September 6.	54½ May 13.	62	63	— 1	Hocking Valley preferred	10,000,000	.....	..	..	63¼	63¼	60¾	62	...	3,333
75 September 6.	60½ February 10.	71	75	..	Homestake	12,500,000	Nov. 25, '99.	50c	M	72	72	70½	72	...	200
122 January 23.	110 June 1.	110½	111	— 2⅛	**Illinois Central**	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '99.	2½	SA	113	113	110½	111	113	10,355
68½ January 23.	17 December 11.	19	19¼	— ¼	International Paper Company	17,442,900	July 1, '99.	1	..	17½	20½	17	19¼	58	8,570
95 January 5.	66½ December 15.	66½	67	+ ⅞	International Paper Company preferred	22,539,700	Oct. 2, '99.	1½	Q	68	69	66½	66⅞	91½	4,173
35⅞ February 4.	10 May 6.	11	12	— 1½	International Silver Company	10,000,000	.....	..	..	11½	11⅞	10	10½	...	1,570
15⅜ August 24.	10¼ March 7.	12¼	12¾	— ½	Iowa Central	8,488,800	.....	..	..	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	10¼	850
62¼ August 25.	42⅛ May 31.	53½	55	— 2½	Iowa Central preferred	5,671,600	Sept. 1, '99.	1½	SA	55	55	54	54	37	534
15 March 22.	7¾ January 13.	10	12	..	**Kanawha & Michigan**	9,000,000	.....	..	..	10	11	10	11	6½	750
18 January 6.	7 March 15.	7½	8	— 1½	Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf	23,000,000	.....	..	..	8¾	9	7½	7½	17	4,428
63½ February 23.	35 December 11.	...	44	..	Knickerbocker Ice Company (Chicago)	4,000,000	Oct. 1, '99.	1½	Q	35	35	35	35	...	425
84 February 17.	70 November 14.	68	72	..	Knickerbocker Ice Company (Chicago) pf	3,000,000	July 1, '99.	3	SA	67½	67½	67½	67½	...	42
85 September 6.	51 March 4.	77	78½	— 6½	**Laclede Gas**	7,500,000	Sept. 15, '99.	1½	SA	82	82	77	77½	52½	5,615
102½ May 18.	95 May 9.	98	100	..	Laclede Gas preferred	2,500,000	Dec. 15, '99.	2½	SA	100	100	100	100	96½	100
22¼ January 27.	14⅜ June 9.	19	21	— ½	Lake Erie & Western	11,840,000	.....	..	..	20	20	19¾	19½	17⅞	2,390
81½ July 27.	60 January 15.	77½	79	— 2	Lake Erie & Western preferred	11,840,000	Nov. 1, '98.	1¼	..	80	83½	78	78	68	2,710
84 April 4.	46 November 9.	48	55	..	Long Island	12,000,000	Nov. 2, '96.	1	..	54	54	50	50	49	610
88⅝ October 30.	63 March 6.	78⅛	78½	— 4½	Louisville & Nashville	52,800,000	Aug. 20, '99.	$2	SA	82	82⅜	78⅛	78⅛	64	78,405
133⅜ April 3.	95¼ December 16.	96½	97	— 4⅝	**Manhattan Consolidated**	48,000,000	Oct. 2, '99.	1	Q	101⅛	102¼	95¾	96¼	96⅜	137,506
83 November 24.	44½ May 5.	76	77½	— 4¼	Metropolitan West Side El., Chicago, pref	9,000,000	.....	..	..	77½	77½	77	77	...	400
269 March 28.	166¾ December 16.	167	167½	— 16½	Metropolitan Street Railway	40,000,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1¾	Q	182½	182½	166¾	167	191½	62,787
17½ April 27.	6 January 7.	10⅞	11¼	— 1	Mexican Central	36,000,000	.....	..	..	11¾	12	10⅝	11	6⅝	9,250
6¼ September 13.	1 January 6.	3⅞	4⅛	— ⅛	Mexican National certificates	33,350,000	.....	..	..	4	4¼	3¾	3⅞	1⅞	3,422
116 January 24.	110 October 25.	108	110½	..	Michigan Central	18,738,000	July 28, '99.	2	SA	110	110	110	110	118	47
78 August 29.	35¼ January 6.	58	61	— 3½	Minneapolis & St. Louis	6,000,000	.....	..	..	62½	64	60¼	60¼	20½	4,750
99¼ November 18.	73½ January 10.	91	93	— 6	Minneapolis & St. Louis second preferred	4,000,000	July 15, '99.	2½	SA	93	94½	91½	91½	64½	1,070
37½ May 18.	8⅝ January 24.	18½	21	..	Minneapolis, St. Paul & S. S. Marie	14,000,000	.....	..	..	18	20¹²	18	20½	...	400
72 May 18.	39 February 10.	59	62	— 3½	Minneapolis, St. Paul & S. S. Marie pf	7,000,000	.....	..	..	59	60	59	60	...	250
14⅞ January 30.	10½ December 14.	10¼	11	— 1	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	52,450,000	.....	..	..	11¾	11¾	10½	11	13½	2,925
45¼ August 31.	30½ May 13.	32¼	32½	— 4⅝	Missouri, Kansas & Texas preferred	13,000,000	.....	..	..	34½	35½	31	32¼	37¼	11,005
52½ April 4.	38¾ June 1.	...	41½	— 4½	Missouri Pacific	47,507,000	July 1, '93.	1	..	44¾	45⅝	41	41	42⅝	33,170
52 August 28.	32 January 3.	40	42	— 3	Mobile & Ohio	5,320,600	Feb. 28, '98.	1	..	42	42	40	40	30	1,000
*62 December 15.	*62 December 15.	...	...	..	**Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis**	10,000,000	Nov. 1, '98.	1	..	62	62	62	62	...	40
62 January 21.	32 December 11.	33	34½	— 1½	National Biscuit Company	29,000,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1	..	34½	35¼	32	33½	47¾	5,525
107½ January 18.	89 December 11.	...	89	— 3¼	National Biscuit Company preferred	23,000,000	Nov. 30, '99.	1¾	Q	89	89	89	89	103½	495
40½ January 20.	25 December 14.	25	26	— 1⅞	National Lead Company	14,905,400	Mch. 1, '99.	1	A	26½	27	25	25	37⅜	4,070
115 January 21.	105 December 13.	100	106	..	National Lead Company pf	14,904,000	Dec. 15, '99.	1¾	Q	105	106	105	105	114⅜	215
8½ January 7.	2 July 13.	2½	...	..	National Linseed Oil certificates	.....	.....	..	..	3	3	3	3	...	20
63 April 24.	36 December 14.	36¾	37¼	— 3¾	National Steel Company	32,000,000	.....	..	..	46⅞	40¼	36	36¾	...	15,783
99⅝ August 11.	85 May 15.	91	95	+ ½	National Steel Company preferred	26,000,000	Sep. 30, '99.	1¾	Q	89½	92½	89	91	...	3,860
126⅝ November 2.	97 January 3.	115	115¾	— 1	New Jersey Central	27,055,000	Nov. 1, '99.	1	Q	115½	117½	114	116	95	12,135
230 July 19.	112 January 3.	134	138	— 6	New York Air Brake	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '99.	2	Q	141	145	133	139	100	1,100
144¾ March 29.	121¾ January 3.	127⅞	128	— 4¼	New York Central	100,000,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1	Q	131¼	132¾	127¾	128	123⅝	41,882
5½ December 1.	4¼ December 16.	4¼	4½	— ½	New York Central Rights	.....	.....	..	..	4¾	4⅞	4¼	4¼	...	19,358
19⅜ January 23.	12 June 29.	13	14	..	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	14,000,000	.....	..	..	13	13	13	13	13¾	500
41 January 23.	29½ May 4.	32	33½	— 1⅝	New York, Chicago & St. Louis 2d pf	11,000,000	.....	..	..	33½	33½	32½	32½	37½	400
28⅞ March 27.	18⅝ January 3.	23	23⅛	— 1¼	New York, Ontario & Western	58,113,900	.....	..	..	24½	24½	22⅝	23	17¾	30,560
28⅝ August 23.	17⅝ March 17.	23	23½	— 2⅜	Norfolk & Western	66,000,000	.....	..	..	25½	25½	23	23⅛	17⅛	28,785
74¼ August 23.	61⅜ January 6.	68¾	...	— 2	Norfolk & Western preferred	23,000,000	Aug. 24, '99.	2	SA	68⅝	69	66½	67	50¾	11,887
17⅜ November 21.	6⅝ January 6.	14	14¼	— ⅞	North American	39,776,300	.....	..	..	14⅝	15⅜	14	14	6⅞	12,170
57½ August 24.	42⅜ January 7.	53	53⅛	— 1⅞	Northern Pacific	80,000,000	Aug. 3, '99.	1	SA	54	55¼	52⅝	53	41	67,833
81½ February 23.	72¼ October 3.	72⅞	73¼	— 2⅜	Northern Pacific preferred	75,000,000	Dec. 5, '99.	1	Q	75	75½	72¾	72⅞	76¼	18,230
54 November 1.	38 May 11.	47½	49	— ½	**Pacific Coast**	6,800,600	Nov. 1, '99.	1	..	47½	49½	47	47½	44	568
68¾ November 1.	58½ July 5.	60	65	— ¾	Pacific Coast second preferred	3,914,400	Nov. 1, '99.	1	**Q	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾	65	130
55 January 30.	37¼ October 14.	40⅞	41	— 1½	Pacific Mail	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99.	1½	SA	42⅜	44¼	40	40⅞	42⅛	25,050
142 January 23.	122⅜ January 5.	131	132	— 2½	Pennsylvania Railroad	129,303,250	Nov. 29, '99.	2½	SA	132	134⅜	131	131	122	77,277
129½ April 3.	101 May 13.	103	103½	— 5⅞	People's Gas, Chicago	28,668,800	Nov. 25, '99.	1½	Q	107¾	109¼	103	103	109	52,271
7⅝ November 28.	1 January 10.	3¼	3½	— ⅝	Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	8,400,000	.....	..	..	3½	4	3	3½	1⅞	2,255
7⅞ November 23.	4 May 7.	5	7	— 1	Peoria & Eastern	10,000,000	.....	..	..	5	5	5	5	4½	200
88 January 23.	43 May 11.	74¾	77	+ 5	Pittsburg, Cin. Chi. & St. Louis	24,287,100	.....	..	..	70	83	69⅝	75	54¼	12,195
100 August 17.	80 February 10.	89	90	— 1	Pittsburg, Cin., Chi. & St. Louis preferred	22,849,200	Oct. 10, '99.	1½	..	88	89	85	87	81½	1,860
190 August 25.	180 January 10.	185	...	..	Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago	19,714,200	Oct. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	185	185	185	185	175	100
20½ November 9.	7 May 18.	14½	16	— 3	Pittsburg & Western preferred, t. r.	5,000,000	.....	..	..	17	17	15	15	...	1,450
61 August 14.	44¾ June 1.	54½	56	— ½	Pressed Steel Car Company	12,500,000	.....	..	..	54	57	52½	54½	...	9,280
91 September 7.	78 May 25.	85	86	— 1½	Pressed Steel Car Company preferred	12,500,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1¾	Q	86	87¾	84¾	85¼	...	2,935
207¾ October 20.	156 January 21.	186	188	— 3¼	Pullman Palace Car Company	54,000,000	Nov. 15, '99.	2	Q	184¾	190	187	187	148⅝	3,437
4 April 13.	2 August 9.	2	2½	..	**Quicksilver**	5,708,700	.....	..	..	2	2	2	2	3	300
25 January 24.	18 December 13.	17¾	18⅜	— ¼	**Reading**	69,900,000	.....	..	..	19	19	18	18¾	19	17,660
68½ April 4.	51¾ January 7.	52¼	52½	— 3⅞	Reading first preferred	28,000,000	.....	..	..	55¼	56½	52	52	47⅞	29,228
38¼ March 22.	26½ January 7.	27¾	28	— 1	Reading second preferred	42,000,000	.....	..	..	29	29¼	27¾	28	22½	19,638
33⅞ September 6.	18 December 11.	19	19¼	— 1¼	Republic Iron & Steel	27,352,000	.....	..	..	19½	21	18	19	...	16,360
79 September 5.	64 December 11.	64	65	— 1	Republic Iron & Steel preferred	20,852,000	Oct. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	68¼	67⅞	64	64½	...	5,654
*200¼ December 11.	*187 February 14.	192	...	..	Rensselaer & Saratoga	10,000,000	July 1, '99.	4	SA	200¼	200¼	200¼	200¼	...	25
44 November 27.	25½ January 4.	41	44	+ ½	Rio Grande Western	10,000,000	Sept. 5, '99.	1	‖	42	43	42	43	...	200
90½ December 1.	66 January 3.	83	87	..	Rio Grande Western preferred	6,800,000	Nov. 1, '99.	1¼	Q	88½	88½	88½	88½	66¼	25
7½ December 1.	3¾ June 24.	...	...	+ ⅛	**St. Joseph & Grand Island**	4,600,000	.....	..	..	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	6	1,100
55 January 7.	38½ May 24.	...	...	..	St. Joseph & Grand Island first preferred	5,491,000	Aug. 1, '99.	1	SA	46	46	46	46	53½	192
18 October 26.	9 June 1.	...	...	— ¾	St. Joseph & Grand Island second preferred	3,500,000	.....	..	..	16¾	16¾	16	16	15	715
14⅞ February 1.	8⅝ January 6.	9⅛	9½	— ⅝	St. Louis & San Francisco	28,443,980	.....	..	..	10	10	8⅞	9⅜	8⅝	3,300
75½ January 26.	64 May 13.	69	72	— ¼	St. Louis & San Francisco first preferred	5,000,000	July 6, '99.	2	SA	70	70¾	69½	70¾	69¼	810
44⅞ January 31.	30¾ December 14.	31¾	33	— 2	St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred	14,335,700	Sept. 1, '99.	1	SA	35½	35½	30¾	33¾	33⅜	4,915
18¼ August 3.	6¾ January 4.	10⅝	11½	— ⅛	St. Louis Southwestern	16,500,000	.....	..	..	10¾	11½	10¾	11	7⅛	1,450
40¾ August 3.	17 January 3.	22	25	— 6⅝	St. Louis Southwestern preferred	20,000,000	.....	..	..	29	29	23	23	16	9,670
73⅝ August 26.	36 January 5.	54	60	— ½	St. Paul & Duluth	4,660,200	July 5, '87.	3	..	56¼	56½	56¼	56¼	31	400
106 January 23.	98½ January 5.	...	...	..	St. Paul & Duluth preferred	4,099,600	Sept. 1, '99.	3½	SA	102¼	102¾	102¼	102¼	98¾	114
44¼ November 16.	27 May 9.	37½	37¼	— 3¼	Southern Pacific	193,802,100	.....	..	..	39¾	40	37	37¼	53½	232,736
14¼ October 30.	10¾ January 5.	11½	11¾	— 1	Southern Railway	119,900,000	.....	..	..	12	12¼	11	11½	10¾	21,600
58⅜ November 29.	40⅞ January 24.	53½	54	— 2⅞	Southern Railway preferred	60,000,000	Oct. 4, '99.	1	..	56	56½	53½	53½	41⅞	65,705
15¼ November 2.	6½ September 20.	9¾	10½	— ½	Standard Rope & Twine	12,000,000	.....	..	..	9¼	10½	9¼	10	8½	4,760
126 September 11.	36 January 9.	80	80½	—24	**Tennessee Coal & Iron**	20,000,000	Jan., '87.	1	..	100½	100½	78	80	34½	86,385
150 August 22.	111 January 4.	...	...	..	Tennessee Coal & Iron preferred	1,000,000	July 15, '93.	1	..	150	150	150	150	100	100
25⅝ March 1.	11 December 16.	15	15¼	— 1¾	Texas Pacific	35,706,700	.....	..	..	15¾	16⅝	15	15	16	10,905
15½ January 7.	11 November 10.	12½	13¼	— ¼	Texas Pacific & Land Trust	10,370,000	.....	..	..	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	10¼	100
242 February 27.	126 December 16.	126	127	—18½	Third Avenue	12,000,000	Nov. 29, '99.	1¼	Q	145	145	126	126½	166⅜	8,389
73 April 17.	38 January 3.	...	...	..	Twin City Rapid Transit	15,010,000	Aug. 15, '99.	1	..	65	65⅞	65	65⅞	33	400
141 February 24.	117½ January 6.	...	...	..	Twin City Rapid Transit preferred	2,692,200	Oct. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	137	137	137	137	107½	140
45 March 28.	19½ December 11.	20¼	21	— 1	**Union Bag & Paper Company**	16,000,000	.....	..	..	20	22	19½	21	...	5,965
89 March 29.	75¼ December 11.	75	76	— 1½	Union Bag & Paper Company preferred	11,000,000	Oct. 1, '99.	1¾	Q	75¼	78	74¼	75¾	...	1,100
51½ December 2.	38⅜ June 20.	45¾	45½	— 3⅝	Union Pacific Railway	93,938,200	.....	..	..	45⅝	49⅜	45¾	45⅝	29⅜	203,175
84½ January 23.	72 June 1.	72⅞	73	— 2⅜	Union Pacific Railway preferred	97,687,600	Oct. 2, '99.	2	SA	75½	75¾	72¾	72¾	71⅝	45,857
60 January 11.	47½ December 11.	43	48	— ½	United States Express Company	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '99.	1½	SA	47½	47½	47¾	47½	52	224
40⅞ November 6.	5¾ June 7.	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅜	United States Leather	61,509,900	.....	..	..	12	13¼	11⅞	12⅞	6¼	154,050
84½ November 2.	68 June 1.	74	75	+ 2¼	United States Leather preferred	60,909,900	Oct. 2, '99.	1¼	Q	77	78¾	73¾	73¾	63¾	29,001
57 April 5.	39⅜ December 14.	41¼	42	+ ¾	United States Rubber	23,666,000	Oct. 31, '99.	1	Q	40½	44	39⅜	41⅞	43	11,887
121 July 8.	104 December 14.	103½	104	— 2	United States Rubber preferred	23,525,500	Oct. 31, '99.	2	Q	106	106	104	104	110	1,467
8⅞ January 24.	7¼ June 19.	7¼	7⅞	+ ¾	**Wabash**	28,000,000	.....	..	..	7¼	7⅞	7¼	7¾	8	2,902
25½ April 5.	19 May 24.	19¼	19¾	— 1⅞	Wabash preferred	24,000,000	.....	..	..	21½	21¾	20	20	22⅜	15,361
196 November 10.	181 July 17.	...	191	— 6¾	Wagner Palace Car Company	19,730,500	Dec. 4, '99.	66 2-3c	M	188⅛	188⅛	188	188	...	200
135½ September 6.	124 December 16.	123	128	..	Wells-Fargo Express	8,000,000	July 15, '99.	3	SA	124	124	124	124	...	157
98¼ January 24.	86¾ December 11.	87½	88	+ ¼	Western Union Telegraph	97,370,000	Oct. 16, '99.	1¼	Q	87¼	88	86¼	87½	94½	7,054
13 August 31.	8¾ June 9.	9⅞	10	— ⅛	Wheeling & Lake Erie	15,000,000	.....	..	..	10¼	10¾	9⅜	10¾	...	8,310
64 January 30.	50 June 20.	53	54	— 1¼	Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred	2,500,000	.....	..	..	54	56¼	54	54	...	1,238
32⅞ September 25.	21½ June 23.	27½	28	— 1⅜	Wheeling & Lake Erie second preferred	7,000,000	.....	..	..	29¾	29¾	27¾	...	...	6,036
21 November 3.	13⅜ May 24.	16¾	17	— 2½	Wisconsin Central	.....	.....	..	..	18¼	18½	16½	16½	...	4,687
59 August 28.	48¾ May 26.	50½	51	— 1½	Wisconsin Central preferred	.....	.....	..	..	52½	53½	51	51	...	3,460

Note.—The highest and lowest prices, unless otherwise designated, are based on sales of 100-share lots. *Sales of less than 100 shares. †Including extra dividend of ¾. ‖Including extra dividend of ½. **Dividend period changed from semi-annual to quarterly and extra payments of 5-12 of 1 per cent. on first preferred and 1-3 of 1 per cent. on second preferred to make it conform with fiscal year, which ends June 30. ‡Payment restrained by an injunction. ||In preferred stock at par. A.—Ann

Bond Transactions New York Stock Exchange Week Ending Dec. 16, 1899.

BONDS.

Sales Week Ended Dec. 16..$11,174,900

	Week Ending Dec. 16.				
	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾	46
Albany & Susquehanna 6s	116	116	116	116	3
Albany & Susquehanna 6s, reg	113	113	113	113	1
American Cotton Oil deb. 8s	102½	102⅞	102½	102⅞	2
American Dock & Improvement 5s	114½	114¼	114½	114½	5
American Tobacco scrip	101	101	99	100	*416
Ann Arbor 4s	91	91	91	91	7
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé gen. 4s	97	97⅞	96⅞	97½	360
Atchison, T. & S. F. adjustment 4s	80⅝	80⅝	78½	78½	793½
Atchison, T. & S. F. adjustment 4s, reg	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	2
Austin & Northwest 5s	98	98	97½	97½	45
Baltimore & Ohio 3½s	94¼	94½	93	93	489½
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98	98⅛	96¾	97½	222½
Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Div. 3½s	88¾	89½	88¾	89	81
Broadway & Seventh Avenue consol. 5s	120	121	120	120	13
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½	2
Brooklyn, Queens Co. & Suburban 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½	2
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	97	97	95	95¼	33
Brooklyn Wharf & Warehouse 5s	78	78	78	78	1
Canada Southern 1st 5s	108	108	107⅝	108	22
Canada Southern 2d 5s	107½	107½	107½	107½	5
Central of Georgia consol. 5s	90½	90½	88	88⅞	163
Central of Georgia 1st pref. inc.	35	35	33	33	32
Central of New Jersey general 5s	119¾	121	119¼	120¼	26
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s, registered	119	119	119	119	1
Central Pacific 3½s	80	80¼	79½	79⅞	357½
Central Pacific 1st 4s	98	98	97	97¼	364
Chesapeake & Ohio 4½s	95½	95½	93	94¼	115
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, Series A	115½	115½	115½	115½	4
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 1st con. 4s	103	103	103	103	1
Ches. & Ohio, Rich. & Alle. 2d con. 4s	100	100	100	100	10
Chesapeake & Ohio con. 5s	116¼	116½	115	115	32
Chi., Bur. & Quincy, Illinois Div. 3½s	102½	102⅞	102½	102½	17
Chi., Bur. & Quincy, Nebraska ext. 4s	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	5
Chi., Bur. & Quincy, Iowa Div. 4s	104	104	104	104	1
Chi., Bur. & Quincy consol. 7s	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	13
Chicago & Eastern Illinois consol. 6s	136	136	136	136	6
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	113½	113½	113½	113½	22
Chicago & Erie 1st 5s	114	114¼	114	114¼	8
Chi., Indianapolis & Louisville ref. 5s	100	100	100	100	22
Chi., Indianapolis & Louisville ref. 6s	115	115	115	115	2
Chicago & Indiana Coal 1st 5s	107	107	107	107	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul, So. Minn. 6s	119½	119½	119½	119½	1
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul gen. 4s, Series A	111	111	111	111	1
C., M., & St. P., Iowa & Dakota ext. 7s	167	167	167	167	10
C., M. & St. P., Hastings & Dakota 5s	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	2
Chicago & Northwestern 3½s	107	107	107	107	5
Chicago & Northwestern consol. 7s	142	142	142	142	4
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific general 4s	105¾	106	105¼	105½	89
Chicago Terminal Transfer 4s	94½	94½	94	94	7
Chi., St. Louis & New Orleans 5s	124	124	124	124	1
Cleveland, Cin., Chi. & St. L. gen. 4s	93	93	92¾	92⅞	19
C., C., C. & St. L., St. Louis Div. 4s	101	101	101	101	18
Cleveland & Marietta 1st 4½s	110½	110½	110½	110½	2
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	72½	72½	72½	72½	15
Colorado Midland 2-4s	64	64	63½	63⅞	56
Colorado Fuel & Iron gen. 5s	94½	94½	93	93	22
Colorado & Southern 4s	84	84	83¼	84	110
Columbus & Ninth Avenue 6s	124	124	123¼	123¼	15
Delaware & Hudson 1st, Penn. Div. 7s	148	148	148	148	4
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	98¼	98½	97⅞	98½	45
Denver & Rio Grande Improvement 5s	104	104	104	104	5
Detroit City Gas 5s	99	99	98½	98½	20
Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette l. g. 3½s	20½	20½	20½	20½	2
Detroit & Mackinac gold 4s	77	77	77	77	2
East. Tenn., Va. & Ga. consol. 5s	114¼	115	113	113¼	51
East. Tenn., Va. & Ga. Divisional 5s	116½	116½	116½	116½	5
Edison Elec. Ill. of N. Y. 1st conv. 5s	108½	108½	108½	108½	8
Erie 1st consol. 7s	140½	140½	140	140	18
Erie prior lien 4s	90¾	90¾	90	90	33
Erie general lien 4s	70¼	70¼	69	69	55
Evansville & Terre Haute gen. 5s	103	103	103	103	3
Flint & Pere Marquette consol. 5s	103	103	103	103	4
Fort Worth & Rio Grande 1st 3-4s	60	60	60	60	6
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 4-6s	74	74	71½	71½	60
Gal., Har. & San An., Mex. & Pac. 5s	102⅜	102⅜	102	102¼	47
General Electric debenture 5s	113½	113½	113½	113½	2
Green Bay & Western debenture, B	7	7	6½	6½	55
Hocking Valley 4½s	101	101	100¼	100½	82
Houston & Texas Central gen. 4s	83½	84	83	84	28
Houston, East & West Texas 5s	101	101	101	101	1
Illinois Central, Western Line 4s	100½	100½	100¼	100¼	25
Illinois Central, Louisville Division 3½s	101½	101½	101½	101½	11
Indiana, Bloomington & Western 1st 7s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
International & Great Northern 2d 5s	91	91	91	91	4
Iowa Central 1st 5s	112¼	112¼	112	112	9
Kanawha & Michigan 4s	82½	82½	82½	82½	10
Kansas City & Pacific 1st 4s	77½	77½	77½	77½	5
Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf 1st 5s	69¾	70	68	68¼	75
Knickerbocker Ice, Chicago, 5s	95	95	95	95	3
Lake Erie & Western 1st 5s	120	120	120	120	15
Lake Shore 1st 7s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Lehigh Valley Terminal 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	5
Lexington Ave. & Pavonia Ferry 1st 5s	123½	123½	123½	123½	9
Long Island Ferry 4½s	98	98	98	98	1
Louis., Evans. & St. Louis 1st 5s, tr. r	58	58	58	58	5
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	99	99	99	99	10
Louisville & Nashville general 6s	115½	115½	115½	115½	3
Louisville & Nashville 5s	108½	108½	108½	108½	6
Louis. & Nash., St. Louis Division 1st	124	124	124	124	1
Louis. & Nash. collateral trust 4s	97½	97½	97	97	19
Louis. & Nash. collat. trust 5s	105½	105½	105½	105½	5
Louis. & Nash., Ev., Hend. & Nash. 6s	111	111	111	111	3
Louis. & Nash., Nash., Fl. & Shef. 5s	109	109	109	109	6
Metropolitan Street Railway 5s	120	120	120	120	9
Metropolitan West Side El., Chicago, 4s	96⅞	97½	96⅜	97½	71
Mexican Central 1st income	22½	23	22	22	73
Mexican Central 2d income	10	11	10	10¼	46
Mexican International consol. 4s	87	87⅝	87	87	61
Michigan Central consol. 7s	108	108	108	108	2
Midland of New Jersey 1st 6s	116½	116½	116½	116½	1
Mil., L. S. & West. 1st, Mich. Div. 6s	140	140	140	140	5
Minneapolis & St. Louis consol. 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	7
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	90	90	89	89½	46
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	68½	68½	68½	67	266
Missouri, Kansas & Texas of Texas 5s	93½	93½	93	93	12
Missouri, Kansas & Texas extended 5s	94⅝	94⅞	94½	94¾	37
Missouri Pacific coll. gold 5s	93½	93½	93	93	5
Missouri Pacific consol. 6s	115	115	113	113	66
Mobile & Ohio general 4s	83½	84	83½	84	2
Morris & Essex 7s, 1901	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	10
N. Y. Cent., Lake Shore collat. 3½s	97¾	98	97¾	98	151
New York Central deb. 5s, 1884-1904	106¼	106½	106⅛	106⅛	14
New York Central deb. 5s, 1884-1904, reg	106⅜	106⅜	106⅛	106⅛	2
New York Central, Mich. Cent. collat. 3½s	97	97¼	96	96	33
New York Central, Mich. Cent. 3½s, reg	96	96	96	96	5
New York & Harlem 1st 7s, reg	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	1
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 4s	105½	105½	105½	105½	20
New York Chicago & St. Louis 4s, reg	105½	105½	105½	105½	9
New York, Ontario & Western refdg. 4s	105½	105½	104	104	6
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	91⅝	91⅝	90	90⅝	166½
Northern Ohio 1st 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Northern Pacific general lien 3s	65⅛	66	65	65	225½
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	102¼	102⅝	101½	102	547
Omaha & St. Louis 1st 4s	75½	75½	74	74	5
Oregon & California 1st 5s	100	100	98½	98½	12
Oregon Railroad & Navigation 4s	101	101	100¼	100¾	86
Oregon Short Line consolidated 5s	114	114	113¼	113⅝	24
Oregon Short Line 6s	128	128	127¼	127¼	21
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	105	105	104	104½	9
Pacific of Missouri 1st 4s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	1
Pennsylvania 4½s	113½	113½	113½	113½	5
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville 6s, tr. r	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	30
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	85	85	85	85	1
Pittsburg & Western 4s	100	101	100	101	30
Pittsburg & Western 4s, trust receipts	101	101	101	101	3
Reading general 4s	85¼	85½	84¾	85¾	280
Richmond & Danville deb. 5s, stamped	105	105	102½	102½	5
Rio Grande Western 4s	97	97	96	96½	24
Rio Grande Southern 1st 3-4s	74½	74½	74½	74½	2
St. Joseph & Grand Island 1st 2-3-4s	84	84	81	83¼	40
St. Louis & Iron Mountain gen. 5s	108½	109	107	107	227
St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern 4s	80	80½	79	79	153
St. Louis & San Francisco gen. 5s	109½	109½	109	109	32
St. Louis & San Francisco gen. 6s	124½	124½	124	124	3
St. Louis & San Francisco consol. 4s	83	83⅝	83	83½	12
St. Louis, & San Fran., Central Div. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	2
St. Louis & San Fran., Southwestern Div. 5s	100	100	100	100	5
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	86	87	83¼	83½	146
St. Louis Southwestern 2d income	59¼	60	57	57	673
St. Paul, M. & M. con. 6s, reduced to 4½s	115¾	115¾	115¾	115¾	20
St. Paul & Sioux City 6s	128	128	128	128	1
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	77	79½	77	79¼	33
Scioto Valley & New England 4s	96	99	96	99	4
Southern Pacific col. tr. 4s	80	80¾	79	79	843½
Southern Pacific of Arizona 1st 6s	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	6
Southern Railway 5s	107¾	108	107	107⅝	142
Standard Rope & Twine income	23	23	22	22¼	146
Standard Rope & Twine 6s	80	82½	80	80	17
Tenn. Coal & Iron, Birm. Div. 6s	111	111	110	111	6
Texas & New Orleans consol. 5s	104	104¼	104	104	71
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	112	112	111	111	56
Toledo, Peoria & Western 1st 4s	80	80	80	80	4
Trenton Gas & Electric 5s	103	103	103	103	1
Ulster & Delaware 1st 5s	104	104	104	104	1
Union Pacific 1st 4s	103½	103¾	102¾	103⅜	323½
Union Elevated, Chicago, 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½	7
Virginia Midland gen. 5s	109	109	109	109	3
Wabash 1st 5s	114	114	113½	113½	47
Wabash 2d 5s	100	100¼	100	100	31
Wabash debenture, Series B	38⅜	38½	36	36	626
Western New York & Pennsylvania 1st 5s	113	113	112½	112¾	15
West. New York & Pennsylvania gen 3-4s	67½	68½	67½	68½	5
West Shore gtd. 4s	111⅜	112	111	111½	25
West Shore gtd. 4s, registered	111½	111½	111	111	27
Wilkesbarre & Eastern 1st 5s	104	104	103	103¾	10
Wisconsin Central 1st 4s	91½	91½	90	90	84
Total sales					$10,970,600

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Bond Transactions New York Stock Exchange Week Ended Dec. 16, 1899.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
United States 5s, coupon	112½	112½	112½	112½	5
United States 4s, 1925, coupon	133⅜	134½	133⅜	133¾	37½
United States 4s, 1925, registered	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾	8
United States 4s, 1907, coupon	114½	115	114½	114¾	36
United States 4s, 1907, registered	113	113¾	113	113⅝	22½
United States 3s, registered	109¾	110	109¾	110	16
United States 3s, coupon	109¾	110	109¾	109¾	53
United States 3s, coupon, small	109½	109⅝	109½	109⅝	*8
Total sales					$178,800

STATE BONDS.

Bond Transactions New York Stock Exchange Week Ended Dec. 16, 1899.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Virginia funded debt 2-3s of 1991	85¼	85½	85	85¼	25½
Total sales					$25,500
Grand total					$11,174,900

*In $100.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND LAST PRICES, YEAR 1899.

	Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.	
United States 2s, registered	102	Dec. 2	99	Feb. 3	102	Dec. 2
United States 4s, 1907, registered	114	June 20	111	Mar. 2	113¾	Dec. 14
United States 4s, 1907, coupon	115	Dec. 12	111	Oct. 3	114¾	Dec. 14
United States 4s, 1925, registered	134¼	Dec. 8	128	Feb. 14	133¾	Dec. 15
United States 4s, 1925, coupon	134½	Dec. 12	128	Feb. 10	133¾	Dec. 16
United States 5s, registered	113½	Apr. 8	110½	Oct. 31	110½	Oct. 31
United States 5s, 1904, coupon	113½	Apr. 3	110½	Nov. 1	112½	Dec. 13
United States 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon	110	Dec. 6	106⅝	Feb. 23	109¾	Dec. 16
United States 3s, 10-20, 1918, small	109¾	Dec. 7	106½	Jan. 5	109⅝	Dec. 15
United States 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg	110	Dec. 14	106½	Jan. 4	110	Dec. 14

STATE BONDS.

HIGHEST, LOWEST, AND LAST PRICES, YEAR 1899.

	Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.	
Alabama, Class A	113	June 1	107	Oct. 3	107	Oct. 3
Louisiana consolidated 4s	110	Apr. 24	108¾	Jan. 30	110	Apr. 28
Louisiana consolidated 4s, small	109½	Feb. 27	109½	Feb. 27	109½	Feb. 27
North Carolina consolidated 4s	108	June 30	96¼	Jan. 13	97	July 12
Tennessee settlement 3s	99	June 30	95	Oct. 20	96	Nov. 28
Tennessee settlement 3s, small	95	Jan. 20	93½	Nov. 22	93½	Nov. 22
Virginia deferred 6s, trust receipts	9	Mar. 5	6	Mar. 4	8½	Oct. 26
Virginia funded debt 2-3s, 1991	87¾	Sept. 1	82½	Jan. 3	85¼	Dec. 16

Last sales in 1898 of State bonds not yet dealt in on the Stock Exchange this year:

Alabama, Class A, small	105 Aug. 10	Alabama, Class C	104 Nov. 30
Alabama, Class B	108 Sept. 26	North Carolina 6s, 1918	128 Feb. 23

TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Following is a statement of the condition of the United States Treasury and the receipts and expenditures of the Government on the 16th day of December, 1899:

CASH IN THE TREASURY.			
Gold coin	$252,278,136.18		
Gold bullion	142,880,239.45		
		$395,158,375.63	
Outstanding gold certificates	$181,591,119.00		
Less gold certificates in Treasury	29,573,269.00		
		152,017,850.00	*$243,140,525.68
Standard silver dollars		$404,613,966.00	
Outstanding silver certificates	$400,793,504.00		
Less silver certificates in Treasury	5,773,203.00		
		$395,020,301.00	
			9,593,665.00
Silver bullion			109,749.58
Standard silver dollars of 1890	$7,634,231.00		
Silver bullion of 1890, (cost)	80,954,049.00		
		$88,588,280.00	
Less outstanding Treasury notes		88,588,280.00	
United States notes		$28,352,059.00	
Outstanding currency certificates	$13,785,000.00		
Less currency certificates in Treasury	1,215,000.00		
		12,570,000.00	
			15,782,059.00
Treasury notes of 1890	$1,143,425.00		
National bank notes	4,053,790.64		
Fractional silver coin	2,862,209.51		
Fractional currency	60.87		
Minor coin	213,868.48		
Deposits in National banks	83,016,750.12		
Bonds and interest paid	12,226,287.17		
		$103,516,391.79	
Less National bank 5 per cent. fund	$9,135,185.83		
Outstanding checks and drafts	6,795,802.24		
Disbursing officers' balances	59,920,286.54		
Post Office Department account	5,194,635.45		
Miscellaneous items	2,048,170.84		
		83,094,077.90	
			20,422,313.89
Available cash balance, including gold reserve			$289,048,313.10

RECEIPTS.	This Day.	This Month.	This Fiscal Y'r.
Customs	$589,332.21	$11,206,817.63	$106,976,403.95
Internal revenue	961,767.19	14,638,870.80	141,864,522.16
Miscellaneous	22,447.31	1,181,597.35	17,220,750.10
Total receipts	$1,573,546.71	$27,027,285.78	$265,061,676.21
EXPENDITURES.			
Civil and miscellaneous	120,000.00	5,530,000.00	51,013,077.03
War	440,000.00	6,630,000.00	75,403,321.90
Navy	195,000.00	2,935,000.00	26,319,235.35
Indians		580,000.00	4,762,628.17
Pensions	200,000.00	6,950,000.00	68,405,165.88
Interest	200,000.00	200,000.00	21,602,572.19
Total expenditures	$1,155,000.00	$22,885,000.00	$247,506,000.52
Excess of receipts over expenditures	418,546.71	4,142,285.78	17,555,675.69
Receipts last year—			
Customs	632,864.24	8,733,389.60	88,014,884.11
Internal revenue	828,313.40	12,459,399.30	128,232,420.26
Receipts from all sources last year	1,520,631.68	22,641,188.27	227,198,284.61
Expenditures last year	1,205,000.00	24,434,000.00	312,250,504.22
NATIONAL BANK FUND.			
Deposits under act July 14, 1890	45,000.00	2,167,537.50	6,127,052.50
Redemptions under act July 14, 1890	64,020.00	746,225.00	6,229,283.56

REDEMPTION OF NOTES.	U. S. Notes. (Since 1879.)	Treasury Notes. (Since 1890.)	Total.
To date	$541,420,426.00	$101,885,586.00	$643,306,012.00
This fiscal year	5,965,810.00	2,375,894.00	8,341,704.00
This month	740,706.00	47,858.00	788,564.00
This day	139,982.00	3,110.00	143,092.00

*Net gold and bullion, including $100,000,000 reserved for redemption of United States notes, Section 12, act July 12, 1882.

Complete Bond Quotation List, New York Stock Exchange, Week Ended Dec. 16, 1899.

	Range for Year 1899. Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.		Bid.	Ask'd.
Ala. Midland 1st g. 5s, 1928....M N*	102¼	Jun 15	98	Feb 15	101	June 19	..	..
Ann Arbor 1st g. 4s, July, 1995..Q J	96¾	Jul 13	87¾	May 10	91	Dec 12	..	92½
At., Top. & S. F. gen. g. 4s, 1995..A O*	103⅞	May 31	96⅞	Dec 12	97½	Dec 16	97	97½
Do., registered.....A O*	102⅛	Jan 23	96¼	Dec 6	96¼	Dec 6	..	..
Do., adjust. g. 4s, July, 1995....Nov	88½	Aug 31	78	Jan 6	78½	Dec 16	78¼	78½
Do., do., registered.....Nov	83½	Feb 4	83	Feb 20	70¾	Dec 11	..	..
Atl. Av. of Brook. imp. g. 5s, 1934..*J J	110	Jan 20	108	Jan 9	110	Jan 20	..	..
Baltimore & Ohio—								
Do., prior lien g. 3½s, 1925.....J J*	100⅝	May 26	93	Dec 14	93	Dec 16	92¾	93
Do. g. 4s, July, 1948.....A O	102¼	May 25	96	Oct 12	97½	Dec 16	97½	97⅝
Do., S.W. Div. 1st g. 3½s, 1925..*J J	96¾	May 19	88⅜	Dec 13	89	Dec 16	88⅛	89½
W. Va. & Pitts. 1st g. 5s, 1990..*A O	..	....	..	....	105¼	Oct., 95	..	..
Mon. Riv. 1st gtd. g. 5s, 1919...*F A	..	....	..	....	104¼	July, 92	..	..
Cen. Ohio reor. 1st g.4½s,1930....M S	112	Feb 15	108½	Jan 11	111	June 5	..	107
Ak. & Cnl. Junc. 1st gtd. int.g.5s,1930	115	Jan 19	115	Jan 19	115	Jan 19	..	..
Col. & Cin. Mid. 1st ext. 4½s, 1939....	85	Jan 19	85	Jan 19	85	Jan 19	..	..
Pitts. & Con. 1st g. 4s, 1946.....J J*	..	....	..	....	107¼	Jul 28,98	..	..
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. g. 5s, 1945.....A O*	115¼	Jul 14	102¼	May 13	109½	Dec 11	..	110
Brooklyn City 1st con. 5s, 1941..J J*	117½	Apr 5	115¼	Oct 13	116	Nov 27	115½	..
B., Q.Co. & S.con.gtd.g.5s,Jul,1941 MN	106½	Apr 20	104½	Nov 1	104¼	Dec 16	..	..
Brook. Union El. 1st g.4-5s,1950.*F A	104½	Jul 8	95	Dec 14	95¼	Dec 14	..	..
Brunswick & West. 1st g. 4s,1938..*J J	..	....	..	....	74	Sept., 98	..	..
Buff., R. & P. gen. g. 5s, 1937...M S*	111	Feb 20	107	Sep 11	108	Nov 28	..	109
Roch. & Pitts. 1st g. 6s, 1921...*F A	120	Jun 28	127¼	Mar 15	129	Sept 1	..	..
Do con. 1st g. 6s, 1922.....J D*	130½	Jul 6	126¼	Nov 20	126¼	Nov 20	125	..
Clearf. & Mah. 1st gtd. g.5s,1943..*J J	..	....	..	....	103	Ap 14, 97	..	..
Buffalo & Sus. 1st g. 5s, 1913....A O*	100	Nov 18	100	Nov 18	100	Nov 18	..	..
Bur., C. R. & N. 1st 5s, 1906.....*J D	109½	May 15	106	Jun 10	108	Nov 28	105	..
Do con. 1st 5s, 1934.....*A O	117½	May 19	111	Jan 7	118	Dec 7	115	..
Do do registered.....*A O	110½	Feb 4	110½	Feb 4	110½	Feb 4	..	..
M. & St. L. 1st gtd. g. 7s, 1927..*J D	..	....	..	....	140	Feb 14,97	..	..
C. R.,I.F. & N.W.1st g.5s,1921...A O*	105	Jan 6	105	Jan 6	105	Jan 6	..	..
Can. South. 1st gtd. 5s, 1908.....*J J	111¼	Jun 12	107⅛	Oct 16	108	Dec 15	108	..
Do 2d 5s, 1913.....*M S	112	Feb 24	106¾	Dec 7	107½	Dec 13	106	107½
Do do registered.....*M S	..	....	..	....	106	Ja 30, 97	..	..
Cen. Br. U. P. 1st g. 4s, 1948.....J D	93⅜	Jan 31	85	Dec 6	85	Dec 7	85	..
Cen.R. & Bk.Co.Ga.col.g.5s,1937..*M N	96	Apr 26	93	Nov 16	93	Nov 16	..	..
Cen. R. of Ga. 1st g. 5s, Nov,1945.F A	120	Jun 20	116½	Mar 28	118½	Oct 31	..	..
Do con g. 5s, 1945.....M N*	100¼	Apr 20	88	Dec 16	88⅞	Dec 16	88½	89½
Do do reg., $1,000-$5,000.....M N*	97⅝	Oct 23	97¾	Oct 23	97¾	Oct 23	..	..
Do 1st pf. inc. g. 5s,Nov,1945...Oct	44¼	Feb 23	33	Dec 15	33	Dec 16	..	34
Do 2d pf. inc. g. 5s,Nov,1945...Oct	15	Feb 20	9⅛	Nov 27	9¼	Dec 8	..	..
Do 3d pf. inc. g. 5s,Nov,1945...Oct	7¼	Feb 27	4½	Nov 24	6	Nov 29	..	..
Do M. & N. Div. 1st 5s, 1946...N	..	....	..	....	95	De 23, 98	..	..
Do Mid. Ga. & At. Div. 5s,1947..*J J	102	Jun 29	102	Jun 29	102	June 29	..	..
Do Mob. Div. 1st g. 5s, 1946.....*J J	..	....	..	....	99	Jul 6, 98	..	..
Cen. of N. J. 1st conv. 7s, 1902...M N*	112	Jan 11	109½	May 3	110	Sept 18	107¾	..
Do conv. deb. 6s, 1908.....*M N	112½	Mar 20	112½	Mar 20	112½	Mar 20	..	..
Do gen 5s, 1987.....J J*	122½	Jun 24	113¼	Jan 4	120¾	Dec 14	119	121
Do do registered.....Q J	121¼	Jul 22	112½	Jan 7	119	Dec 11	116	119
Leh. & Wil.C.con.as.7s,July,1900..Q M	102½	Apr 1	98	Nov 17	98½	Dec 9	..	..
Do 5s, 1912.....M N*	102	Oct 17	87¾	Jan 11	102	Oct 26	..	..
Am. Dock & Imp. Co. 5s, 1921..J J*	116¼	Jul 11	114	Apr 27	114½	Dec 11	114½	..
Ches. & O. g. 6s, Ser. A,July,1908..A O	119½	Jun 14	114¼	Oct 13	115½	Dec 15	..	..
Do g. 6s, Jan., 1911.....A O	123	Aug 2	118½	Mar 2	119	Dec 15	118	..
Do 1st con. g. 5s, 1939.....*M N	121	Apr 25	115	Dec 15	115	Dec 15	115	116
Do do registered.....*M N	118½	Mar 15	117	Jun 2	117	June 2	..	..
Do gen. g. 4½s, 1992.....*M S	97⅜	Jul 25	90	Jan 4	94½	Dec 15	..	..
Do do registered.....*M S	97⅛	Aug 30	92¼	Jan 18	97⅛	Aug 30	..	..
Do R. & A. Div. 1st g.4s,1989..*J J	108	Jun 27	103	Dec 15	103	Dec 15	102½	104
Do do 2d g. 4s, 1989.....*J J	100	Jun 19	100	Jun 19	100	Dec 14	..	..
Do Craig Val. 1st g. 5s, 1940....J J*	..	....	..	....	95¼	My 27,98	..	..
Do Warm Sp. Val. 1stg.5s,1941.*M S	101¼	Apr 29	101	Apr 26	101¼	Apr 29	..	..
Eliz., Lex. & B. S. 5s, 1902.....*M S	104	Feb 7	100½	Oct 5	100½	Dec 6	100	..
Chi. & Alton s. f. g. 6s, 1903.....*M N	103¾	Apr 19	108	May 5	100	June 12	..	..
La. & Mo. Riv. 1st 7s, 1900.....F A*	107½	Jan 6	103¾	Oct 2	103¾	Oct 2	100	..
Do 2d 7s, 1900.....A M*	106⅞	Feb 24	106¾	Feb 24	106¾	Feb 24	100	..
Miss. R. Bdge. 1st 6s, s. f.,1912..A O*	..	....	..	....	105½	Oct., 95	..	..
Chi., Bur. & Q. con. 7s, 1903.....J J*	117¾	Jun 20	113	Sep 14	114¾	Dec 14	113½	114½
Do s. f. 5s, 1901.....A O*	105	Mar 16	100	Nov 9	100½	Nov 15	..	..
Do deb. 5s, 1913.....*M N	113	Apr 24	109¼	May 10	110	Dec 9	109½	110
Do conv. 5s, 1903.....M S*	151¼	Feb 18	125½	Jan 6	133	Nov 15	..	..
Do Iowa Div. s. f. 5s, 1919....A O*	118⅝	Sep 14	115⅝	May 1	118⅝	Sept 20	112	..
Do do 4s, 1919.....A O*	107	Jul 26	103½	Oct 12	104	Dec 14	104	..
Do Denver Div. 4s, 1922.....*F A	105	May 26	101¼	Jan 26	102	Nov 14	..	..
Do Southw. Div. 4s, 1921.....M S	103	Feb 3	100	Apr 11	100	Apr 11	..	..
Do Chi & Iowa Div. 5s, 1905..*F A	105	Aug 9	105	Aug 9	105	Aug 9	..	..
Do Illinois Div. 3½s, 1949.....J J*	104½	Oct 18	102	Nov 14	102½	Dec 13	102	103
Do Nebraska ext. 4s, 1927.....*M N	113⅞	Aug 8	105⅜	Jan 3	109¾	Dec 15	..	..
Do do registered.....*M N	111⅛	Jun 2	111⅛	Jun 2	111⅛	June 2	..	..
Han. & St. Jo. con. 6s, 1911.....*M S	124	Jul 6	120	Mar 13	120	Nov 17	120	122
Chi. & E. Ill. 1st s. f., 1907.....J D*	116½	Apr 3	114	Jul 5	114¾	Oct 9	110	..
Do 1st con. g. 6s, 1934.....A O*	139½	Sep 5	134	Jan 3	136	Dec 15	136	..
Do gen con. 1st 5s, 1937.....M N*	117½	Jun 13	100¾	Jan 16	113½	Dec 13	113	..
Do do registered.....M N*	..	....	..	....	103½	No 18,98	..	..
Chi. & Ind. Coal R. 1st 5s, 1936..*J J	107	Feb 23	107	Feb 23	107	Dec 16	107	..
Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville—								
L., New Alb. & Chi. 1st 6s, 1910..J J*	118½	Jun 9	113	Nov 17	115	Nov 20	..	..
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. g. 5s, 1947....J J*	108½	May 17	92	Jan 10	100	Dec 15	..	..
Do ref. g 6s, 1947.....J J*	119½	Jun 9	104	Jan 4	115	Dec 13	110	115
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul—								
C., M. & St. P. 7s $ gold R D 1902..J J	173	Sep 5	160¾	Jan 7	171½	Dec 7	..	..
Do 1st C. & M. 7s, 1903.....*J J	172½	Sep 27	160½	Jan 10	172½	Sept 27	..	..
Do con. 7s, 1905.....*J J	174½	Sep 11	160	Jan 3	171½	Nov 17	..	..
Do 1st I. & D. ext. 7s, 1908..J J*	172½	Sep 26	161	Jan 11	167	Dec 14	..	..
Do Southwest. Div. 6s, 1909...J J*	122¾	Jun 8	112⅛	May 13	120½	Sept 22	118	..
Do 1st La.C. & Dav. 5s, 1919...J J*	120½	Oct 5	118	Nov 28	118	Nov 28	117⅛	..
Do 1st So. Minn. 6s, 1910.....*J J	123½	May 12	118¼	Jan 11	119½	Dec 15	119	..
Do 1st H. & D. Div. 7s, 1910..*J J	132½	May 25	129	Jan 19	129¾	Nov 23	128	131
Do do 5s, 1910.....*J J	111⅛	Dec 13	111⅛	Dec 13	111⅛	Dec 13	110½	..
Do Chi. & Pac. Div. 6s, 1910...*J J	123	May 2	120½	Oct 31	121	Nov 20	119½	..
Do Chi. & Pac. W. g. 5s, 1921..*J J	124	May 26	118¾	Jan 3	120⅝	Dec 2	120½	..
Do C. & M. Riv. Div. 5s, 1926..J J*	125⅜	Jun 16	118½	Jan 19	121	Dec 5	120¾	..
Do Mineral Pt. Div. 5s, 1910..J J*	112½	Apr 18	110	Mar 14	112¼	Dec 5	111¼	..
Do C. & L. Su. Div. g. 5s, 1921..J J*	122½	Jun 1	122½	Jun 1	122½	June 1	119½	..
Do Wis. & Min. Div. g. 5s, 1921..J J*	123	Jun 19	119	Apr 8	119¾	Dec 5	119⅜	..
Do terminal g. 5s, 1914.....J J*	118¼	May 18	115	Feb 6	118¼	May 18	..	..
Do Far. & So. assu. g. 6s, 1924..*J J	137½	Jul 18	137½	Jul 18	137½	July 18	..	..
Do Dak. & Gt. So. g. 5s, 1916...*J J	118½	May 12	112½	Feb 9	116	Oct 3	..	..
Do gen. g. 4s, Se. A, May, 1989..J J	114⅞	May 4	108⅛	Jan 11	111	Dec 11	..	..
Do do registered.....Q J	..	....	..	....	105½	Feb 19,98	..	..
Mil. & N. 1st main line 6s, 1910..*J D	121	Jun 10	121	Jun 10	121	Oct 16	..	..
Do 1st con. 6s, 1913.....*J D	126	Jan 30	125	Jul 10	125	July 10	118½	..
Chicago & N. W. con. 7s, 1915....Q F	145⅝	Jul 11	142	Dec 14	142	Dec 15	..	..
Do gold 7s, 1902.....J D	115	May 24	108¾	Dec 4	108¾	Dec 4	109	..
Do do registered.....J D*	114	Apr 14	112¼	Aug 30	112½	Aug 30	..	..
Do sink. fd. 6s, 1879-1929.....A O*	122½	Mar 13	115	Aug 28	120	Sept 7	..	..
Do do registered.....A O*	116	Jun 14	116	Jun 14	116	June 14	..	..
Do sink. fd. 5s, 1879-1929.....A O*	110¼	Mar 10	106	Oct 7	109	Dec 7	107	..
Do do registered.....A O*	109	Feb 3	105¾	Mar 28	105¾	Mar 28	..	..
Do sink. fd. deb. 5s, 1933.....*M N	123	Jan 30	118	Nov 3	118½	Dec 7	..	..
Do do registered.....*M N	..	....	..	....	119½	De 27, 98	..	..
Do debenture 5s, 1909.....M N*	111½	Mar 28	107½	Nov 6	107½	Nov 18	107	..
Do do registered.....M N*	..	....	..	....	109½	Mr 19, 98	..	..
Do deb. 5s, April, 1921.....A O15	118	Feb 9	117	Nov 14	117	Nov 14	..	..
Do do registered.....A O15	..	....	..	....	117¾	Feb 7, 98	..	..
Do ex. 4s, Aug., 1886-1926....F A15	110¼	Nov 13	106	Apr 7	110	Nov 21	..	107½
Do do registered.....F A15	106¾	Feb 20	106½	Nov 13	106½	Nov 13	..	..
Do gen. g. 3½s, 1987.....M N*	110¼	Jan 24	102½	Jan 3	107	Dec 16	..	..
Do do registered.....Q F	..	....	..	....	103	No 19, 98	..	..
Escanaba & Lake Su. 1st 6s, 1901..J J*	..	....	..	....	107¾	My 26,98	..	..
Winona & St. Peters 2d 7s, 1907..M N*	124	Jun 19	122	Dec 12	122	Dec 12	122	125
Mil. & Mad. 1st 6s, 1905.....M S*	117½	Feb 6	117½	Feb 6	117½	Feb 6	..	..
Ottum, C. F. & S. P. 1st 5s, 1909..*M S	111	Jan 3	110	Nov 4	110	Nov. 4	108	..
Northern Illinois 1st 5s, 1910...*M S	114¼	Aug 28	113	Apr 24	114¾	Aug 28	108	..
Iowa Midland 1st 8s, 1900.....A O*	..	Nov 10	103	Nov 10	103	Nov 10	..	..
Mil., L. S. & W. 1st 6s, 1921....*M N	143	Jul 7	136	Nov 3	136⅜	Dec 6	136	140
Do conv. deb. g. 5s, 1907.....*J J	..	....	..	....	105¼	Dec 24,97	..	..
Do ext. & imp. g. 5s, 1929..*F A	129	Sep 2	117⅜	Feb 1	121	Dec 13	120	..
Do Mich. Div. 1st g. 6s, 1924...J J*	140	Oct 31	140	Oct 31	140	Dec 13	139	140
Do Ashland Div. 1st 6s, 1925.. *M S	146	Jul 6	140	Mar 6	140½	Dec 5	139	..
Do incomes, 1911.....*M N	114½	Jun 17	112	Nov 13	112	Nov 13	..	..
Chi., Rock Isl. & Pac. 6s, 1917.....J J*	136½	Jun 27	130	Nov 10	130	Nov 10	130	132
Do registered.....J J*	134½	May 19	132	Jun 6	133½	Aug 23	..	..
Do gen. g. 4s, 1988.....*J J	110¾	May 17	104⅝	Jan 4	105½	Dec 16	105¼	105¾
Do do registered.....*J J	107¾	Apr 6	106⅜	Mar 7	106½	Nov 14	..	..
Des Moines & Ft. D. 1st 4s, 1905..*J J	98½	Apr 27	96	Sep 21	96	Sept 21	..	..
Do 1st 2½s, 1905.....*J J	87½	Aug 25	83	May 9	83	Dec 7	..	..
Do extension 4s, 1905.....*J J	98½	May 18	98½	May 18	98¼	May 18	..	..
Keo. & Des M. 1st 5s, 1923.....A O*	114¾	Nov 29	109	Oct 16	112	Dec 7	..	115
Do small bonds, 1923.....A O*	..	....	..	....	100	Ap 15, 97	..	..
C., St. P., M. & O. con 6s, 1930..*J D	141	May 11	133	Dec 6	136	Dec 9	..	..
C., St. P. & M. 1st g. 6s, 1918..*M N	138	Mar 27	127½	Aug 28	132½	Dec 6	132	..
St. P. & Sioux C. 1st g. 6s, 1919..*J J	134	Jan 12	128	Dec 7	128	Dec 13	..	..
North Wis. 1st 6s, 1930.....*J J	140	Mar 23	140	Mar 23	140	Mar 23	..	140
Chi. Term. Trans g. 4s, 1947.....J J*	102¾	Jun 5	93¼	Jan 3	94	Dec 15	..	..
Chi. & W. Ind. 1st sk. fd. 6s, 1919..M N*	106	Oct 4	106	Oct 4	106	Oct 4	..	..
Do gen. g. 6s, Dec., 1932.....Q M	123	May 4	117⅞	Dec 4	117⅞	Dec 4	..	..
Chi. & W. Mich. 5s, 1921, coup. off..J D*	100	Oct 28	99¾	Jun 28	100	Oct 28	..	..
C., H. & D. con sk. fd. 7s, 1905..A O*	120	Aug 10	120	Aug 10	120	Aug 10	..	..
Do 2d g. 4½s, 1937.....*J J	..	....	..	....	103¾	Mr 13, 97	..	..
Cin., D. & I'nt'n 1st gtd.5s, 1941.*M N	115½	Sep 5	112	Feb 9	113¾	Nov 24	113	..
City & Sub. R. Balt. 1st g.5s, 1922..*J D	..	....	..	....	105¾	Apr., 95	..	..
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. g. 4s, 1993..*J D	98	Jan 26	87¾	Jan 12	92⅞	Dec 15	..	93
Do Cairo Div. 1st g. 4s, 1939....*J J	97	Jun 20	95¾	May 27	97	June 20	..	..
Do St. L. Div. 1st cl.g.4s, 1990..M N*	103⅞	Sep 6	99¾	Jan 7	101	Dec 14	..	102
Do do registered.....M N*	99	May 4	99	May 4	99	May 4	..	..
Spring. & Col. Div. 1st g.4s, 1940..M S*	..	....	..	....	87	Oct., 95	97	..
W'ite Wa. Val. Div. 1st g.4s,1940..J J*	83	Nov 22	83	Nov 22	83	Nov 22	..	..
C., W. & M. Div. 1st g. 4s, 1991..J J*	97	Apr 22	95	Feb 21	95	Nov 4	97	..
C., I., S. L. & C. 1st g.4s,Au.,1936.Q F	104½	Aug 28	102	Jan 3	104½	Aug 28	..	..
Do con. 6s, 1920.....*M N	..	....	..	....	104	Nov., 94	..	..
C., San. & Clev. 1st g.5s,1928..*J J	118½	May 31	118½	May 31	118½	June 14	..	..
Ind., Blm. & W. 1st pf. 7s, 1900...J J	103½	Apr 29	103¼	Dec 13	103¼	Dec 13	..	..
Peo. & East. 1st con. 4s, 1940...*A O	88½	Jan 28	82¾	Apr 7	85	Dec 14	84	86
Do income 4s, April, 1990.....A	33	Jan 10	17	Sep 15	29⅜	Dec 4	..	..
C., C., C. & I. con. 7s, 1914.....*J D	138½	Jul 6	135½	May 11	138½	July 6	..	..
Do gen. con. g. 6s, 1934.....*J J	137½	Jun 23	131	Nov 3	132	Nov 28	..	..
Cin., Laf. & Chi. 7s, 1901.....M S*	165¾	Nov 24	105	Nov 24	105¾	Nov 24	..	..
C. & S. 1st gtd. C.C.C.&I., 1901.*A O	108½	Feb 10	108½	Feb 10	108½	Feb 10	..	..
C., L. & W. 1st con. g. 5s, 1933..A O*	108½	Jul 20	105½	Oct 10	106¼	Nov 6	106½	109½
Clev. & Mah. Val. g. 5s, 1938.....*J J	134¼	Jun 16	128	Feb 15	134¼	June 16	..	..

	Range for Year 1899. Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.		Bid.	Ask'd.
Col. Mid. Ry. 1st g. 2-3-4s, 1947...J J*	69	Jan 12	62	Jul 11	68¾	Dec 16	68	68
Do 1st g. 4s, 1947.....J J*	76	Jan 12	70¼	Mar 18	72¼	Dec 15	72	72½
Col. & Southern 1st g. 4s, 1929.....*F A	90	Jun 13	83¼	Dec 11	84	Dec 15	83½	84
Conn. & Pass. Riv. 1st g. 4s, 1943..*A O	..	....	..	....	102	Dec., 96	..	..
Del., Lack. & West. 7s, 1907...M S*	126½	Jun 15	126½	Jun 15	126½	June 15	..	..
6yr., B. & N. Y. 1st 7s, 1906..A O*	124¾	Aug 28	124½	Jun 7	124¾	Aug 28	..	..
Morris & Essex 1st 7s, 1914....*M N	144	Jan 26	137½	Nov 9	138½	Nov 22	..	..
Do 7s, 1900.....*J J	..	....	..	....	109	De 23, 97	101	..
Do 7s, 1871-1901.....A O*	111	Mar 14	105¼	Nov 8	106¾	Dec 14	105½	..
Do 1st con. gtd. 7s, 1915.....*J D	145½	May 1	141	Nov 18	141	Nov 18	137	140
Do do registered.....J D	..	....	..	....	140	Oct 26,98	..	..
N. Y., Lack. & W. 1st 6s, 1921...*J J	142½	May 18	138	Feb 9	138	July 17	135	136
Do construction 5s, 1923.....F A*	122	Sep 15	117	Feb 8	122	Sept 15	..	..
Do term. and imp. 4s, 1923....*M N	108½	Jun 20	108½	Jun 20	108½	June 20	..	..
Warren 2d 7s, 1900.....A O*	..	....	..	....	108	Aug 1,98	..	..
Del. & H. 1st Penn. Div. 7s, 1917..M S*	148	Nov 16	145	Nov 10	148	Dec 15	..	148½
Do registered.....M S*	..	....	..	....	143	May 4,97	..	..
Alb. & Sus. 1st con gtd.7s,1906..*A O	120½	Apr 21	120½	Apr 21	120½	Apr 21	..	121
Do registered.....*A O	122	Jun 6	122	Jun 6	122	June 6	..	..
Do g. 6s, 1906.....*A O	117¾	Feb 21	115	May 2	116	Dec 12	114	..
Do do registered.....*A O	117½	Jan 26	113	Dec 12	113	Dec 12	..	..
Ren. & Saratoga 1st 7s, 1921...*M N	154	Sep 7	150½	May 31	154	Sept 7	..	..
Do registered.....*M N	..	....	..	....	141	May 6,98	..	..
Den. Con. Tramway 1st g. 5s, 1933..A O	92	Jan 24	90	Jan 19	92	Jan 24	..	..
Den. & Rio G. 1st g. 7s, 1900.....M N*	109	Feb 20	100¾	Nov 9	101¾	Dec 7	..	..
Do 1st con. g. 4s, 1936.....*J J	104	May 31	97½	Dec 14	98½	Dec 16	..	..
Do con. g. 4½s, 1936.....*J J	112¾	Jun 13	107½	Sep 7	108	Nov 27	..	..
Do improvement g. 5s, 1928...*J D	108¾	May 25	102¼	Jan 3	104	Dec 13	..	..
Des Moines Un. Ry 1st g.5s,1917.M N*	108	Apr 27	107¼	Apr 25	108	Apr 27	106	..
Det. & Mack. gold 4s, 1995.....*J D	77	Nov 21	68	Jul 12	77	Dec 14	..	77
Det., Mack. & Mar. 1d.gt.3½s, Ser. A, 1911	24	Jan 17	17½	Mar 25	20½	Dec 13	20	21
Dul. & Iron Range 1st 5s, 1937.....A O*	112	Aug 3	105	Jun 13	108	Nov 14	..	109
Dul., Red W. & So. 1st g. 5s, 1928..*J J	..	....	..	....	92¼	Feb 11,98	..	..
Dul.. So. Shore & Atl. g. 5s, 1937...*J J	116	Jun 14	110½	Oct 26	112	Dec 8	..	..
Elgin, Jol. & E. 1st g. 5s, 1941..*M N	110¾	Jul 31	104¾	Jan 3	109½	Oct 13	..	..
Erie 1st ext. g. 4s, 1947.....*M N	121	Jul 27	114½	Nov 10	114¾	Nov 10	..	..
Do 2d ext. g. 5s, 1919.....M S*	121	May 25	115½	Nov 13	115½	Nov 13	..	..
Do 3d ext. g. 4½s, 1923.....*M S	116¾	Jul 27	110¼	Nov 15	110¼	Nov 15	..	..
Do 4th ext. g. 5s, 1920.....*A O*	123½	Mar 30	116¼	Nov 15	116¼	Nov 15	..	123
Do 5th ext. g. 4s, 1928.....*J D	106½	Apr 14	105	Apr 4	106½	Apr 14	..	..
Do 1st con. g. 7s, 1920.....M S*	145¾	Jan 26	130½	Nov 20	140	Dec 15	139½	141½
Do 1st con g. fund. 7s, 1920...M S*	..	....	..	....	143	De 30, 98	..	..
Long Dock con. g. 6s, 1935.....A O*	142	Sep 14	141½	Aug 1	142	Sept 14	..	..
Buf., N. Y. & Erie 1st 7s, 1916..*J J	140	Jan 26	140	Jan 26	140	Feb 6	..	..
Jefferson 1st gtd. g. 5s, Jan., 1909..A O	103	Feb 8	106	Feb 8	106	Dec 2	105	..
Chicago & Erie 1st g. 5s, 1982..*M N	116¾	Aug 17	111½	Jan 9	114¼	Dec 16	..	116¾
N.Y.L.E.& W.D.& I.1st c.6s,1913..J J*	..	....	..	....	102	Aug., 96	..	..
N. Y. & Gwood L.gtd.g.5s,1946..*M N	..	....	..	....	109	Oct 27,98	105	..
Erie 1st con. g. 4s, pr.bds.,1996..*J J	95	Jan 20	90	Sep 20	90	Dec 16	90	91
Do registered.....J J	93¾	Mar 13	92⅝	May 8	93¼	May 25	..	..
Do 1st con. gen. lien g.4s,1996..*J J	77	Jan 20	69	Dec 16	69	Dec 16	70½	71½
N.Y., Sus. & W. 1st ref.g.5s,1937..*J J	112½	Jun 16	107	Jan 4	111	Nov 17	110	..
Do 2d g. 4½s, 1937.....*F A	..	....	..	....	92½	Au 25, 98	..	..
Do gen. g. 5s, 1940.....F A*	102	Jul 14	95	Jan 3	95	Nov 29	..	..
Do term. 1st g. 5s, 1943.....*M N	111½	Jul 6	111½	July 6	111½	July 6	..	..
Wilk. & East 1st gtd.g.5s,1942..*J D	108¼	Apr 26	98¾	Jan 3	103¾	Dec 15	102½	105
Midland R. of N.J. 1st g.6s,1910.*A O	122	Mar 17	116½	Dec 15	116½	Dec 15	..	..
Eureka Springs R. 1st g. 6s, 1933.*F A	..	....	..	....	65	No 10, 97	..	..
Ev. & T. H. 1st con. 6s, 1921.....J J*	127	Dec 1	121½	Jan 16	127	Dec 1	..	127
Do 1st gen. g. 5s, 1942.....*A O	107½	Sep 15	100¼	Jan 3	103	Dec 13	..	..
Do Mt. Ver. 1st g. 6s, 1923.....*A O	..	....	..	....	110	May, 93	..	..
Do Sul. Co. Br. 1st g.5s,1930..*A O	..	.

	Range for Year 1899. Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.		Bid.	As'd.
Mil. Elec. Ry & L. con. g.5s,1926..*F A	107	May 25	89	Dec 11	89½ Dec 16		..	89½
Mo., Kan. & Tex. 1st g. 4s, 1990..*J D	96	Aug 14	103½	Feb 4	106 Oct 27		..	..
Do 2d g. 4s, June 1, 1990.....F A	73⅝	Aug 28	65¼	May 9	67 Dec 16		67	67½
Do 1st ext. g. 5s, 1944.....M N*	96¼	Sep 7	82	Jan 19	94¾ Dec 15		94	95
M.,K.&T. of Tx. 1st gt.g.5s,1942.M S*	95	Aug 21	86	Jan 19	93 Dec 13		92½	93½
K. C. & Pac. 1st g. 4s, 1990.....F A*	82	Jan 21	75¼	Jan 5	77½ Dec 14		77	78
Dallas & Waco 1st gtd.g.5s,1940.M N*	96½	Sep 2	85	Jan 21	94 Dec 8		94	..
Boonville Bridge gtd. g. 7s,1906.*M N	100⅜	Nov 22	100⅜	Nov 22	100⅜ Nov 22		..	..
Mo., K. & E. 1st gtd. g. 5s, 1942.*A O	107½	Jul 13	101¼	Jan 3	105½ Dec 8		..	105½
Missouri Pac. 1st con. 6s, 1920...M N*	121¾	Apr 28	108¾	Jan 9	113 Dec 16		113½	114½
Do 3d 7s, 1906.....M N*	117	May 17	113	Nov	114 Dec 7		113	..
Do tr. g. 5s, stpd., Jan., 1917...M S	102	Aug 29	91½	Jan 3	97 Dec 8		..	..
Do 1st col. g. 5s, 1920.....F A*	98½	Jul 26	88	Jan 3	93 Dec 13		92½	93½
Pac. R. of M. 1st ext. g. 4s,1938.F A*	109	Jul 13	104⅝	Dec 15	104⅝ Dec 15		..	..
Do 2d ext. g. 5s, 1938.....J J*	115	Apr 20	110	Nov 10	110 Nov 11		..	..
St. L. & I.M.gn.con.l.g.g.5s,1931.*A O	114⅜	Jul 14	105	Jan 3	107 Dec 16		107¾	108½
Do do gtd. g. 5s, 1931.....*A O	111½	Jan 31	109	Oct 4	109 Nov 1		..	..
Mobile & Ohio new g. 6s, 1927....J D*	130¼	May 9	125	Jan 9	127¾ Nov 15		..	..
Do 1st ext. g. 6s, July, 1927.....Q J	122	May 23	117	Feb 21	121¾ June 30		..	..
Do gen. g. 4s, 1938.....M S*	90	Aug 26	82½	Jan 4	84 Dec 15		..	..
Do Mont. Div. 1st g. 5s, 1947..*F A	109¼	Jul 25	106	Jan 4	109 Oct 2		..	..
St. L. & Cairo gtd. 4s, 1931.....*J J	..	....	..	....	84 Apr., 96		..	..
Nash., Chat. & St. L. 1st, 1913..J J*	132¾	Feb 14	130	Sep 11	130 Nov 20		..	..
Do 2d 6s, 1901.....*J J	101	Sep 12	101	Sep 12	101 Sept 12		..	..
Do 1st con. g. 5s, 1928.....*A O	108½	Sep 7	105¼	Apr 22	106 Dec 1		..	..
Do 1st 6s, McM., M. W. & Alb.....*J J	..	....	..	....	108 Mar., 96		..	..
Do 1st g. 6s, Jasper Br., 1923...*J J	115	Mar 22	113	Dec 1	113 Dec 1		..	..
N. O. & N. E. pr. lien 6s,Nov.,1915.A O	..	....	..	....	108½ Aug., 94		..	..
N. Y. Cen. & Hud. 1st 7s, 1903.....*J J	117½	Jan 31	111½	Oct 4	112¾ Dec 4		112¾	..
Do registered .....*J J	117⅝	Jan 30	111½	Oct 3	111½ Oct 3		112	113
Do deb. 5s of 1884-1904.....M S*	113¼	Jan 30	106½	Dec 14	106½ Dec 14		105½	106¼
Do do registered.....M S*	113¼	Jan 26	105½	Oct 16	106½ Dec 12		105½	..
Do reg. deb. 5s, 1889-1904.....M S*	..	....	..	....	108½ Fe 21, 98		105½	..
Do deb. g. 4s, 1890-1905.....*J D	105	May 3	103¼	Jun 26	103¼ June 26		..	..
Do do registered.....*J D	..	....	..	....	104¾ Feb 5, 98		..	..
Do deb. certs., ext. g. 4s,1905..*M N	107⅝	Feb 2	101⅜	Sep	102¾ Nov 21		..	..
Do do registered.....*M N	102¾	Aug 1	102¾	Aug 1	102¾ Aug 1		..	..
Do g. mtge. 3½s, 1997.....J J*	113¼	Jun 12	109⅝	Nov 16	110 Dec 1		109¼	..
Do do registered.....J J*	112½	Apr 14	111½	Feb 17	112¼ Apr 14		..	..
Do Mich. Cen. col. g. 3½s, 1998..*F A	102	Jan 28	96	Dec 15	96 Dec 15		..	97
Do do registered.....*F A	100	May 25	93	Nov 14	96 Dec 12		..	..
Do Lake Shore col. g.3½s,1998.*F A	103	May 25	97½	Oct 19	98 Dec 15		..	98
Do do registered.....*F A	103	Jun 26	97	Oct 25	97¼ Dec 4		..	..
West Shore 1st gtd. 4s, 2361.....*J J	117¾	Jun 29	110¼	Jan 3	112 Dec 12		111	112
Do registered .....*J J	115¾	Jun 15	109¾	Jan 4	111 Dec 14		110½	111
Beech Creek 1st g. 4s, 1936.....J J*	112	Aug 31	100	Dec 4	100 Dec 4		..	..
Do registered .....J J*	..	....	..	....	106 Jne 17,98		..	..
Clear. Eli. C. 1st g.gtd.4s,S.A,1940.J J	..	....	..	....	95 Jul 28,98		..	..
Do do registered.....J J*	..	....	..	....	104 Jul 24,97		..	..
N. Y. & Harlem 1st 7s, 1900.....*M N	108	Jan 12	103¾	Jun 14	104 Aug 16		101¼	..
Do registered .....*M N	106¼	Jan 27	101¼	Dec 12	101¼ Dec 12		..	..
N. J. Junc. R. gtd. 1st 4s, 1986..*F A	..	....	..	....	103 May 7,97		103	..
R,W.& O.con.1st ext.5s,July,1922.A O	132	Jan 18	122½	Nov 27	127½ Dec 7		..	..
Do Ter. R. 1st g 5s, 1918.....*M N	..	....	..	....	109 Jan., 97		..	..
Os. & Rome 2d gtd. g. 5s,1915...*F A	113	Apr 13	113	Apr 13	113 Apr 13		..	..
Utica & B. R. gtd. g. 4s,1922.....J J*	..	....	..	....	107 Au 13, 98		..	..
Mo. & Mal. 1st gtd. g. 4s, 1991..M S*	106½	Nov 14	106	Nov 14	106½ Nov 14		..	..
N. Y. & North. 1st g. 5s, 1927....A O*	123	Jun 16	123	Jun 16	123 July 14		..	125
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern—								
Det., Mon. & Tol. 1st 7s, 1906...F A*	123	Jun 13	123	Jun 13	123 June 13		..	124
Lake Shore con. 1st 7s, 1900.....J J*	107¼	May 4	103	Nov 27	103¼ Dec 15		103	..
Do do registered, 1900.....Q J*	106½	Feb 20	101⅜	Dec 6	101⅜ Dec 6		..	..
Do con. 2d 7s, 1903.....J D*	117¼	Mar 20	114¼	Jun 20	114¼ Nov 13		110	..
Do do registered, 1903.....J D*	116½	Jan 5	111¾	Dec 2	112 Dec 8		..	..
Do g. 3½s, 1997.....*J D	112⅞	May 5	106	Jan 3	110¼ Nov 21		..	..
Do do reg stered.....*J D	111	Apr 27	106	Jan 5	109¾ Dec 4		..	..
C. & Sp. 1st gtd. L.S.&M.S. 1901..*A O	..	....	..	....	108¾ Dec 1, 97		..	..
Mahoning Coal R. 1st 5s, 1934...J J*	122¾	Nov 3	122¾	Nov 3	122¾ Nov 3		..	..
Michigan Cen. 1st con. 7s,1902..*M N	112½	Apr 27	107¾	Dec 5	108 Dec 14		107¼	..
Do 1st con. 5s, 1902.....*M N	103	May 6	103	May 6	103 May 9		..	..
Do 6s, 1909.....M S*	..	....	..	....	122 Fe 25, 98		118	..
Do 5s, 1931.....*M S	129	Nov 20	129	Nov 20	129 Nov 20		..	..
Do do registered, March, 1931.Q M	127	Dec 2	127	Dec 2	127 Dec 2		..	..
Do 4s, 1940.....*J J	..	....	..	....	106 Fe 25, 98		..	..
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st g. 4s, 1937..A O*	109	Aug 25	105	Oct 19	105¼ Dec 16		105	106
Do registered .....A O*	106½	Jul 19	103½	Nov 10	105¼ Dec 14		..	..
N.Y.,N.H. & H. 1st reg. 4s, 1903..*J D	..	....	..	....	101¼ Oct 7, 97		..	..
Do con. deb. certs, $1,000.....A O	191	Apr 21	173	Jan 6	189 Nov 6		..	..
Do registered .....A O	187	Nov 17	187	Nov 17	187 Nov 17		..	..
Do do small certs, $100.....A O	185	Aug 23	172	Jan 19	185 Aug 26		..	..
Housatonic R. con. g. 5s, 1937..M N*	133	Aug 16	133	Aug 16	133 Aug 16		..	..
N. H. & Derby con. 5s, 1918....*M N	..	....	..	....	125½ Feb 6, 97		..	..
N. Y. & N. E. 1st 7s, 1905.....J J	121½	Jun 20	117¾	Jul 6	117¾ Sept 18		117½	..
Do 1st 6s, 1905.....J J	115	May 11	113	Jul 20	113 July 29		112½	..
N.Y.,O. & W.ref.1st g.4s,June,1992.M S	160⅞	Aug 5	103	Apr 12	104 Dec 13		..	104
Do do reg., $5,000 only.....M S	..	....	..	....	101¼ No 30, 98		..	..
Nor. Pa. Ry gen. l.g.1st g.6s, 1921.*J J	120	Apr 11	114¼	Jan 3	119½ Apr 12		..	..
Do registered.....*J J	112	Jul 20	112	Jul 20	112 July 20		..	..
St. Paul & N. P. gen. 6s, 1923...*F A	131¼	May 15	131¼	May 15	131¼ May 15		..	..
Do registered certificates.....Q F	132	Jul 28	132	Jul 28	132 July 28		..	..
N. P. Ry p.ln.ry.&l.g.g.4s,Jan.,1997.Q J	106⅞	Jun 14	101	Oct 12	102 Dec 16		102	102¼
Do registered.....Q J	104⅛	May 12	102	Jul 14	102⅜ Oct 3		..	..
Do gen. lien g. 3s, Jan., 2047....Q F	70	Jan 21	61½	Nov 10	65 Dec 16		65	65¼
Do do registered.....Q F	69½	Jun 17	65¼	May 16	66 Sept 21		..	..
Wash. Cent. 1st g. 4s. Mch, 1948.Q M	96	May 5	90	Jan 27	95 May 11		..	86½
Nor. Pac. Ter. Co. 1st g. 6s, 1933..J J*	121½	Oct 7	112	Jan 6	120½ Dec 7		..	..
Norfolk & South. 1st g. 5s, 1941..*M N	107¾	Jun 22	107½	May 22	107¾ June 22		..	..
Nor. & W. R. gen. g. 6s, 1931....*M N	135	Jun 19	130	Feb 7	135 June 19		..	..
Do New Riv. 1st g. 6s, 1932....*A O	130	Aug 24	128	Dec 1	128 Dec 1		..	..
Do imp. & ext. 6s, 1934.....*F A	..	....	..	....	117½ Au 30, 98		..	..
Col., C. & T. 1st gtd. g. 5s, 1922...*J J	..	....	..	....	101 Fe 23, 97		109	..
Scl. V. & N. E.1st gtd.g.4s,1989.M N*	101	Apr 22	96	Dec 11	99 Dec 16		98½	100
Nor. & W.R.1st con. g. 4s,1996..A O*	96½	Aug 28	88½	Jan 7	90⅞ Dec 15		..	..
Ohio Riv.R.R. 1st g. 5s, 1936..*J D	104	Oct 24	103	Sep 27	103 Oct 24		..	..
Do gen. g. 5s, 1937.....*A O	85	Dec 8	85	Dec 8	85 Dec 8		..	..
Omaho & St. L. 1st g. 4s, 1901....J J*	85	Feb 7	65	May 24	74 Dec 12		..	..
Pac. Const Co. 1st g. 5s, 1946..*J D	110	Nov 3	103	Jul 26	104½ Dec 16		104½	..
Panama sk. fd. sub. 6s, 1910.M N*	104⅜	Nov 21	103¼	Oct 17	104⅜ Nov 21		..	..
Penn. Co. gtd. 1st g. 4½s, 1921....J J*	118	May 22	113½	Dec 13	113½ Dec 13		..	..
Do registered, 1921.....J J*	115½	Mar 9	115	Nov 29	115 Nov 29		..	..
Do gtd.3½s,col.tr.reg.cfs, 1937.M S*	..	....	..	....	102 No 11,98		..	..
Penn. R. R. Co. rl esta g.4s,1923.*M N	..	....	..	....	108 My 12,97		..	..
Un. N. J. R. R.&C.gen.4s,1944..*M S	..	....	..	....	115¼ Fe 24, 98		..	..
Clev. & Marietta 1st gtd. 4½s,s. 1935.	110½	Dec 12	110¼	Dec 12	110¼ Dec 12		110¼	112
P., D. & E. Tr. Co. cf. 1st 6s, 1920.*J J	101	Feb 20	98⅜	Dec 12	98⅜ Dec 12		..	..
Do Evans. Div. 1st g. 6s, 1920.....*J J	..	....	..	....	100 De 23, 97		..	..
Do E. Div. T.Co.cfs.1st 6s,1920.M S*	99¾	Aug 31	93½	Apr 3	97⅜ Nov 29		..	..
Do 2d g. 5s, 1926.....M N*	..	....	..	....	17 My 23,98		..	..
Do do Tr. Co. cfs. 1st inst. pd....	..	....	..	....	20 De 20, 98		..	..
Peo. & P. Un. 1st g. 6s,Feb.,1921..Q F	126	Apr 28	126	Apr 28	126 Apr 28		120	..
Do 2d 4½s, Feb., 1921.....M N	100½	Jul 18	96	Nov 14	96 Dec 9		90	..
Pine Creek reg. gtd. 6s, 1932.....J D*	..	....	..	....	137 No 17, 97		..	..
Pitts., Clev. & T. 1st g. 6s, 1922..A O*	..	....	..	....	107¼ Oct 26,98		..	..
Pitts. Junc. 1st g. 6s, 1922.....J J*	..	....	..	....	121 No 26, 98		..	..
P,C.,C. & St.L.cn.g.gt.4½s,A,1940..A O*	118	Jul 14	114	Oct 17	115 Nov 28		114½	115½
Do Series B, gtd. 1942.....*A O	119	Jun 13	114	Apr 11	118½ June 30		..	..
Do Series C, gtd., 1942.....M N*	..	....	..	....	113 No 23, 98		114½	115½
Do Series D, 4s, gtd., 1945....M N*	107	Dec 5	104½	Nov 8	107 Dec 5		..	..
P., C. & St. L. 1st 7s, 1900.....F A*	107⅞	Jan 6	105¼	Mar 15	105⅝ Apr 13		..	..
Do registered, 1900.....F A*	..	....	..	....	109¼ Ap 23, 97		..	..
P., Ft. W. & C. 1st 7s, 1912.....J J*	141	Mar 29	138¾	Jan 6	140 Nov 16		..	..
Do 2d 7s, 1912.....J J*	140½	May 1	139	Nov 16	139 Nov 16		..	..
Do 3d 7s, July, 1912.....A O	135	Jun 7	135	Jun 7	135 June 7		..	..
C., St. L. & P. 1st con. 5s, 1932..A O*	119½	Oct 4	119¼	Oct 4	119¼ Oct 4		..	..
C. & P. con. skg. fd. 7s, 1900. M N*	108	Apr 19	105¾	Sep 11	105¾ Sept 11		..	..
Do gen. gtd. g. 4½s, s. A. 1942..*J J	121	Jul 5	121	Jul 5	121 July 5		..	..
G. R. & I. ext. 1st gt. g.4½s,1941.J J*	114	Oct 19	113¼	Jun 2	114 Oct 19		..	..
Alle. Val. gen. gtd. g. 4s, 1942..*M S	..	....	..	....	102 No 10, 97		..	..
P. & L. E. 2d g.5s,Se.A&B,Ja.,1928.A O	..	....	..	....	114 Mar., 93		..	..
P., McK. & Y. 1st gtd. l. 6s, 1932.J J*	..	....	..	....	117 Mar., 89		..	..
P., P. & F. 1st g. 5s, 1916.....J J*	90	Jun 24	90	Jun 24	90 June 24		..	..
P., S. & L. E. 1st g. 5s, 1940.....A O*	116	Jul 17	113	Jan 5	116 July 29		..	..
Do 1st con. g. 5s, 1943.....J J*	..	....	..	....	98 Jul 14,97		..	..
Pitts. & West. 1st g. 4s, 1917.....J J*	101½	Dec 5	98	Jan 5	101 Dec 14		100½	..
Do J. P. M. & Co. ctfs.....	101	Nov 23	98½	Jan 31	101 Dec 11		100½	..
Reading Co. gen. g. 4s, 1997.....*J J	91¾	Jun 16	84¾	Dec 11	85⅝ Dec 16		85¼	85½
Do registered.....*J J	89¼	Jun 29	84⅝	Dec 6	84⅝ Dec 6		..	..
Rio Grande West. 1st g. 4s, 1939...J J*	102¼	Jun 30	91	Jan 4	96½ Dec 16		..	..
Utah Cent. 1st gtd. g. l.g.4s, 1917.A O	88¾	May 11	87½	Apr 20	88 June 27		84	..
Rio Gde. Junc. 1st gt. g. 5s, 1939..J D*	104½	Jan 24	102¼	Feb 3	105 Nov 10		..	..
Rio Gde. South. 1st g. 3-4s, 1940....J J*	74½	Dec 8	72	Aug 11	74½ Dec 15		..	..
St. J. & G. I. 1st g. 2-3-4s, 1947..*J J	87	Oct 27	79¼	Jul 11	83¼ Dec 15		82	83¼
St. L. & S. F. 2d g.6s,cl.A,1906.M N*	114¾	Mar 2	110	Nov 14	110 Nov 15		110¼	..
Do g. 6s, Class B, 1906.....M N*	115¼	Mar 26	110	Nov 13	112 Dec 8		110¼	..
Do g. 6s, Class C, 1906.....M N*	115	Mar 24	110	Nov 14	110 Nov 15		110¼	..
Do 1st g. 6s, P. C. & O., 1919...F A*	..	....	..	....	113¾ July, 96		..	..
Do gen. g. 6s, 1931.....J J*	126¾	Jun 27	122	Jan 3	124 Dec 16		..	..
Do gen. g. 5s, 1931.....J J*	112½	Jun 30	107	Jan 5	109 Dec 16		..	..
Do 1st tr. g. 5s, 1987.....A O*	105½	Mar 27	100½	May 23	100½ Oct 3		..	..
Ft. S. & W. R. 1st g. 6s, 1910.*A O	..	....	..	....	105 Oct 4, 97		..	..
St. L. & S. F. R. R. g. 4s, 1996....J J*	89	Jun 15	82	Jan 4	83½ Dec 14		83¼	84¼
Do Southw. Div. g. 5s, 1947.....A O*	104	Mar 16	98	Jan 12	100 Dec 13		..	..
Do Cent. Div. 1st g. 4s, 1929..*A O	96	Aug 14	92¾	Dec 13	92¾ Dec 13		..	..
St. L. S. W. 1st g. 4s, bd.cts.,1989.M N*	96½	Jul 8	83½	Dec 16	83½ Dec 16		85¼	90
Do 2d g. 4s, inc.bd cts., Nov., 1989.J J	66¾	Aug 4	40¾	Jan 4	57 Dec 16		56	67
St. P. Cy. Ry Co. cn.g.5s, 1937..*J J	112	Aug 4	108	Mar 7	112 Nov 28		..	..
St. Paul & Du. 1st 5s, 1931.....F A*	122½	Jan 19	120	Feb 8	120 Feb 8		119	..
Do 2d 5s, 1917.....A O*	115	Jan 20	109½	Oct 16	110¼ Dec 5		108	112
Do 1st con. g. 4s, 1968.....*J D	102	May 18	99	Aug 11	100¾ Nov 24		98¼	..
St. P., Min. & Man. 2d 6s, 1909...A O*	124½	Feb 20	118¼	Nov 28	118½ Nov 28		118	118½
Do Dak. ext. g. 6s, 1910.....M N*	125½	Jan 24	119	Dec 5	119 Dec 5		..	..
Do 1st con. g. 6s, 1933.....J J*	146¾	Jan 21	138¼	Mar 8	141 Dec 8		..	..
Do do registered.....J J*	137¾	Feb 23	137¾	Feb 23	137¾ Feb 23		..	..
Do do reduced to 4½s.....J J*	119½	Jan 20	112¼	Jan 5	115¾ Dec 15		..	..
Do do do registered.....J J*	..	....	..	....	106½ My 29,97		..	..
Do Mon. ext. 1st g. 4s, 1937....*J D	108¼	Apr 14	102	Dec 7	102 Dec 8		..	..
Do do registered.....*J D	104	Jan 24	104	Jan 24	104 Jan 24		..	..
Minn. Union 1st g. 6s, 1922.....J J*	..	....	..	....	122½ Jan 13,98		..	..
Mon. Cent. 1st gtd. g. 6s, 1937..J J*	137¾	Jun 23	134¼	Mar 18	135 Oct 23		..	..
Do registered.....J J*	..	....	..	....	116 Ap 24, 97		..	..
Do 1st gtd. g. 5s, 1937.....J J*	119¾	Aug 19	113½	Jan 24	118 Dec 7		..	..
East. Minn. 1st div. 1st 5s, 1908.*A O	113¾	Mar 2	108	Dec 4	108 Dec 4		..	..
Will. & Sioux F. 1st g. 5s, 1938..*J D	120	Apr 11	115	Apr 10	120 Apr 11		..	..

	Range for Year 1899. Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale.		Bid.	As'd.
Do registered.....*J D	..	....	..	....	115 Ap 24, 98		..	..
S. Fe, P. & P. R. 1st g. 5s, 1942...M S*	107½	Aug 9	95	Mar 13	103¾ Nov 20		..	..
S. F. & N. P. 1st g. 5s, 1919.....*J J	112¾	Sep 7	112⅜	Oct 2	112⅜ Oct 2		..	..
Sa., Fla. & W. 1st con. g. 6s, 1934.*A O	125½	Feb 15	122	Nov 3	122 Nov 3		..	..
Do 1st g. 5s, 1934.....*A O	112	Mar 17	112	Mar 17	112 Mar 17		..	..
Sea. & Roanoke 1st 5s, 1926.....J J*	..	....	..	....	104¾ Feb 5, 97		..	..
Southern Pacific Co.—								
Do g. 4s, Cen. P. col.,Aug.,1949.J D	87¼	Mar 16	79	Dec 14	79 Dec 16		78⅞	79
Do do registered.....J D	85	Nov 6	85	Nov 6	85 Nov 6		..	..
Cen. P. 1st ref. gtd. g. 4s, 1949..F A*	102⅞	May 25	97	Dec 16	97¼ Dec 16		97	97¼
Do mge. gtd. g. 3½s, Aug.,1929.J D	80¼	Mar 2	79⅝	Dec 16	79⅝ Dec 16		..	..
Gal., Har. & S. A. 1st 6s, 1910...F A*	114	Apr 28	108	Oct 17	108 Oct 17		110	..
Do 2d g. 5s, 1905.....*J D	110½	Feb 3	109½	Oct 30	109½ Nov 4		..	..
Do M. & P. Div. 1st 5s, 1931..*M N	105	Apr 28	100½	Jan 6	102¼ Dec 14		..	..
Hous. & T. C. 1st,W. & N.7s,1°03.J J	..	....	..	....	102 Nov., 94		..	..
Do 1st g. 5s, int. gtd., 1937.....J J*	113½	Jun 26	107	Feb 21	112¼ Dec 7		..	..
Do con. g. 6s, int. gtd., 1912...A O*	113	Sep 25	108	Oct 5	110 Oct 19		110	..
Do gen. g. 4s, int. gtd., 1921...*A O	90	Feb 16	83	Dec 13	84 Dec 15		..	85
Mor. La. & T. 1st g. 6s, 1920.....J J*	..	....	..	....	114 No 17, 97		..	..
Do 1st 7s, 1918.....*A O	139	Jan 20	134	Nov 22	134 Nov 22		123½	..
Ore. & Cal. 1st 5s, 1927.....J J*	105	Mar 18	97	Jan 3	98¼ Dec 15		..	..
San A. & A.P.1st gtd. g. 4s,1943..*J J	86	Feb 28	77	Dec 9	79½ Dec 15		..	..
Texas & N. O. 1st 7s, 1905.....F A*	..	....	..	....	116 De 14, 98		..	..
Do Sabine Div. 1st g. 6s, 1912.M S*	..	....	..	....	106¼ No 17, 97		..	..
Do con. g. 5s, 1943.....J J*	106½	Jun 17	102	Jan 3	104 Dec 16		103	..
S.P.of Ari.gtd.1st g.6s,Mch,1909-10.J J	115	Jun 29	109¼	Jan 3	112¾ Dec 15		112	..
S. P. of Cal. 1st g. 6s,Ser.A,1905..*M N	122	Apr 20	107	Nov 1	107 Nov 1		..	..
Do 1st con. gtd. g. 5s, 1937....M N*	107	Aug 16	104	Nov 18	104 Nov 24		..	..
Do do stamped, 1905-37.....M N	105¼	Apr 21	105	Nov 9	105⅜ Dec 7		..	..
Aus. & N. W. 1st gtd. g. 5s,1941.J J*	101	Apr 5	90	Jan 3	97½ Dec 16		..	..
So. Pac. of N. M. 1st g. 6s, 1911..*J J	..	....	..	....	113⅞ No 23, 98		..	..
Gila V.,G. & N.1st gtd.g.5s,1924..M N*	106¼	Jul 21	103	Nov 13	104 Dec 6		..	..
Nor. R. of Cal. 1st 6s, gtd., 1907.*J J	..	....	..	....	98 Aug 6,97		..	..
Do 50-year g. 5s, 1938.....A O*	106	Aug 23	106	Aug 23	106 Aug 23		..	..
Southern R. 1st con. g. 5s, 1994....J J*	112½	Jun 29	103¼	Jan 3	107⅝ Dec 16		107½	108
Do registered.....J J*	..	....	..	....	98 Oct 31,98		..	..
Do Mem. Div. 1st g 4-4½-5s,1996.J J	110½	Jun 13	107½	Jan 4	109¾ Aug 14		..	..
E. Tenn. reor. lien g. 4-5s, 1938.*M S	110	Jul 8	106	Mar 3	107¾ Aug 17		..	107
Ala. Central 1st g. 6s, 1918.....J J*	..	....	..	....	112¾ Au 17, 97		..	..
Col. & Green. 1st g. 6s, 1916....J J*	118¾	Jun 8	117	Mar 18	118¾ June 8		..	..
E. T., Va. & Ga. 1st 7s, 1900.....J J*	105¾	Jun 12	103¾	Sep 21	103¾ Dec 1		..	..
Do divisional g. 5s, 1930.....J J*	118½	Jun 28	114½	Jan 14	116½ Dec 13		116	..
Do con. 1st 5s, 1956.....M N*	120	Jul 14	113	Dec 15	113¼ Dec 16		..	..
Georgia Pac. R. 1st g. 6s, 1922...*J J	121½	Feb 2	119¾	Jul 28	123 Dec 6		..	..
Knox. & Ohio 1st g. 6s, 1925.....J J*	125	May 10	119	Jan 9	124 Dec 6		..	..
Rich. & Dan. con. g. 6s, 1915....*J J	126¾	Jun 24	123	Nov 4	123 Dec 9		122	123
Do equip. s. f. g. 5s, 1909.....M S*	101	Oct 9	100	Mar 17	101 Oct 9		..	..
Do deb. 5s, stamped, 1927.....*A O	110	Jun	102½	Dec 12	105 Dec 12		..	..
Va. Midland gen. 5s, 1936.....*M N	116½	Jun 19	100	Nov 1	100 Dec 12		..	..
Do do gtd., stamped, 1936.....*M N	115	Aug 11	113¼	May 13	115 Aug 11		..	..
Do serial, Series D.....A O*	102	Oct 13	102	Oct 13	102 Oct 13		..	..
Do serial, Series E.....*A O	109	Jan 12	109	Jan 12	109 Jan 12		..	..
W., O. & W. 1st cur.gtd.4s,1924..*F A	94	Jan 31	90	Feb 23	90 Feb 23		..	..
West. N. C. 1st con. g. 6s, 1914...J J*	120½	Apr 14	117	Aug 22	118 Oct 30		..	..
So. Car. & Ga. 1st g. 5s, 1919...*M N	111	Apr 27	102½	Jan 3	106 Nov 20		..	..
Ter. Ass. of St. L. 1st 4½s,1939.A O*	113	Oct 2	112¾	Jun 15	113 Oct 2		..	..
Do 1st con. g. 5s, 1894-1944....F A*	114½	May 8	111⅜	Nov 3	111⅜ Nov 3		..	..
St. L. M. B. T. gtd. g. 5s, 1930...A O	..	....	..	....	103 Oct 27,97		..	..
Tex. & Pac. E. Div. 1st g. 6s,1905..*M S	107	Oct 31	104	Jan 7	107 Nov 2		..	..
Do 1st g. 5s, 2000.....*J D	116¾	Jul 14	109¼	Jan 9	111 Dec 16		112	112½
Do 2d inc. g. 5s, Dec. 1, 2000....Mar

CALENDAR FOR THE WEEK.

Continued from Page 1.

Western Union Telegraph Company—Books close.

Thursday, Dec. 21.

Commercial Cable Company—Books close.
Guaranty Trust Company—Books close.
Quincy Railroad Bridge Company—Books close.

Friday, Dec. 22.

Franklin Trust Company, Brooklyn—Books close.
Louisville Street Railway—Books close.
St. Louis and San Francisco Railway—Books close for dividend on first preferred.
Standard Coupler Company—Books close for dividend on common and preferred.
Wallabout Bank—Books close.

Saturday, Dec. 23.

Empire Steel and Iron Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Manhattan Trust Company, Brooklyn—Books close.
P. Lorillard Company—Books close for dividend on preferred.
Reading Traction Company—Books close.
Street's West Stable Car Line—Books close.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Net changes of one point or more in the more active stocks were:

ADVANCES.

Con. Rubber Tire..2
Havana Com.....1½
Havana Com. pf...1
Royal B'king Pow-der pf. 2

DECLINES.

Amalgamated Cop.1⅛
Agricultural Chem.7
Agricul. Chem. pf.1
Am. Woolen Goods.3
Am. Wool. G. pf...2½
Cramps' Shipyard.3
Distilling of Am...1⅝
Dist. of Am. pf....3¼
Electric Boat 4
Fleming. C. & C...3
Internat. Pump....1
Internat. Pump pf.2
Lorillard pf. 2
Nat. Gramophone.3
Nat. Salt 1
Nat. Salt pf.....1
New Ams. Gas....1½
New Ams. Gas 5s.1½
Otis Elevator 5
Rubber Goods pf..1
Sloss-Sheffield 3
Sloss-Sheffield pf...4½
Standard Oil 8
Un. Typewriter....2½
Un. Typew. 1st pf.1
Un. Typew. 2d pf.1
United Shoe Mach.5
United S. Mach. pf.2

Liquidation that brought such large declines the week before last was continued during the week just ended, and resulted in further considerable net losses. Declines of 1 point or more were recorded in a number of the more active stocks, while in some cases the week's recession in price amounted to 3, and, in a few cases, to even 5, points. Transactions by traders were to a less degree than during the previous week responsible for the losses suffered. Much disposition was shown in many stocks to clear up accounts and convert holdings into cash, even where the operation necessarily entailed considerable loss. Conditions in the Stock Exchange market were reflected in the outside market, which generally follows the more important market. Indeed, it would be difficult to assign special causes for many of the declines recorded during the past week, and in most cases they have to be attributed to a small amount of forced selling and to a larger amount of selling by weak or overapprehensive holders.

In the opinion of most observers of the market, the past week's operations will eventually prove of much benefit to the market, as they have eliminated from it a considerable amount of stock that was weakly held and which has now, in all probability, passed into stronger hands. Among the stocks that suffered most were a number of industrial stocks, and net losses were by no means restricted to speculative issues. Indeed, the stocks generally considered in this class were in most cases firmer than the more substantial issues. Copper stocks were among those which at one time or another during the week were notably depressed. This was in large part due to selling for Boston account, which selling was the result of the difficulty met by one or two of the banks in that city. At all events, this was the explanation offered and generally accepted.

In Amalgamated Copper the curb found by far the most active issue of the week. Daily transactions in the stock averaged a number of thousands of shares, and on some days this one stock furnished probably more than half of the total business. It followed a very irregular course, fluctuating sharply almost daily, but keeping within a range of 3 or 4 points. It sold as low as 77¼ and as high as 81½, and closed at 79⅜ bid, a net loss of 1⅛ points. The course of the stock seemed to indicate that it was receiving inside support. This was not given, as in the first case, by holding the stock at a given figure and taking all the stock that appeared in the market, but whenever the stock became very weak fairly large buying orders appeared in the market and generally brought about a sharp rally. This appeared to be done by inside interests, although some of the support given the stock came from buying for the short account. Traders were fairly active in the stock on a number of days, but no very determined effort was made by them either to advance or to depress the price of the stock. Total sales for the week amounted probably to between 20,000 and 25,000 shares, an amount much in excess of the business in any other issue.

New Amsterdam Gas suffered a further decline in the common stock and also in the bonds, each of which showed a net loss at the end of the week of 1½ points. No changes occurred in the local gas situation, and there was really but little ground on which to base any definite action in the stock. Only in regard to the bonds was any announcement of importance made, and this was in regard to the payment of the January interest. In some quarters it had been feared that the money for the January payment might not be forthcoming, and apprehension in this regard led to considerable selling of the bonds. Interests connected with the New Amsterdam Gas Company have all along insisted that there was absolutely no doubt of the January coupons being promptly met, and during the past week the Directors of the company took occasion to formally announce that these coupons had already been provided for and would be paid on the day they fall due. But notwithstanding this announcement the bonds closed at the lowest and with a net loss of 1½ points. The view taken was that the money needed for the interest payment has been borrowed, and that this can hardly be considered as improving the financial condition of the company. It is to be said that the largest holders of the bonds are expressing complete confidence in them and say that there is no doubt that whatever may be the manner chosen to put an end to the local gas war the New Amsterdam Gas bonds will be amply provided for.

Announcement was made of the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on Electric Vehicle common, and this very favorably affected that stock. The last sale prior to the declaration of the quarterly dividend was made at 59, and from this figure the bid rose to 65. It closed at 63 on Saturday, while at the close of the previous week no bid at all could be had for the stock.

Among the industrial stocks that suffered considerable losses were International Pump preferred, which sold down to 61, a decline of 3 points. On Saturday this stock recovered a point of its earlier loss. Closing quotations showed a net loss of 1 point in the common stock, which sold down to 14. Havana Commercial preferred sold down to 59, but on the same day it recovered 2 points and ended the week at 61 bid, a net gain of 1 point. In the common stock prices were considerably improved, and at the close showed a net advance of 1½ points. Other important net losses for the week were 7 points in Agricultural Chemical common, 3¼ points in Distilling of America preferred, 5 points in Otis Elevator common, 8 points in Standard Oil, and 3 points in American Woolen Goods common.

Following are the latest quotations for securities not listed or inactive on the Stock Exchange. These quotations are compiled from reports made to THE NEW YORK TIMES by many of the most active and reputable commission brokers. Information is solicited from all persons interested. Address FINANCIAL EDITOR, THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Street Railways.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlantic Avenue con. m. 5s	113½	114½
Atlantic Avenue gen. m. 5s	107½	108½
Atlantic Avenue imp. 5s	99	101
Bleecker St. & F. Ferry stock	35	40
Bleecker St. & F. Fy 1st 7s	100	102
Broadway & Seventh Avenue	235	245
Broadway & Seventh Av. 1st	104	105
Broadway & Seventh Av. 2d	110	112
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	115	117
Broadway Surface 2d	104	105
Brooklyn, Bath & W. E. 5s	102	103
Brooklyn City R. R. 1st m. 5s	115½	117
Brooklyn City Railroad	237	238
Brooklyn City & New. 1st	115½	117
Brooklyn El. bonds	103	103½
B'klyn, Queens Co. & Sub. 5s	111	113
Buffalo Crosstown 5s	114	..
Central Crosstown	270	300
Central Crosstown 1st 6s	125	130
Central Park, N. & E. River	198	..
Central Park, N. & E. R. 7s	107	109
Chicago Union Traction	28	28¾
Chicago Union Traction pf	79	79½
Christopher & Tenth Street	168	175
Cleveland Electric con. 5s	106	107
Coney Island & Brook. stock	325	335
Coney Island & Brook. 1st 5s	101½	103
Consolidated Traction of N. J.	67	68
Con. Traction of N. J. 5s	112	113
Columbus Railway	22	23½
Columbus Railway pf	86	90
D. D., E. B. & B. stock	125	150
D. D., E. B. & B. 5s	117	120
D. D., E. B. & B. 5 p. c. scrip	102	104
Eighth Avenue Railroad	400	410
Eighth Avenue 6 per cent. scrip	108	..
42d St. & Grand St	390	..
42d St., Man. & St. N. Av	70	74
42d St., Man. & St. N. Av. 1st	115½	117½
42d St., Man. & St. N. Av. 2d	82	88
Kings County El. 4s, (new)	85	88
Nassau Elec. 1st 5s, (B'klyn)	110	113
Nassau Electric 4s	94	95
New Orleans Tr. com., (new)	30	..
New Orleans Tr. pf., (new)	104	..
Ninth Avenue	195	205
North Jersey Street Ry.	..	83
North Jersey Street Ry. 4s	91	92
North Shore Traction com.	15	16
North Shore Traction pf.	85	87
Orange & Passaic Val. bonds	103	104
Rochester Railway	15	17
Rochester Railway con. 5s	109	111
Second Avenue stock	206½	202
Second Avenue 1st m. 5s	107½	108½
Second Avenue consol. 5s	115½	117
Sixth Avenue stock	215	230
Southern Boulevard 5s, 1945	113	115
South Ferry 1st 5s	107	110
Steinway R. R. Co. 6 p. c. 1st	117	118
Syracuse Rapid Transit	12	18
Syracuse Rapid Transit pf	25	35
Twenty-third Street	395	410
Twenty-third Street deb. 5s	106	108
28th & 29th St. 5s, 1996	115	118
Union Railway 1st 5s	115	117
United Traction, Providence	112	113
United Trac., Prov., bonds	115	116

DIVIDENDS.

STEAM RAILROAD STOCKS.

Company and Period.	Amt.	Payable.	Books Close.	Books Open.
Atch., T. & S. F. pf. (semi-annual)	1½	Feb. 1	Jan. 10	Feb. 2
Boston & Albany (quarter)	2	Dec. 30	.....	.....
Boston & Maine common (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 1	Dec. 1	Dec. 8
Boston & Lowell	4	Jan. 1	Dec. 2	Dec. 11
Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn	1	Jan. 1	Dec. 15	Jan. 1
Chicago & Alton common	3	Dec. 27	Dec. 16	Dec. 28
Chicago & Alton pf	2½	Dec. 27	Dec. 16	Dec. 28
Chi. & E. Illinois (semi-annual)	2	Jan. 2	Dec. 14	Dec. 28
Chi. & E. Illinois pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 2	Dec. 14	Dec. 28
Chi. Gt. West. pf. A	2½	Jan. 31	.....	.....
Chi. Gt. West. deb.	2	Jan. 15	Dec. 31	.....
Chi. & N'western (semi-annual)	3	Jan. 5	Dec. 12	Dec. 18
Chi. & N'west. pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 5	Dec. 12	Dec. 18
Chi., R. I. & Pacific (quarter)	1¼	Feb. 1	Dec. 29	Jan. 8
Chi., St. P., M. & Omaha (annual)	5	Feb. 20	Jan. 31	Feb. 15
C., St. P., M. & O. pf. (semi-annual)	3½	Feb. 20	Jan. 31	Feb. 15
Den. & Rio Gr. pf. (semi-annual)	2	Jan. 15	Jan. 6	Jan. 17
Hocking Valley pf.	1½	Jan. 10	Dec. 4	Dec. 13
Manhattan (quarter)	1	Jan. 2	Dec. 15	Jan. 3
Minn. & St. Louis 2d pf.	2½	Jan. 15	Dec. 30	Jan. 16
New York & Harlem (semi-annual)	4	Jan. 2	.....	.....
N. Y. & Harlem pf. (semi-annual)	4	Jan. 2	.....	.....
N. Y., N. H. & H. (quarter)	2	Dec. 30	Dec. 16	Jan. 2
Northern Central	4	Jan. 15	.....	.....
Northern Pacific	1	Feb. 5	Jan. 11	Jan. 23
Northern Pacific (extra)	1	Feb. 5	Jan. 11	Jan. 23
Oregon R. R. & Nav. pf.	2	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 3
Pennsylvania & Northwestern	2	Jan. 10	.....	.....
Phila., Wilm. & Balt.	4	Jan. 2	.....	.....
Prov. & Worcester (quarter)	2½	Dec. 30	.....	.....
Quincy R. R. Bridge	5	Jan. 1	Dec. 21	Jan. 2
Rich., Fred. & Pot.	4	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 5
Rutland pf.	1	Jan. 1	.....	.....
St. Louis & San Fran. 1st pf.	2	Jan. 6	Dec. 22	Jan. 6
Wor., Nashua & Roch.	2	Jan. 1	Dec. 15	Jan. 1

STREET RAILWAYS.

Chicago City Ry. (quarter)	3	Dec. 30	Dec. 15	Dec. 21
Chicago Un. Trac. pf. (quarter)	1¼	Jan. 20	.....	.....
Cin. Street Ry. (quarter)	1¼	Jan. 2	Dec. 16	Dec. 22
Louisville (Ky.) Ry.	1	Jan. 1	Dec. 22	Jan. 2
Newport N. & Old Pt. Com. pf.	2½	Jan. 1	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Reading (Penn.) Traction	50c	Jan. 1	Dec. 23	Jan. 10
Ridge Avenue Pass.	$3	Jan. 2	Dec. 13	Jan. 3
South Side El., Chicago	1	Dec. 30	Dec. 19	Jan. 2
Union Passenger R. R., Philadelphia	$4.75	Jan. 2	Dec. 15	Jan. 3
United Trac. & El., Prov. (quarter)	1	Jan. 1	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Wash. W. Pow. (Spokane, Wash.)	$1	Jan. 1	Dec. 15	Jan. 2
West End St. (Boston) pf.	4	Jan. 1	Dec. 17	Jan. 2

BANK STOCKS.

Bank of New Amsterdam	5	Jan. 2	.....	.....
Fifth Avenue (quarter)	20	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Fifth Avenue (extra)	5	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Fifth Avenue (Brooklyn)	2½	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Nat. Bank North America	3	Jan. 2	Dec. 26	Jan. 3
Wallabout, Brooklyn	2½	Jan. 2	Dec. 22	Jan. 3

TRUST COMPANIES.

Colonial	5	Jan. 2	.....	.....
Franklin, Brooklyn (quarter)	2½	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 3
Fidelity Trust Co., Balt., (quarter)	3½	Jan. 2	Dec. 22	Jan. 2
Guaranty	6	Jan. 2	.....	.....
Knickerbocker	3½	Jan. 1	Dec. 21	Jan. 2
Manufacturers' (Brooklyn)	2	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
Manufacturers' (extra)	2	Jan. 2	Dec. 23	Jan. 2

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Am. Beet Sugar pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 3	.....	.....
American Express	3	Jan. 2	.....	.....
Am. Steel Casting pf.	3½	Dec. 20	Dec. 18	Dec. 21
Am. Steel & Wire pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 16	Jan. 3
American Sugar Ref. (quarter)	3	Jan. 2	Dec. 11	Jan. 3
Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 11	Jan. 3
Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (semi-annual)	3½	Jan. 2	Dec. 11	Jan. 3
American Thread pf.	2½	Jan. 2	Dec. 5	Jan. 2
American Surety Co. (quarter)	2	Dec. 30	Dec. 16	Jan. 11
Am. Zinc, Lead & Smelt (quarter)	$1	Jan. 1	.....	.....
Boston Belting Co.	$2	Jan. 1	Dec. 16	Jan. 1
Boston El. Light (quarter)	2	Jan. 15	Dec. 31	Jan. 16
Calumet & Hecla Mining	$20	Dec. 29	.....	.....
Celluloid Co. (quarter)	1¼	Dec. 30	Dec. 14	Jan. 2
Celluloid Co. (extra)	1	Dec. 30	Dec. 14	Jan. 2
Chi. Junc. Ry. & U. Stock Yards	4	Jan. 2	Dec. 14	Jan. 3
C. Junc. Ry. & U. S. Y. pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 2	Dec. 14	Jan. 3
Commercial Cable (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 21	Jan. 3
Commercial Cable (extra)	1	Jan. 2	Dec. 21	Jan. 3
Continental Tobacco pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 15	Jan. 3
Dominion Coal pf.	4	Jan. 1	Dec. 20	Jan. 1
Electric Vehicle (quarter)	2	Dec. 29	Dec. 20	Jan. 3
Empire Steel & Iron pf.	3	Jan. 2	Dec. 23	Jan. 3
Federal Steel pf.	3	Jan. 20	Dec. 20	Jan. 6
Finance Co., Penn., 1st pf. (quarter)	$1.50	Jan. 2	Dec. 16	Jan. 3
Havana Commercial pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 15	Dec. 30	Jan. 15
Homestake Mining (monthly)	25c	Dec. 26	Dec. 20	Dec. 26
Homestake Mining (extra)	25c	Dec. 26	Dec. 20	Dec. 26
International Paper pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 21	Dec. 15	Jan. 2
Knickerbocker Ice, Chic. (quarter)	1	Jan. 1	Dec. 18	Jan. 2
Knick. Ice, Chic., pf. (semi-annual)	3	Jan. 1	Dec. 18	Jan. 2
Maryland Coal pf. (semi-annual)	2	Dec. 30	Dec. 18	Jan. 2
Maryland Coal pf. (extra)	1	Dec. 30	Dec. 18	Jan. 2
Mergenthaler Linotype (quarter)	2½	Dec. 28	Dec. 16	Jan. 2
Mergenthaler Linotype (extra)	2½	Dec. 28	Dec. 16	Jan. 2
National Biscuit (quarter)	1	Jan. 15	Jan. 6	Jan. 6
National Steel pf. (quarter)	1¾	Dec. 30	Dec. 20	Dec. 31
National Tube pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 15	Jan. 3
New Eng. Cotton Yarn pf.	3½	Jan. 1	Dec. 20	Jan. 2
New Haven Iron & Steel	20c	Dec. 30	.....	.....
N. Y. & East River Ferry (quarter)	1¼	Dec. 15	Dec. 1	Dec. 16
Ontario Silver Mining	10c	Dec. 20	Dec. 11	Dec. 21
Pennsylvania Steel pf.	1¾	Jan. 15	.....	.....
P. Lorillard pf. (quarter)	2	Jan. 1	Dec. 23	Jan. 2
Pressed Steel Car pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 15	Dec. 14	Jan. 15
Republic Iron & Steel pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 1	Dec. 15	Jan. 2
Royal Baking Powder pf. (quarter)	2½	Jan. 2	Dec. 18	Jan. 3
Standard Coupler	1½	Dec. 30	Dec. 22	Jan. 2
Standard Coupler pf.	4	Dec. 30	Dec. 22	Jan. 2
Street's West Stable Car Line	$3.50	Jan. 1	Dec. 23	Dec. 31
Swift & Co. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 2	Dec. 16	Jan. 5
Tamarack Mining	$6	Dec. 28	Nov. 29	Dec. 17
Union Bag & Paper pf. (quarter)	1¾	Jan. 1	.....	.....
Union Ferry (quarter)	½	Jan. 2	Dec. 20	Jan. 3
Union Switch Signal pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 10	Dec. 31	Jan. 11
United Gas Improvement (quarter)	2	Jan. 15	.....	.....
United Shoe Machinery	2	Jan. 15	Dec. 19	Jan. 2
United Shoe Machinery pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 15	Dec. 19	Jan. 2
United States Oil (quarter)	75	Jan. 1	.....	.....
United States Oil (extra)	50	Jan. 1	.....	.....
U. S. Leather pf. (quarter)	1½	Jan. 2	Dec. 15	Jan. 3
Welsbach Light (quarter)	50c	Dec. 22	.....	.....
Western Union Telegraph (quarter)	1¼	Jan. 15	Dec. 20	Jan. 2

MEETINGS.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date.	Nature.
American Tin Plate Company	Dec. 15	Jan. 16	Jan. 16	Annual
Bank of New York, N. B. A.	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Chemical National Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Chicago & Eastern Illinois	.....	.....	Dec. 27	Special
East River National Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Hanover National Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Laclede Gas Light Co., St. Louis	.....	.....	Jan. 15	Annual
Laclede Gas Co.	Dec. 24	Jan. 24	Jan. 22	Special
Mechanics' National Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Merchants' National Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
National Bank of the Republic	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
New York National Exchange Bank	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Pressed Steel Car	Dec. 14	Jan. 15	Jan. 9	Annual
Western National	.....	.....	Jan. 9	Annual
Western New York & Penn.	Dec. 30	Jan. 9	Jan. 8	Annual

Street Railways—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
Westchester Electric 5s, 1943	110½	112½
Worcester Traction common	30	32
Worcester Traction pf.	104	107

Ferry Companies.

	Bid.	Asked.
Hoboken Ferry, (new)	65	68
Hoboken Ferry con. 5s	93	94
Metropolitan Ferry 5s	108	110
N. Y. & Brooklyn Ferry	..	32
N. Y. & Brooklyn Ferry 5s	93½	94½
Union Ferry	41	43
Union Ferry bonds	100½	102½

Trust Companies, &c.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Surety	210	220
Atlantic	190	..
Bankers'	200	210
Bond & Mort. Guar. Co.	330	325
Brooklyn	400	..
Central	2100	..
Central Realty Bond & Trust	300	..
City	390	..
Colonial	..	405
Continental	360	..
Farmers' Loan & Trust	1400	..

Trust Companies, &c.—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
Fifth Avenue	400	..
Flatbush	160	..
Franklin	300	325
German-American	30	40
Guaranty	..	675
Hamilton	270	..
International Banking & Trust	155	165
Kings County	350	..
Knickerbocker	375	..
Lawyers' Surety	..	110
Lawyers' Title Insurance	150	..
Long Island Loan & Trust	250	260
Manhattan	350	425
Manufacturers', Brooklyn	325	..
Mercantile	800	..
Metropolitan	425	450
Morton Trust	400	425
Nassau	180	195
N. Y. Security & Trust	600	..
N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust	1400	..
North American	..	155
People's	300	..
Produce Exchange	..	185
Real Estate Trust Co.	300	..
Standard	210	..
State	400	..

Trust Companies, &c.—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
Title Guarantee & Trust	335	..
Trust Company of America	118	120
Union		
U. S. Mortgage & Trust	1400	1440
United States	535	555
Washington	1600	..
Williamsburg	315	..
	200	210

Insurance Companies.

	Bid.	Asked.
Citizens'		
Commonwealth	115	120
Continental	100	108
Eagle	520	..
Empire City	230	240
Farragut	90	95
German-American	80	..
Germania	500	520
Greenwich	270	300
Hamilton	170	180
Hanover	105	110
Home	165	175
Kings County	225	230
Nassau, Brooklyn	190	..
New York	160	..
Niagara	95	100
North River	170	180
Pacific	145	150
Peter Cooper	145	150
Phenix, Brooklyn	110	120
Rutgers	..	195
Stuyvesant	..	100
United States	80	..
Westchester	120	125
Williamsburg City	320	..
	430	..

Banks.

	Bid.	Asked.
America	430	..
American Exchange	180	..
Astor National	490	..
Bowery	290	300
Broadway	245	..
Butchers & Drovers'	90	..
Central	180	190
Chase	425	..
Chatham		310
Chemical	3900	..
Citizens'	150	..
City	2000	..
Colonial	240	..
Columbia	190	..
Commerce	250	260
Continental	128	..
Corn Exchange	365	390
East River	130	..
Eleventh Ward	150	..
Fifth Avenue	2800	..
Fifth National	225	..
First National	3250	..
Fourth National	175	185
Fourteenth Street	145	165
Gallatin	375	..
Gansevoort		80
Garfield	1500	..
German-American	115	..
Germania	325	..
German Exchange	235	260
Greenwich	165	..
Hamilton	125	..
Hanover	735	..
Hide & Leather	120	..
Home	120	140
Importers & Traders'	525	550
Irving	170	..
Leather Manufacturers'	210	..
Liberty	310	..
Lincoln	775	..
Manhattan	255	275
Market & Fulton	215	240
Mechanics'	205	210
Mercantile	192	..
Merchants'	170	180
Merchants' Exchange	116	..
Metropolis	425	450
Mount Morris	200	..
Mutual	140	..
Nassau	155	..
National Union	350	..
New Amsterdam	575	..
New York	250	270
New York County	1500	..
New York National Exchange	116	..
Nineteenth Ward	100	..
Ninth National	90	95
North America	200	..
Oriental	190	200
Pacific	170	..
Park	490	505
People's	225	..
Phenix	100	..
Plaza	500	..
Produce Exchange	120	130
Republic	200	215
Riverside	210	..
Seaboard	275	..
Second National	550	..
Seventh National	160	..
Shoe & Leather	100	106
State of New York	120	130
Twelfth Ward	120	135
Union Square	210	..
Western	325	..
West Side	375	..
Yorkville	210	..

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	Bid.	Asked.
Acker, Merrall & Condit	100	102
Amalgamated Copper	79⅝	79⅝
Am. Agricultural Chemical	28	31
Am. Agricultural Chemical pf.	77	78
American Air Power	35	45
American Bank Note Co.	47	50
American Bicycle	18¼	20
American Bicycle pf.	52	60
American Bicycle bonds	89	91
American Ginning	20	22
American Graphophone		137½
American Graphophone pf.	130	140
American Grocery 1st pf.		10
American Press Association	75	85
American Typefounders'	53	55
American Wool Goods	20	21
American Wool Goods pf.	77	79
Anderson Tobacco	10	12
Arizona Lead	9⅝	10¼
Asphalt Company of America	12	13
Barney & Smith Car	22	25
Barney & Smith Car pf.	95	..
Barney & Smith Car 6s	105	107
Beet Sugar	24	26
Beet Sugar pf.	77	80
Bliss, E. W.	138	145
Bliss, E. W., pf.	125	135
British Columbia Copper	9¾	10⅛
Celluloid Company	90	92
Central & South American Tel.	110	112
Central Fireworks	12	14
Central Fireworks pf.	52	55
Ches. & Potomac Tel. stock	340	350
Chicago & Alton sub.	75	80
Chicago & Alton 3s, (new,)	105	107
Consolidated Car Heating	93	96
Consolidated Fireworks com.	48	52¼
Consolidated Fireworks pf.	10	..
Consolidated Rubber Tire	70	..
Consolidated Rubber Tire pf.	7	..
Cramps' Ship and Eng. Bldg.	30	35
Distilling Co. of America	80	81
Distilling Co. of America pf.	7¼	7⅝
Electric Axle Light & Power	25	26½
Electric Boat	6¼	6½
Electric Boat pf.	23	..
Electric Vehicle	35	45
Electric Vehicle pf.	63	69
*Electro-Pneumatic, ass't paid		100
Empire & Bay State Tel.	1⅛	1⅜
Erie & Western Trans.	80	..
Flemington Coal & Coke	24	..
General Chemical	57½	..
General Chemical pf.	97	100
General Electric Automobile	5	10
Gorham Mfg. Co. pf.	118	125
Havana Commercial	17	18½

INACTIVE STOCKS—LAST TRANSACTIONS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

The following table gives the range of prices in 1899 for stocks in which there have been no dealings during the past week. Where no sale has occurred this year the last recorded transaction is given:

Closing Dec. 16. Bid.	Asked	STOCKS.	Amount Outstanding.	Last Dividend.	Range in 1899. Highest.		Lowest.		Last Sale
190	..	**Albany & Sus.**	3,500,000	July, 1899 3½	*210	Oct. 13	*206½	May 11	*210 Oct. 13, 1899
..	..	American Bank Note	..	Sept. 29, 1899 $1	..	..	..	..	*43 Mar. 5, 1898
140	..	American Coal	1,500,000	Sept. 1, 1899 4	150	July 27	*130	Feb. 3	144 Aug. 10, 1899
25	34	Am. District Telegraph	3,845,000	Nov. 15, 1899 1¼	52½	Mar. 3	30	Oct. 18	32 Dec. 2, 1899
4	4¼	American Spirits Mfg.	27,839,700	.. ..	15½	Mar. 13	4	Oct. 14	4 Dec. 8, 1899
..	..	Am. Spirits Mfg. pf.	3,984,900	.. ..	41½	Mar. 13	29	June 1	*24 Oct. 10, 1899
..	..	At. & Charlotte Air Line	1,700,000	Sept. 6, 1899 3	..	..	..	..	*121 Nov. 28, 1899
..	..	**Beech Creek**	5,665,000	Oct., 1899 1	..	..	..	..	
106	..	Boston & N. Y. Air Line pf.	1,426,000	July, 1899 2	106½	Nov. 14	106½	Nov. 14	100 Oct. 31, 1898
..	..	B'lyn Wharf & W. pf., Series B.	5,000,000	.. ..	21	Feb. 15	21	Feb. 15	106½ Nov. 14, 1899
117	..	Bur., Cedar Rap. & Northern	5,500,000	Aug. 1, 1899 4	110	Jan. 31	100	Jan. 17	21 Feb. 15, 1899
..	..	**Capital Traction**	12,000,000	Oct. 1, 1899 ¾	..	..	..	..	*110 May 22, 1899
..	..	Central Coal & Coke	1,500,000	.. ..	94	Nov. 29	85	Feb. 20	
..	..	Chicago & Alton	18,764,000	Oct. 2, 1899 $2.25	..	..	..	..	93 Dec. 8, 1899
175	180	Chicago & Alton pf.	3,479,500	Sept. 1, 1899 3	175½	Mar. 25	168	Jan. 11	20¾ Oct. 13, 1898
..	..	Chi., St. P., Minn. & O. pf.	12,646,800	Aug. 27, 1899 3½	*199	Feb. 10	*192	Jan. 30	171 April 5, 1899
185	..	Chicago Stock Yards	6,500,000	Oct. 2, 1899 1½	185	Sept. 1	170	Jan. 16	*198½ Feb. 15, 1899
..	..	Chicago Stock Yards pf.	11,243,700	Dec. 1, 1899 1¾	..	..	..	..	175 Dec. 8, 1899
..	..	Cleveland & Pittsburg	500,000	.. ..	189¾	Oct. 30	184⅜	Mar. 6	102½ May 22, 1897
..	..	Col. Coal & I. Dev. pf.	336,700	.. ..	8½	Apr. 21	2	Apr. 14	120 June 4, 1898
180	195	Col. & Hock. Coal & Iron pf.	10,000,000	Oct. 2, 1899 1¾	30	June 9	10	Feb. 25	*188¾ Oct. 25, 1899
..	..	Commercial Cable	763,000	Aug. 1, 1899 7	194½	Nov. 18	189	Jan. 26	2½ Dec. 2, 1899
95	..	**Des Moines & Ft. D. pf.**	1,000,000	Oct., 1899 3¾	110	June 13	80	Jan. 3	30 June 9, 1899
400	..	**Eighth Avenue**	1,284,000	Oct. 16, 1899 2½	..	..	..	..	193 Nov. 21, 1899
87	91	Evans. & Terre Haute pf.	2,555,000	Mar. 15, 1898 2	98½	Sept. 9	70	Jan. 7	410 June 20, 1899
..	..	**Ft. W. & Denver City**	3,108,100	.. ..	25	Jan. 5	14	Aug. 9	*362½ Oct. 3, 1898
18½	20	Fort Worth & Rio Grande	5,000,000	Oct., 1899 1½	30	Mar. 28	14	Feb. 4	90 Dec. 6, 1899
..	..	**Gold & Stock Tel.**	2,500,000	Feb. 15, 1899 1½	..	..	..	..	*16 Nov. 16, 1899
..	..	Green Bay & Western	2,600,300	Nov. 1, 1899 1¼	*45	Nov. 3	*30	Mar. 23	21½ Oct. 21, 1899
..	..	**H. B. Claflin 1st pf.**	2,570,000	Nov. 1, 1899 1½	*101	June 6	*99½	Jan. 31	*108½ Dec. 14, 1897
..	..	H. B. Claflin 2d pf.	8,638,650	Oct. 2, 1899 2	*100	Feb. 28	*100	Feb. 28	*45 Nov. 3, 1899
..	..	Harlem	10,000,000	.. ..	*390	Mar. 14	*360	Jan. 25	*101 June 6, 1899
..	..	Hawaiian Sugar	10,000,000	July, 1899 2	120½	May 2	57½	Jan. 3	*100 Feb. 28, 1899
100	..	**Illinois Central** leased line	2,600,000	.. ..	*104	Nov. 8	*99¾	June 12	*390 Apr. 12, 1899
..	3¾	**Keokuk & Des Moines**	1,524,600	Apr. 15, 1899 ½	5½	Feb. 1	3	May 9	*105 May 20, 1899
16	20	Keokuk & Des Moines pf.	4,000,000	Oct. 1, 1899 1	22½	Aug. 26	16	May 2	*103½ Dec. 4, 1899
..	..	Keokuk & Western	2,500,000	.. ..	*32	Jan. 25	*30½	Jan. 16	3⅞ Dec. 7, 1899
..	..	Kingston & Pembroke	5,000,000	.. ..	9	Aug. 17	7½	Nov. 9	17½ Dec. 8, 1899
8	15	**Manhattan Beach**	1,876,000	July 1, 1899 2	39	Apr. 25	5	Jan. 25	*32 Jan. 25, 1899
65	75	Maryland Coal pf.	10,000,000	Sept. 30, 1899 5	70	Sept. 28	58	Apr. 24	7½ Nov. 9, 1899
..	..	Mergenthaler Linotype	7,500,000	.. ..	29½	Nov. 23	14	Apr. 25	10 Dec. 1, 1899
26½	28	Met. West Side Electric	15,000,000	July, '99 3½ S. A.	185¼	Nov. 13	176	Jan. 3	70 Sept. 28, 1899
184	186	Morris & Essex	1,000,000	.. ..	9⅛	Jan. 14	3½	June 9	*152 May 31, 1899
..	..	**National Linseed Oil**	5,000,000	.. ..	9	Nov. 2	4½	Mar. 17	20 Dec. 8, 1899
5	..	National Starch Mfg.	3,000,000	May 1, 1898 2	70	Oct. 27	43	Apr. 20	*184 Dec. 8, 1899
60	..	Nat. Starch Mfg. 1st pf.	2,500,000	Oct., 1898 6	25	Oct. 16	13	Mar. 17	3½ June 9, 1899
15	..	National Starch 2d pf.	1,000,000	Oct. 2, 1899 2	42	Jan. 25	36	Oct. 27	8⅛ Nov. 15, 1899
35	40	New Central Coal	3,500,000	Oct. 10, 1899 3	222	Apr. 20	199	Jan. 19	65 Nov. 9, 1899
..	..	New York Mutual Gas	52,308,600	Sep. 30, 1899 2	85	Oct. 24	65	Mar. 7	25 Nov. 15, 1899
208	214	N. Y., N. H. & H.	5,000,000	Mar., 1898 2	133	June 7	120½	Jan. 27	36 Oct. 27, 1899
77	..	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis 1st pf.	10,000,000	Oct., 1899 1½	..	..	..	..	*359 Nov. 16, 1897
132½	134	N. Y., Lack. & West	5,000,000	Oct. 14, 1899 1½	88⅞	Nov. 6	70	May 15	213 Dec. 8, 1899
..	..	New Jersey & New York Tel.	2,000,000	Oct. 10, 1899 1	..	..	..	..	80½ Dec. 9, 1899
..	..	Norfolk & Southern	621,900	.. ..	*7	Aug. 18	*5	May 26	132½ Dec. 8, 1899
..	..	**Omaha & St. Louis**	15,000,000	Dec. 31, 1897 75c	10¼	Apr. 27	6	Mar. 23	*124 Jan. 28, 1897
8	9	Ontario Mining	19,029,200	July 2, 1898 1	52	Jan. 23	33	June 2	88¾ Nov. 14, 1899
..	..	Oregon R. R. & Navigation	11,000,000	July 11, 1899 2	77¾	Sept. 22	68¾	June 16	*7 Nov. 6, 1899
82	88	Oregon R. R. & Navigation pf.	1,515,500	Nov. 1, 1899 1¼	90	Feb. 20	84½	Apr. 18	8⅞ Dec. 7, 1899
..	..	**Pacific Coast** 1st pf.	7,000,000	Jan. 3, 1896 2	..	..	..	..	*45 Nov. 13, 1899
390	..	Panama	5,000,000	Dec. 1, 1899 1¾	*110	June 26	*110	June 28	75½ Oct. 7, 1899
..	..	Park Steel Co. pf.	5,000,000	Nov. 1, 1899 4	*375	June 17	*362	Feb. 16	84½ Dec. 9, 1899
..	..	Pennsylvania Coal	7,500,000	Sept. 1, 1899 2½	102	Mar. 3	85	July 24	*95 Sept. 22, 1897
..	..	Philadelphia Company	2,000,000	Oct. 2, 1899 2	121	Jan. 16	*117	May 24	*110 June 26, 1899
..	..	P. Lorillard pf.	4,000,000	July, 1899 3	*137	Mar. 3	*137	May 16	*375 June 17, 1899
..	..	Pitts., McKeesport & Yough.	4,291,300	May 15, 1899 ½	14	Apr. 13	8	June 7	85 Aug. 7, 1899
9½	10	**Quicksilver pf.**	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '99 1¼ Q.	130½	Jan. 26	120¾	Mar. 1	*117 May 16, 1899
131	..	**Rome, W. & Ogdens**	2,060,000	July 1, 1899 3½	65	Apr. 28	59	Sept. 21	*137 Mar. 3, 1899
59	59½	**Silver Bullion certs.**	5,000,000	June 3, 1899 1	*200	Mar. 2	*200	Mar. 2	9½ Dec. 4, 1899
200	..	Sixth Avenue	3,721,100	June 30, 1899 3	..	..	..	..	*134 Dec. 5, 1899
..	..	Standard Gas	559,525	July, 1899 2½	..	..	..	..	60¾ Nov. 10, 1899
..	..	Standard Gas pf.	2,649,400	.. ..	..	..	..	..	*200 Mar. 10, 1899
..	..	Southern & Atlantic Tel.	1,824,500	Jan. 16, 1899 4	..	..	..	..	*147 Jan. 22, 1898
..	..	**Texas Central.**	6,500,000	Nov. 15, 1893 1	..	..	..	..	*144½ Jan. 24, 1898
20	25	Texas Central pf.	3,705,000	July 25, 1896 1¼	..	..	..	..	100 Feb. 17, 1898
40	50	Tol. & Ohio Central	5,805,000	.. ..	25	Jan. 25	10	July 13, 1897
..	..	Tol. & Ohio Central pf.	3,000,000	Oct. 1, 1899 1½	45	Dec. 2	20	Jan. 21	*40½ Feb. 5, 1897
..	..	Tol., St. L. & Kansas City pf.	21,240,400	Oct. 10, 1899 2½	5	Nov. 14	35	Jan. 25	24 Nov. 29, 1899
..	..	**Union Ferry**	3,000,000	.. ..	..	..	5	Nov. 14	45 Dec. 2, 1899
..	..	United N. J. R. R. & Canal	5,000,000	.. ..	..	..	..	..	5 Nov. 14, 1899
13	20	U. S. Flour Milling	2,223,000	Sept. 1, 1899 3½	58¼	Sept. 15	12	Mar. 6	64 July 13, 1897
..	35	U. S. Flour Milling pf.	1,800,000	July, 1899 3½	78½	Sept. 15	12	Dec. 5	*215½ Mar. 15, 1897
..	..	Utica & Black River	13,600,000	Nov. 23, 1897 2	..	..	..	..	*12 Nov. 21, 1899
..	..	**Warren Railroad**	13,189,000	Nov. 15, 1899 1½	..	..	..	..	15 Dec. 8, 1899
..	..	Western Union Beef	8,813,096	.. ..	120	Aug. 8	..	..	165 Oct. 20, 1897
..	..	West Chicago Street	4,000,000	July 20, 1899 3	..	..	..	..	*174 Nov. 11, 1898
..	..	Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg.			98¼	Jan. 24	120	Aug. 8	8 Apr. 18, 1898
..	..	Western Gas			..	..	..	..	120 Aug. 8, 1899
							93½	Mar. 6	*68 Sept. 23, 1898
									*98 Mar. 15, 1899

*Sales of less than 100 shares. †And $12.50 extra. All stocks in this table par $100 except Beech Creek, Cleveland and Pittsburg, Evansville and Terre Haute preferred, Harlem, Morris & Essex, Pittsburg, McKeesport & Youghiogheny, Pennsylvania Coal, Warren Railroad, Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, Philadelphia Company, and Kingston & Pembroke, the par of each of which is $50. New Central Coal is $20 par, American Coal $25 par, and Southern & Atlantic Telegraph $25 par.

Industrial and Miscellaneous—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
Havana Commercial pf.	61	62½
Hecker-Jones-Jewell M. bonds.	75	85
Hoboken Land & Imp.	100	..
Hoboken Land & Imp. 5s	105	..
Hudson River Telephone	116	118
Illinois Transportation	2½	2¾
International Pump	14	15
International Pump pf., ex div.	62	63
Iron Steamboat	3	5
Iron Steamboat bonds	50	60
J. B. Stetson com.	100	..
J. B. Stetson pf.	120	..
Journeay & Burnham com.	5	..
Journeay & Burnham pf.	15	..
Lanston Monotype	87	89
Lorillard pf.	..	115
Madison Square Garden stock	..	5
Madison Square Garden 2d 6s	30	..
Markeen Copper	6½	7¾
Mergenthaler Linotype	205	210
Mexican 5s	..	98½
National Gramophone	67	..
National Salt	43	45
National Salt pf.	77	79
National Tube	44	45
National Tube pf., ex div.	93	95
National Wall Paper deb. stock.	70	80
New England Transportation	6	6½
N. Y. Biscuit bonds, 6s	111	114
New York Gas & Electric 4s	90	90½
New York Gas & Electric 5s	102¾	103¼
New York Transportation	11	12
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone	190	200
Nicaragua Construction, new	..	6
Old Dominion Steamship	98	102
Otis Elevator	20	23
Otis Elevator pf.	88	90
Penn. Salt Mfg.	114	..
Phil. & Wil. Steamboat	132	140
Pittsburg Coal subs.	100	102
Pittsburg, Bessemer & L. E.	20½	21⅛
Procter & Gamble	375	390
Procter & Gamble pf.	190	200
Royal Baking Powder	94	95
Rubber Goods	27½	29
Rubber Goods pf.	79	81
Safety Car Heating & Light	148	152
St. Louis subs	..	127
St. Louis com., when issued	26	31
St. Louis pf., when issued	..	93
St. Louis 4s, when issued	..	94¾
Simmons Hardware com.	180	190
Simmons Hardware pf.	140	145
Singer Mfg. Co.	525	600
Sloss-Sheffield	30	32
Sloss-Sheffield pf.	69	71
Standard Coupler	39	41
Standard Oil of New Jersey	458	460
Storage Power	11½	12

Industrial and Miscellaneous—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
Susquehanna Coal 6s	115	..
Swift & Co.	102½	103
Swift & Co. 1st 6s	108½	110
Tennessee Copper	10⅜	12
Texas & Pacific Coal	69	..
Texas & Pacific Coal 1st	106½	..
Trenton Potteries common	6	10
Trenton Potteries pf.	48	55
Trow Directory	50	60
Union Steel & Chain	15	..
Union Steel & Chain pf.	22	..
Union Typewriter common	25	65
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	113	27
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	119	115
United Shoe Machinery com.	29	122
United Shoe Machinery pf.	22	31
United States Glass	28½	23
United States Glass pf.	95	29
U. S. Pneumatic Horse Collar	¼	105
Virginia Coal, Iron & Coke	..	½
Westinghouse Air Brake	436	29
Worthington Pump pf.	107	440
*Selling dollars per share. Par value $10.		109

Gas Companies.

	Bid.	Asked.
Bay State	1⅝	1½
Buffalo (N. Y.) 1st, with int.	74	76
Buffalo (N. Y.) stock	7	9
Central Union Gas bonds	103½	106
Consolidated Gas of Newark	56	..
Con. Gas of Newark bonds	105	106
Consol. Gas of N. J.	21⅜	23½
Consolidated Gas (N. J.) bonds	87½	89⅓
Consumers' Gas (Jersey City)	104	..
Con. Gas (Jersey City) bonds	105	106½
Denver Gas	43½	44½
Denver Gas bonds	83	85
Essex & Hudson Gas	42	45
Fort Wayne (Ind.) stock	41	43
Fort Wayne (Ind.) 1st 6s	60	64
Grand Rapids stock	107	..
Grand Rapids bonds	104	105
Ind. Nat. & Ill.	42	47
Ind. Nat. & Ill. 1st 6s	64	67
Indianapolis stock	102	108
Indianapolis 1st 6s	103	105
Lafayette (Ind.) stock	42	47
Lafayette 1st 6s	64	67
Logansport & Wab. Val. stock	42	48
Logansport & Wab. Val. 1st 6s	64	67
Madison (Wis.) Gas	81	83
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s	107	111
Mutual of New York	300	..
New Amsterdam	21	22
New Amsterdam pf.	44	46
New Amsterdam 1st 5s	91⅛	92½

Gas Companies—Continued.

	Bid.	Asked.
New England Gas & Coke	20	22
New England Gas & C. bonds	74	76
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st	110	113
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. con.	109	112
N. Y. Suburban Gas Co. bonds	102½	103¼
N. Hudson L., H. & P. Co.	55	59
N. Hudson L., H. & P. Co. bds.	107	109
Ohio & Indiana stock	41	43
Ohio & Indiana bonds	61	65
St. Joseph (Mo.)	40	46
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	96	98
St. Paul Gas stock	57	59
St. Paul Gas bonds	88	90
Standard Gas, New York	100	105
Standard Gas, New York, pf.	120	..
Syracuse Gas stock	116	118
Syracuse Gas 5s	16	18
Western Gas Co., Milwaukee	85	90
West. Gas Co. bonds, Milw'kee	105	106
Williamsburg 1st 6s	106	106¼
	101	103

Guaranteed Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta & Charlotte	125	130
Bald Eagle Valley	200	..
Boston & Providence	302	..
Cayuga & Susquehanna	200	..
Columbus & Xenia	212	..
Delaware & Bound Brook	190	..
Detroit, Hillsdale & S. W.	102	..
Erie & Pittsburg	155	165
Fort Wayne & Jackson pf.	140	150
Gold & Stock Tel. Co.	120	..
Grand River Valley	125	135
Inter-Ocean Tel. Co.	120	..
Kansas City, St. L. & C. pf.	150	..
Kal., Allegan. & G. Rapids	145	..
Louisiana & Mo. R. pf.	180	..
Naugatuck	252	265
New York & Harlem	400	..
N. Y., Lackawanna & Western	133	135
Northwest Tel. Co.	115	..
Norwich & Worcester pf.	208	..
Old Colony	205	..
Oswego & Syracuse	210	..
Pacific & Atlantic Tel.	70	..
Peoria & Bureau Valley	182	..
Pitts., McK. & Yough.	140	..
Providence & Worcester	277	..
Rome & Clinton	125	..
Troy & Greenbush	140	..
Utica & Black River	180	..
Utica, Chen. & Sus. Valley	145	155
United N. J. R. R. & C. Co.	274	276
Valley of New York	130	135

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THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS.

On the Stock Exchange for the week ended Saturday, Dec. 16, total transactions included 4,992,653 shares of stock, $10,970,000 bonds, including $178,800 Government and $25,500 State bonds.

In detail, the week's dealings, compared with those of the corresponding week last year, show:

STOCKS.

	Dec. 16,'98.	Dec. 17,'99.	Decrease.
R. R. & M.....	4,332,360	4,992,653	*660,293
Banks	10	.....	10
Mining	3,500	.....	3,500

*Increase.

BONDS.

	Dec. 16,'98.	Dec. 17,'99.	Decrease.
R. R. & M.....	$38,748,080	$10,970,300	$27,777,480
State	379,000	25,500	353,500
Government	412,330	178,800	233,530

FOREIGN TRADE FIGURES.

Following are the returns of foreign commerce at the Port of New York for the week ended Friday last, as compared with the corresponding week last year. In the case of the exports of general merchandise the returns are for the week ended Tuesday:

Imports of Dry Goods and General Merchandise.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$10,373,093
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	10,443,794
From Jan. 1, 1899	494,529,880
From Jan. 1, 1898	410,897,029

Exports of General Merchandise.

Week ended Dec. 12, 1899	$10,559,112
Week ended Dec. 13, 1898	9,025,816
From Jan. 1, 1899	338,502,794
From Jan. 1, 1898	455,305,647

Imports of Gold.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$46,992
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	1,300,245
From Jan. 1, 1899	14,084,991
From Jan. 1, 1898	98,846,930

Exports of Gold.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$1,714,000
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	170,430
From Jan. 1, 1899	27,833,455
From Jan. 1, 1898	10,449,599

Net Imports of Gold.

Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	$1,129,815
From Jan. 1, 1898	88,397,331

Net Exports of Gold.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$1,667,008
From Jan. 1, 1899	13,748,464

Imports of Silver.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$162,358
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	4,767
From Jan. 1, 1899	3,899,231
From Jan. 1, 1898	2,666,111

Exports of Silver.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$730,605
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	1,056,630
From Jan. 1, 1899	44,373,889
From Jan. 1, 1898	46,066,847

Net Exports of Silver.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$568,247
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	1,051,833
From Jan. 1, 1899	40,474,658
From Jan. 1, 1898	43,400,736

Total Imports of Specie.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$209,350
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	1,305,012
From Jan. 1, 1899	17,983,222
From Jan. 1, 1898	101,513,041

Total Exports of Specie.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$2,444,605
Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	1,227,630
From Jan. 1, 1899	72,207,344
From Jan. 1, 1898	56,516,446

Total Net Exports of Specie.

Week ended Dec. 15, 1899	$2,235,255
From Jan. 1, 1899	54,224,122

Total Net Imports of Specie.

Week ended Dec. 16, 1898	$77,982
From Jan. 1, 1898	44,996,595

BANK STATEMENT.

The weekly statement of the New York City Associated Banks, issued Saturday, showed an increase in the reserve of $1,166,300. The banks now hold a surplus of $7,025,825 above the legal requirements. The changes in the averages show a decrease in the loans of $5,054,400, a decrease in specie of $2,738,500, an increase in legal tenders of $1,768,500, a decrease in deposits of $4,545,200, a decrease in circulation of $346,000.

The following is a comparison of the averages of the New York banks for the last two weeks and the corresponding date last year:

	Dec. 16,'99.	Dec. 9, '99.	Dec. 17,'98.
Loans	$676,409,900	$681,464,300	$708,555,800
Specie	141,230,600	143,969,100	164,325,100
Legal tenders.	50,680,300	48,911,800	54,376,300
Net deposits..	739,540,300	744,085,500	806,912,100
Circulation ..	16,065,300	16,411,300	16,341,700

The following shows the amount of reserve held above the legal requirements:

	Dec. 16,'99.	Dec. 9, '99.	Dec. 17,'98.
Specie	$141,230,600	$143,969,100	$164,325,100
Legal tenders.	50,680,300	48,911,800	54,376,300
Total re've.	$191,910,900	$192,880,900	$218,701,400
Reserve req'd against dep.	184,885,075	86,021,375	201,728,025
Surplus of reserve above legal req'rements	$7,025,825	$6,859,525	$16,973,375

The following table shows the amount of surplus reserve held by the New York Clearing House banks at the end of each week in the present year and the corresponding week in 1898 and 1897:

	1899.	1898.	1897.
Jan. 7	$23,530,375	$22,264,575	$43,991,450
Jan. 14	28,263,075	25,968,775	52,172,525
Jan. 21	34,693,675	31,375,200	57,067,800
Jan. 28	39,232,025	35,600,450	59,108,250
Feb. 4	37,452 675	34,781,625	54,540,050
Feb. 11	35,511,825	32,437,050	51,638,225
Feb. 18	34,373,825	2,,688,450	55,965,950
Feb. 25	30,334,900	22,950,320	57,020,975
March 4	24,578,125	20,823,500	55,556,925
March 11	23,203,000	22,724,425	52,883,350
March 18	19,671,175	28,060,100	48,108,975
March 25	18,557,425	33,851,475	48,895,750
April 1	15,494,850	35,720,800	47,666,575
April 8	15,018,825	35,720,800	47,666,575
April 15	10,471,525	37,346,075	46,960,900
April 22	24,175,900	43,525,100	49,277,000
April 29	25,524,675	44,504,675	48,917,625
May 6	19,351,950	43,916,475	44,095,975
May 13	27,137,625	46,097,205	44,490,500
May 20	34,631,525	50,715,250	45,908,950
May 27	43,933,725	53,704,600	46,616,100
June 3	42,710,600	52,249,700	45,320,825
June 10	39,323,100	53,841,100	47,601,475
June 17	30,003,200	59,272,800	48,390,950
June 24	25,697,800	62,206,250	49,239,150
July 1	14,274,550	62,013,550	41,384,875
July 8	5,662,475	53,345,300	41,361,375
July 15	10,608,750	49,305,825	40,636,900
July 22	12,055,600	43,012,000	47,361,575
July 29	10,811,125	41,904,475	45,720,150
August 5	8,110,600	39,893,000	41,002,125
August 12	14,395,375	33,111,850	38,882,725
August 19	15,082,350	28,839,250	39,753,450
August 26	12,378,525	21,343,300	39,517,700
Sept. 2	9,191,250	14,991,050	34,114,150
Sept. 9	2,458,925	7,076,775	26,668,825
Sept. 16	275,450	4,240,400	19,895,175
Sept. 23	2,963,700	8,252,875	15,997,500
Sept. 28	1,724,450	15,327,150	15,530,400
Oct. 7	643,200	18,743,600	13,453,500
Oct. 14	1,177,350	19,661,550	14,614,500
Oct. 21	1,441,075	23,412,325	22,904,700
Oct. 28	3,038,525	26,091,550	21,271,800
Nov. 4	*338,350	19,023,050	21,181,225
Nov. 11	*2,788,950	15,011,800	21,765,150
Nov. 18	*312,025	16,667,375	23,408,250
Nov. 25	6,652,200	18,857,575	22,560,425
Dec. 2	8,536,700	17,097,950	22,122,950
Dec. 9	6,859,525	16,743,300	18,887,425
Dec. 16	7,025,825	16,973,375	15,726,050

*Deficit.

The following shows the surplus reserve at this time for a series of years:

1899	$7,025,825	1894	$33,315,825
1898	16,973,375	1893	76,108,825
1897	15,726,050	1892	5,445,225
1896	33,271,475	1891	19,161,500
1895	17,088,800	1890	4,498,900

Hurlbutt, Hatch & Co.,

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38 Broad St, New York.
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LISTS ON APPLICATION.

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31 Nassau St., (Bank of Commerce Bldg.,) N. Y.

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Members of New York Stock Exchange.
BRANCH OFFICE: 67 STATE ST., ALBANY

The Corn Exchange Bank,

William and Beaver Sts., New York.
WILLIAM A. NASH, President.

Capital and Surplus . .	$3,000,000.00
Deposits	20,000,000.00

BRANCHES:

Broadway Branch,	Astor Place Bank,
Broadway & Spring St.	Astor Place.
Hudson River Bank,	Queens County Bank,
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FOURTH STREET NATIONAL BANK
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Capital . . $1,500,000
Surplus . . 1,500,000
Deposits . 28,000,000

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ESTABLISHED 1867.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

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NO. 120 BROADWAY.
Capital and Surplus, $6,000,000
Interest allowed upon Deposits.

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CAPITAL.....$1,000,000
(Entirely invested in City of New York Bonds.)
SURPLUS.....$1,000,000
Allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Subject to check, payable at sight or through the New York Clearing-house and on Certificates of Deposit.
Acts as Fiscal and Transfer Agent; Registrar of Stocks and Bonds; Trustee for Corporation Mortgages; Guardian; Executor; Administrator; Trustee; Committee; Receiver; Assignee, etc.
Loans Money on Bonds and Mortgage.
TRAVELLERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT.
Transacts a General Banking Business

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GEORGE R. SHELDON, 2d Vice-Pres't.
ARTHUR TERRY, Secretary.
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George R. Sheldon	Bernard M. Shanley,
Ed. N. Gibbs,	Frank R. Lawrence,
Edwin Warfield,	James D. Layng,
Edward Eyre,	Hosmer B. Parsons,

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THE STATE TRUST CO.,

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Capital and Surplus, $1,800,000
WALTER S. JOHNSTON, President.
WILLIAM A. NASH, HENRY H. COOK, } Vice Presidents.
H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary and Treasurer.
H. B. BERRY, Trust Officer.

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20 Broad Street, New York.
Investment Securities.

George Barclay Moffat. Alexander M. White, jr.
Moffat & White,
BANKERS,
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange,
NO. 1 NASSAU STREET.